

Statistical First Release



Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count: July 2019

10 October 2019 SFR 95/2019

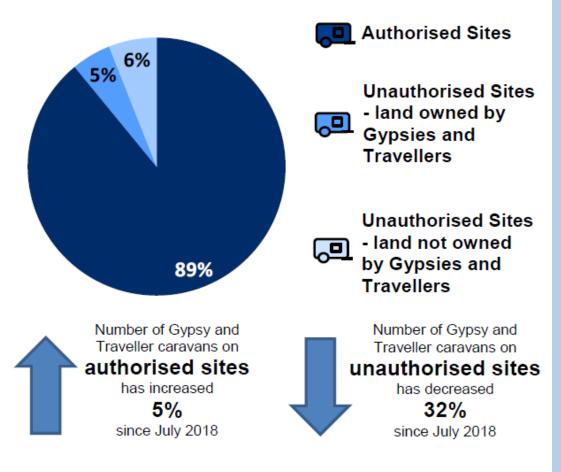
Key Points

On the 18th July 2019 there were 1,051 Gypsy and Traveller caravans and 127 sites reported in Wales.

Between the July 2018 and July 2019 counts, the total number of Gypsy and Traveller caravans has decreased by 1 per cent (13 caravans) and the total number of sites (both authorised and unauthorised) has decreased by 2 per cent (3 sites).

Of the total number of caravans, 89 per cent (936 caravans) were on authorised sites. Of these, 635 (68 per cent) were on Local Authority sites and 301 (32 per cent) were on private sites.

Gypsy and Traveller Caravans by Type of Site, July 2019



About this release

This release presents
the number of Gypsy
and Traveller caravans
on authorised and
unauthorised sites in
Wales, and the status of
pitches on Local
Authority sites.

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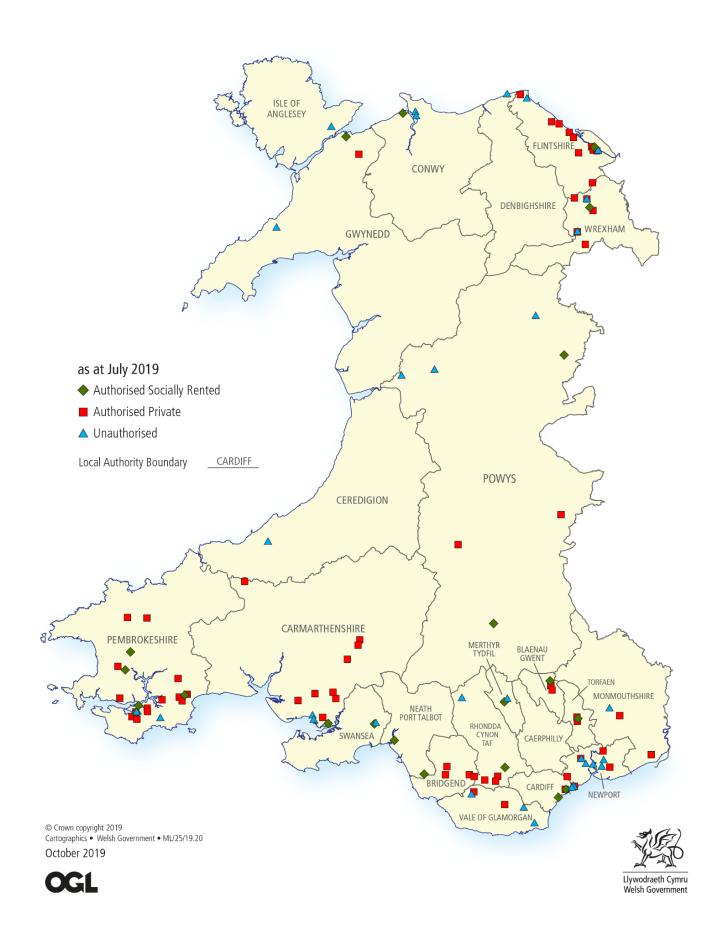
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information

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Map 1: Gypsy and Traveller Sites in Wales on 18 July 2019



Gypsy and Traveller caravans

Table 1: Number of Gypsy and Traveller caravans in Wales on 18 July 2019

Number of caravans

	Authorised sites (with planning						
	permission	on)	Unauthorised sites (without planning permission)				
			Number of o	caravans on	sites on land not owned by Gypsies		
	Number of ca	ıravans	sites on Gyps	sies own land			
	Local Authority ¹	Private	Tolerated	Not tolerated	Tolerated	Not tolerated	All caravans
Isle of Anglesey	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Gwynedd	12	3	0	0	4	0	19
Conwy	4	0	0	0	1	1	6
Denbighshire	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Flintshire	41	99	9	0	0	0	149
Wrexham	24	15	1	0	0	0	40
Powys	36	2	0	0	7	0	45
Ceredigion	0	0	0	13	0	0	13
Pembrokeshire	106	47	0	2	0	1	156
Carmarthenshire	22	26	0	7	0	0	55
Swansea	17	0	0	0	0	7	24
Neath Port Talbot	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
Bridgend	0	6	0	0	0	0	6
Vale of Glamorgan	0	1	1	0	18	0	20
Cardiff	164	21	0	0	0	0	185
Rhondda Cynon Taf	10	15	0	0	0	1	26
Merthyr Tydfil	24	0	0	0	6	0	30
Caerphilly	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blaenau Gwent	19	4	0	0	0	0	23
Torfaen	56	24	0	0	0	0	80
Monmouthshire	0	7	0	4	0	0	11
Newport	0	31	10	5	6	9	61
Wales	635	301	21	31	43	20	1,051

Source: Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count, Welsh Government

StatsWales data

Map 1 shows the distribution of Gypsy and Traveller caravan sites in Wales on the 18th July 2019. It shows the locations of these sites within Local Authorities, as well as if sites were authorised socially rented, authorised private or unauthorised.

At the time of the July 2019 count, the total number of Gypsy and Traveller caravans in Wales was 1,051. There were 936 caravans on authorised sites with planning permission, accounting for 89 per cent of all caravans. Of these, 635 (68 per cent) were on socially rented sites and 301 (32 per cent) were on privately-funded sites.

There were 52 caravans on unauthorised sites on land owned by Gypsies and Travellers, accounting for 5 per cent of all caravans. A further 63 caravans (6 per cent of all caravans) were on unauthorised sites on land not owned by Gypsies and Travellers.

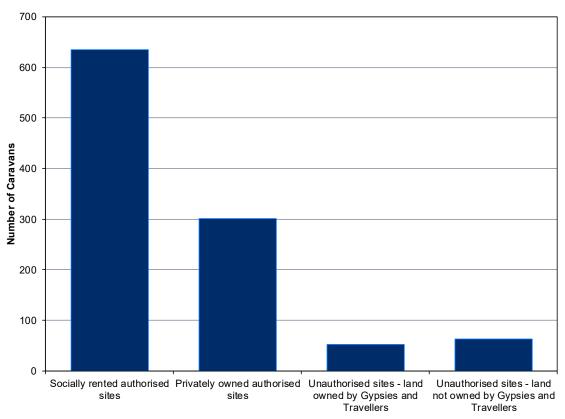
¹ Alternatively known as Socially Rented Sites. Includes sites owned by Registered Social Landlords

From Table 1, it can be seen that Cardiff, Pembrokeshire and Flintshire had the highest total numbers of caravans; combined these accounted for 47 per cent of all caravans. Caerphilly reported having no caravans in the July 2019 count.

In some cases, caravans are on sites which are unauthorised but the Local Authority has decided not to seek removal of the encampment. These are shown in Table 1 as unauthorised sites which are 'tolerated'. 51 caravans were on unauthorised sites that were 'not tolerated'; the largest number of these were seen in Newport where there were 14 caravans in July 2019. Ceredigion also had a high number of caravans on unauthorised sites that were 'not tolerated' with 13. Vale of Glamorgan had the most caravans (18) on 'tolerated' sites on land not owned by Gypsies and Travellers.

See the Key Quality Information section for further background and quality information. More detailed tables are provided on StatsWales. Terms which have a special meaning are explained in the glossary.

Figure 1: Number of Gypsy and Traveller caravans in Wales on 18th July 2019, by type of site



Source: Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count, Welsh Government

Map 2: Number of Gypsy and Traveller caravans on unauthorised sites in Wales on 18 July 2019

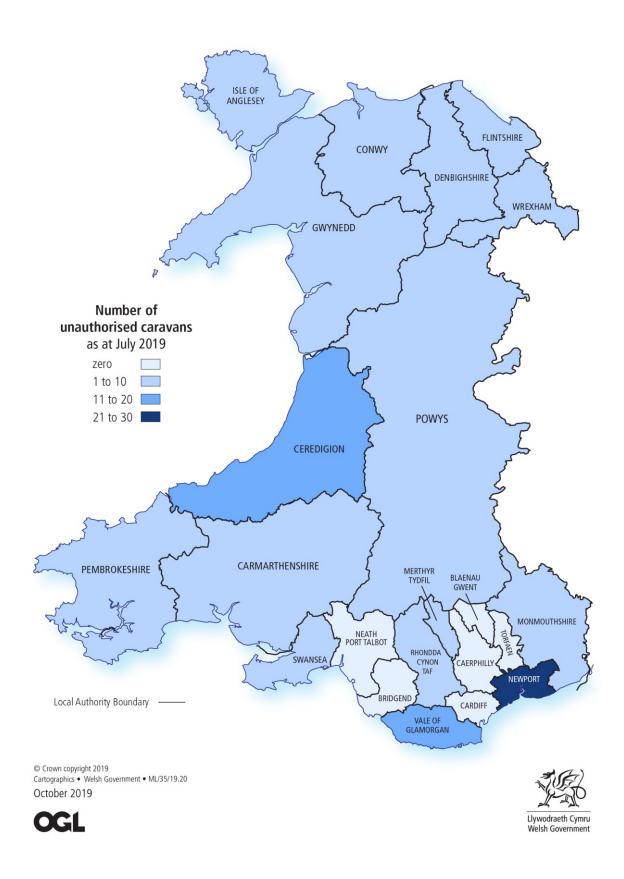


Table 2: Number of pitches¹ on Gypsy and Traveller sites provided by local authorities² in Wales on 18 July 2019

			Nun	umber of pitches	
	Occupied residential	Vacant residential	Occupied transit	Vacant transit	Total
Isle of Anglesey	0	0	0	0	0
Gwynedd	7	5	0	0	12
Conwy	4	0	0	0	4
Denbighshire	0	0	0	0	0
Flintshire	20	0	0	0	20
Wrexham	15	0	0	0	15
Powys	26	0	0	0	26
Ceredigion	0	0	0	0	0
Pembrokeshire	73	2	0	0	75
Carmarthenshire	15	0	0	0	15
Swansea	7	0	0	0	7
Neath Port Talbot	62	3	0	0	65
Bridgend	0	0	0	0	0
Vale of Glamorgan	0	0	0	0	0
Cardiff	80	0	0	0	80
Rhondda Cynon Taf	6	0	0	0	6
Merthyr Tydfil	20	4	0	0	24
Caerphilly	0	0	0	0	0
Blaenau Gwent	16	3	0	0	19
Torfaen	34	0	2	0	36
Monmouthshire	0	0	0	0	0
Newport	0	0	0	0	0
Wales	385	17	2	0	404

StatsWales data

As shown in Table 2, there were 404 pitches on Gypsy and Traveller sites provided by Local Authorities in Wales on the 18th July 2019. Of these, 402 were residential pitches and 2 were transit pitches.

Cardiff, Pembrokeshire and Neath Port Talbot had the highest number of pitches provided by Local Authorities (80, 75 and 65 pitches respectively), accounting for over half of the total number of pitches (54 per cent). There were 8 Local Authorities that reported having no pitches on the 18th July 2019.

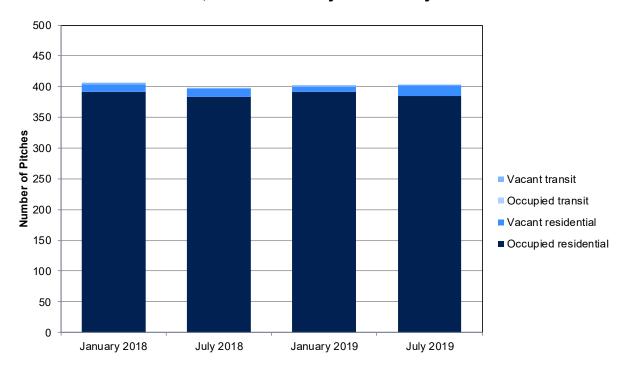
At the time of the count, 96 per cent of the residential pitches were occupied; this is slightly less than July 2018 when 97 per cent of residential pitches were occupied.

The proportions of pitches that were vacant transit, occupied transit, vacant residential and occupied residential over the last four counts can be seen in Figure 2. The seasonality influences the number of transit pitches available.

¹ One pitch may accommodate multiple caravans

² Does not include authorised private sites

Figure 2: Number of pitches on Gypsy and Traveller sites provided by local authorities by transit/residential status, Wales – January 2018 to July 2019



Between January 2019 and July 2019 there was a slight increase (2 pitches) in the number of residential pitches, whereas there was no variation in the number of transit pitches.

Site authorisation

Table 3: Number of Gypsy and Traveller caravans in Wales by site authorisation, January 2018 to July 2019

							Numb	er of caravans
	January 2018		July 2018		January 2019		July 2019	
	Authorised Sites	Unauthorised Sites	Authorised Sites	Unauthorised Sites	Authorised Sites	Unauthorised Sites	Authorised Sites	Unauthorised Sites
Isle of Anglesey	0	8	0	28	0	1	0	1
Gwynedd	16	2	16	6	16	6	15	4
Conwy	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	2
Denbighshire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Flintshire	126	15	113	17	110	29	140	9
Wrexham	36	0	37	0	46	0	39	1
Powys	37	11	32	13	40	7	38	7
Ceredigion	0	4	5	13	0	2	0	13
Pembrokeshire	134	5	137	3	140	2	153	3
Carmarthenshire	52	10	51	6	46	7	48	7
Swansea	13	8	15	14	15	7	17	7
Neath Port Talbot	97	0	99	0	108	0	100	0
Bridgend	4	0	4	3	6	0	6	0
Vale of Glamorgan	1	23	0	28	0	31	1	19
Cardiff	160	0	194	1	185	0	185	0
Rhondda Cynon Taf	24	0	25	0	25	0	25	1
Merthyr Tydfil	34	6	28	6	27	7	24	6
Caerphilly	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blaenau Gwent	23	0	24	0	23	0	23	0
Torfaen	80	0	74	0	80	0	80	0
Monmouthshire	5	4	5	4	7	4	7	4
Newport	34	27	31	28	35	34	31	30
Wales	880	123	894	170	913	137	936	115

Source: Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count, Welsh Government

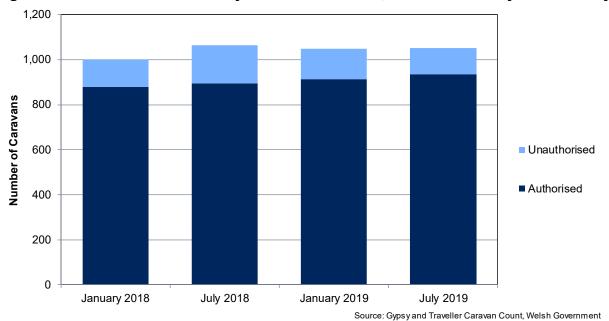
StatsWales data

Table 3 shows that on the 18th July 2019, Cardiff had the highest total number of caravans with 185, none of which were on unauthorised sites. Pembrokeshire had the second highest number with a total of 156 caravans.

Isle of Anglesey, Denbighshire and Ceredigion did not provide authorised sites, so in those Local Authorities all caravans were on unauthorised sites. Caerphilly also did not provide authorised sites, but there were no caravans in this Local Authority at the time of the count. In contrast, all the caravans in Neath Port Talbot, Bridgend, Cardiff, Blaenau Gwent and Torfaen were on authorised sites.

Overall, 11 per cent of caravans in Wales were on unauthorised sites in July 2019. This is a smaller proportion than in the July 2018 count (16 per cent).

Figure 3: Number of caravans by site authorisation, Wales - January 2018 to July 2019



Across the latest four counts shown in Figure 3, July 2018 had the highest total number of caravans, with 1,064. January 2018 had the lowest total across the four counts with 1,003.

When comparing the July 2018 and July 2019 counts across Wales, the number of caravans on authorised sites has increased by 5 per cent (42 caravans) and the number of caravans on unauthorised sites has decreased by 32 per cent (55 caravans).

Table 4: Number of Gypsy and Traveller sites in Wales by authorisation, January 2018 to July 2019

							l	Number of sites
	January 2018		July 2018		January 2019		July 2019	
	Authorised	Unauthorised	Authorised	Unauthorised	Authorised	Unauthorised	Authorised	Unauthorised
	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites
Isle of Anglesey	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	1
Gwynedd	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1
Conwy	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	2
Denbighshire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Flintshire	11	4	12	4	9	5	11	2
Wrexham	7	0	7	0	7	0	8	2
Powys	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	3
Ceredigion	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	1
Pembrokeshire	20	4	21	3	22	2	22	2
Carmarthenshire	10	3	10	2	10	2	10	2
Swansea	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Neath Port Talbot	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0
Bridgend	3	0	3	1	4	0	4	0
Vale of Glamorgan	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3
Cardiff	3	0	6	1	6	0	6	0
Rhondda Cynon Taf	5	0	5	0	5	0	4	1
Merthyr Tydfil	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Caerphilly	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blaenau Gwent	2	0	3	0	2	0	3	0
Torfaen	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
Monmouthshire	3	1	3	1	2	1	2	1
Newport	6	10	6	8	7	10	6	9
Wales	88	34	95	35	92	32	94	33

StatsWales data

As seen in Table 4, there were 127 Gypsy and Traveller sites in Wales in July 2019, an increase of 3 sites from January 2019. 94 of these were authorised (74 per cent) and 33 were unauthorised (26 per cent).

Compared to July 2018, there was 1 fewer authorised site and 2 fewer unauthorised sites.

Across the four counts seen in Table 4, July 2018 has the highest total number of Gypsy and Traveller caravan sites.

Figure 4: Number of Gypsy and Traveller sites by authorisation, Wales - 2008 to 2019¹



¹This figure is based on the all Wales totals for each count and hence, as not every Local Authority submitted data for each count, caution should be exercised when drawing comparisons across years. Note that in particular, 2010 had a low response rate with 7 Local Authorities not responding in the January count and 4 not responding in the July count.

<u>StatsWales data</u>

Figure 4 shows the historic trend of the number of Gypsy and Traveller sites by authorisation.

In general, the number of authorised sites has increased faster than the number of unauthorised sites. While there has been an increase of 71 sites (127 per cent) since July 2008, only 7 of these were unauthorised sites. The apparent drop in the number of sites in 2010 should however be interpreted with caution. In particular, 7 Local Authorities did not respond in the January 2010 count and this may contribute to the fluctuations seen in Figure 4.

Glossary

Caravans

A 'caravan' can include any of the following:

- mobile homes, caravans, trailers and other living-vehicles on Gypsy or Traveller sites and encampments, whether or not they meet the strict legal definition of a caravan;
- touring caravans on Gypsy or Traveller sites and encampments even if not lived in permanently;
- tents, benders or yurts where these are the 'permanent' living accommodation of Gypsies or Travellers.

Gypsies and Travellers

For the purposes of this release 'Gypsies and Travellers' include Traditional and Ethnic Gypsies and Travellers or members of non-traditional New Traveller groups who live in caravans or other moveable dwellings whether or not they meet the strict legal definition of a 'Gypsy' or 'Traveller'. The caravan count is not designed to be an estimate of the Gypsy or Irish Traveller population in Wales.

Local authority sites

Sites operated by Local Authorities or Registered Social Landlords (RSLs) to accommodate Gypsies and Travellers.

Not tolerated

A 'not tolerated' encampment is one where: the Local Authority or police are using, or are preparing to use, their powers under the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 to remove the encampment, or where the landowner (including the Local Authority) has instigated, or is preparing to instigate, action either through the courts or under common law rights to regain possession of the land.

Pitch

A pitch, also referred to as a plot, will vary according to the size of the occupant household. One pitch can accommodate multiple caravans.

Privately funded sites

Privately funded Gypsy and Traveller sites with planning permission may include:

- sites with planning permission owned by Gypsies and Travellers for their own and/or their family's occupation and/or for commercial letting;
- sites owned by any other private individual or body with planning permission for use as a Gypsy or Traveller site;
- sites owned by a Local Authority but leased to, or managed by, a non-Local Authority body or individual under arrangements which do not give the Local Authority control of site management (critically of rent setting and lettings).

'With planning permission' may be interpreted to include sites without 'planning permission' as such, but with established use rights or other planning status which means that planning enforcement action cannot be taken.

Tolerated

A 'tolerated' encampment is one where the Local Authority and/or the land owner have decided not to seek the removal of the encampment, and where the encampment has been or is likely to be 'tolerated' for an indefinite period of months or years.

Unauthorised sites on Gypsies or Travellers own land

Unauthorised sites where Gypsies and Travellers are living on their own land in caravans/moveable dwellings without planning consent or established use rights. Such sites may vary in size and in the extent to which the land has been 'developed' with roadways, distinct plots, hard-standings, amenity blocks etc.

Unauthorised sites on land not owned by Gypsies or Travellers

Caravans/moveable dwellings on sites without planning permission on land not owned by Gypsies or Travellers. The land may be in public or private ownership, including the highway.

Key Quality Information

Official Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political reference.

Note that the information collected as part of the count is outside the scope of National Statistics.

Timeliness and punctuality

The count is carried out on a specified date in January and July each year, giving a snapshot of the number and location of caravans on the specific date. The data is published ten weeks after the reference period, this allows time to collect, collate and validate the data.

Accessibility and clarity

This statistical first release is pre-announced and then published in the Statistics and Research section of the Welsh Government website. It is accompanied by more detailed tables on <u>StatsWales</u>, a free to use service that allows visitors to view, manipulate, create and download data.

Relevance to users

The bi-annual counts of Gypsy and Traveller caravans and families were reintroduced in Wales in July 2006 following recommendations from the Review of Service Provision for Gypsies and Travellers (pdf), carried out by the Welsh Government's Equality of Opportunity Committee in 2003, and the Welsh Government's review of the Accommodation Needs of Gypsies and Travellers in Wales undertaken by Pat Niner of Birmingham University 2006.

The commencement of section 101 of the Housing (Wales) Act 2014 requires Local Authorities to carry out an assessment of the accommodation needs of Gypsies and Travellers residing in or resorting to their area.

Since January 2011, the counts have been conducted by the data collection team within the Welsh Government. Previous data collections had been conducted by the Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG).

The caravan count does not estimate the number of Gypsy and Travellers in need of sites. Evidence suggests that many people identifying as 'Gypsy or Irish Travellers' live in homes that are not mobile structures.

Further information from the 2011 Census on Gypsy and Travellers accommodation for England and Wales is available from the ONS website.

The count is used when assessing bids from local authorities for the Gypsy and Traveller Sites Capital Grant. Some of the other uses include:

- monitoring of progress towards targets
- policy development
- advice to Ministers
- informing debate in the National Assembly for Wales and beyond.

There are a variety of users of the Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count statistics, including national and local government, researchers, students, as well as individual citizens with an interest in the count.

Accuracy

The data contained in this release is collected from information reported by Local Authorities. In July 2019, data was submitted by all of the 22 Local Authorities in Wales.

In general, the response and quality of the count can be affected by the following factors:

- Local Authorities not completing their returns.
- inadequate counting practices.
- geography particularly in large rural areas which require correspondingly large resources to map all sites.
- gypsy and traveller mistrust.
- the counts are voluntary, with no rewards to Local Authorities completing their returns or penalties for those that fail to do so.
- the caravan count for Wales in this statistical release was conducted on the same day as the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) conducted the traveller count for England (18th July 2019). This is to avoid double counting caravans travelling between Wales and England.

Symbols

The following symbols may have been used in this release:

- . Not applicable
- .. Not available
- ~ Not yet available
- * Disclosed or not sufficiently robust for publication
- p Provisional
- r Revised

Comparability and coherence

Meaningful comparisons of total figures for Wales over time are limited by Local Authorities who do not take part in the count. It is therefore advised that comparisons over time should only be made for Local Authorities that have taken part in all relevant counts.

Data for the Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count is subject to seasonality. To compare figures over time it is advised to look at the winter and summer counts each year separately. The count takes place twice a year to reflect winter residence and summer travelling trends and changes. Previous years figures indicate the number of unauthorised caravans are higher during the summer (July) count.

Equivalent information for England is available via the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) website. The date of collection is arranged with the Ministry of Housing Communities and Local Government and, where possible, is the same for England and Wales.

Revisions

We follow the Welsh Government's statistical revisions policy.

Related statistics for other UK countries

Caravan Count Statistics for other UK countries is available at the following links:

Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government in England.

<u>The Scottish Government</u> collects and publishes information on travellers in Scotland. In particular, a review of the evidence base is available.

Information on traveller accommodation in Northern Ireland.

All Wales Online Caravan Count System

The Welsh Government has developed an online caravan count system which allows Local Authorities to log unauthorised encampments as they occur and record authorised sites. The new and traditional caravan count systems have run concurrently since July 2016 and ongoing reconciliation is being undertaken to ensure robust data is recorded in the new system.

Well-being of Future Generations Act (WFG)

The Well-being of Future Generations Act 2015 is about improving the social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales. The Act puts in place seven well-being goals for Wales. These are for a more equal, prosperous, resilient, healthier and globally responsible Wales, with cohesive communities and a vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language. Under section (10)(1) of the Act, the Welsh Ministers must (a) publish indicators ("national indicators") that must be applied for the purpose of measuring progress towards the achievement of the Well-being goals, and (b) lay a copy of the national indicators before the National Assembly. The 46 national indicators were laid in March 2016.

Information on the indicators, along with narratives for each of the well-being goals and associated technical information is available in the <u>Well-being of Wales report</u>.

Further information on the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.

The statistics included in this release could also provide supporting narrative to the national indicators and be used by public services boards in relation to their local well-being assessments and local well-being plans.

Further details

This release is available at:

https://gov.wales/gypsy-and-traveller-caravan-count

StatsWales tables

Caravan Count data are available on StatsWales:

- StatsWales: Number of Caravans by authorisation and local authority from July 2006 to July 2019.
- StatsWales: Number of pitches by residential status, occupied status and local authority July 2010 to July 2019.
- StatsWales: Number of sites by authorisation and local authority July 2007 to July 2019.

Next update

April 2020 (Provisional)

We want your feedback

We welcome any feedback on any aspect of these statistics which can be provided by email to: stats.inclusion@gov.wales

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