

WHAT IS LIKELY TO BE DRIVING THE DISEASE?	
CATTLE BROUGHT IN:	This is a relatively closed herd which rears its own replacements with a bull purchased recently. The farmer has requested a license to replace 10 milking cows and this is not considered to be driving the disease.
TB SITUATION IN THE SURROUNDING AREA:	The herd is located in a TB endemic area within the High TB Area West where TB has been present since the early 1990s. There are currently contiguous breakdowns and also there are also some other herds under restrictions near-by. It is reported by the farmer that nose-to-nose contact is not possible but as wildlife present may be a source of re-infection, this cannot be ruled out as a driver of the disease.
INTRA-HERD MOVEMENTS AND SEPARATION:	One management group under the same CPH over two locations within 2 miles comprising young and adult stock respectively. This is not considered to be driving the disease.
EVIDENCE OF POSSIBLE UNDISCLOSED INFECTION:	Constant disclosure of IRs is evidence of residual infection left behind and this is considered to be driving the disease.
EVIDENCE OF BADGER ACTIVITY:	No badger activity survey has been carried out at this farm, but several badgers found dead have been collected on local roads. The farmer has risk assessed fields with badger activities, and has not grazed these specific fields. Grazing fields for young stock have badger setts present at the boundaries. This could be driving the disease.
DISEASE STATUS OF BADGERS IN THE SURROUNDING AREA:	A badger found dead infected with bovine TB has been collected near this holding. This could be driving the disease.
BIOSECURITY ARRANGEMENTS:	Biosecurity has gradually improved by the raising of water troughs and wildlife proofing housing facilities with winter housing facilities for young stock made wildlife proof initially. Feed stores are wildlife proof. Approximately

	60% of adult herd is housed all year and the housing facilities are wildlife proof but this could still be driving the disease.
C&D STANDARDS AND COMPLIANCE:	There is a good standard of C/D of isolation facilities observed but regular cleansing and disinfection of water and feed troughs and buildings is not documented and so this could be driving the disease.