Number: WG24167



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Welsh Government

Consultation – summary of responses – **Annex**

Review of planning application fees

Date of issue: July 2015

	Review of Planning Application Fees				
	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015				
Name		Wynne Jones			
Organ	isation	Planning Consultant			
Addre	ess	Min yr Afon Abercych Boncath Pembrokeshire SA37 0EX	X		
E-mai	l address	minyrafon@btinternet.com			
	e select	Businesses/ Consultants	\boxtimes		
followi	om the ing)	Local Planning Authority			
		Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
		Professional Bodies/Interest Groups			
		Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)			
		Other (other groups not listed above) or individual			
Q1a	Do you agre in fees?	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comments:					
Q1b	·	do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?			
Comm	ents:				

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
It cou	nents: Ild also lead to poor quality decisions in their heation.	naste to	determine an	
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
Comr	nents:			
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	opriate time?	
Comr	nents:			

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: The general public should not be charged for making an enquiry to establish whether a planning condition has been discharged as in so doing they assist planning officers in monitoring the quality of development {as constructed}.					
Q4b Comr	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute nents:	s an app	propriate amount	?	
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			fee to	
	nents: out refer to response to Q4a above.				
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: If planning approval notices are to be "living documents" the information should be readily available. The general public should not be charged a fee for simply requesting confirmation on whether a condition has been discharged. It will discourage the public from assisting planning officers in monitoring the quality of development.					

	2 – Consultation Response Form of Planning Application Fees			
Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
	De vev come with manage for the		Yes	
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the	Yes	(subject to	No
Qiu	drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?		further comment)	
		\boxtimes		
Comr	nents:			
Com	nents.			
0	If you have answered yes, how should this fee b	e calcul	ated? If not, wha	t are
Q7b	your reasons?		,	
Comr	nents:			
On sc	ale of development.			
			Yes	
	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a	Yes	(subject to	No
Q8	ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	. 00	further	
	tile El 71:		comment)	
		\boxtimes		
Comr	nents:			
				<u> </u>
	Do you agree that advertisements on		Yes	
	broadband cabinets in a specified area should	Yes	(subject to	No

Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067				
Comm	ents:			
001				
	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	ents:			
	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q10a	following approval of a reserved matters	100	further	140
	application?		comment)	
Comm	ents:			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm				
Commi	chits.			
	Do you agree that applications for renewable		Yes	
Q11a	energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and	Yes	(subject to further	No
- a i iu	Machinery?		comment)	
Comm	ents:			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

	ion reference: WG23067			
			Yes	
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also	Yes	(subject to	No
QIID	have a separate system of fee calculation?		further comment)	
Comm	ents:		_	_
0446	What factors, or combination of factors, should	be take	n into account w	hen is
Q11c	calculating the fee for wind turbines?			
Comm				
power	generated.			
			Yes	
	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q12a	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee	Yes	(subject to further	No
Q12a	planning applications should be addressed,	Yes	(subject to	
	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	(subject to further	No
Q12a	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	(subject to further	
	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	(subject to further	
	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	(subject to further	
	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	(subject to further	
	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	(subject to further	
	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?		(subject to further comment)	
Comm	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income? ents: If you have answered yes, how should this materials.		(subject to further comment)	

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Yes Do you have any comments to make about Yes (subject to No the draft partial Regulatory Impact Q13 further Assessment at Annex 2? comment) \boxtimes Comments: We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues **Q14** which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them: Comments: Important in my view that the general public are encouraged to assist planning officers in monitoring the quality of development {as constructed}. The public should not therefore be penalised and required to pay a fee simply for making an enquiry relating to the discharge of planning condition. The fee should be restricted to applicants who have submitted proposals to the planning authority. I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees							
Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015							
Name	Name ROBERT A ROBINSON FRICS AILCM						
Organisation	NORTH & MID WALES ASSOCIATION OF LOCAL COUNCILS	5					
Address	Address TRIANGLE HOUSE UNION STREET WELSHPOOL SY21 7PG						
E-mail address	town.clerk@welshpooltowncouncil.gov.uk						
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants						
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority						
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector						
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups						
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)						
Other (other groups not listed above) or individual							
Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees? Yes (subject to further comment)							
_							
Comments: The Association does not object to such increase as there has not been one for some years.							
Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any? Comments: Not applicable.							

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
0					
Comments: It is time that planning officers gave advice which is constant and which they support when it is given. There is often the problem of different officers giving different advice on the same application.					
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available	able?			
Comn Not a	nents: pplicable.				
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: The tme periods are too long now, 10 weeks should be quite enough to meet a local authorities needs. Time delays to those carrying out development cost money which the local authority and government needs to recognise.					
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?		
Comn 10 we	nents: eeks.				

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
	chis is not unreasonbable.			
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?
	nents: pplicable.			
NOT a	pplicable.			
	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	16 weeks	after which the	fee to
Q5	accompany a discharge of condition would be re	efunded?		
	nents:	_		
Yes, t	this gives an onus on local authorities to act w	ithin rea	isonable period	S.
			Yes	
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation	Yes	(subject to further	No
	that conditions have been discharged?		comment)	_
0.5.55				
	nents: : <mark>his gives clarity.</mark>			

There local areas	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation? nents: e should be no fees for the introduction of sect authority is deriving benefit from such agreem have not taken place due to the local authority via such agreements and this needs to be received.	nents. D ty taking	evelopments in g too much out	many
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Comn Not				
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: Yes, they do the work to a greater extent.				
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

	ion reference: WG23067				
Comments: Yes, this is more efficient.					
res, this is more efficient.					
Q9b	f you have answered no, please explain why.				
Comm	ante:				
	plicable.				
	-				
			Yes		
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters	Yes	(subject to	No	
QIVA	application?		further comment)		
	SPP SS	\boxtimes			
Correra			Ш		
Commo	ents: his is not unreasonable and will help the smal	ler annl	icants		
103, 6	is is not unreasonable and witt neep the small	ici uppi	icurics.		
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.				
Commo	ante:				
	plicable.				
•	•				
	Davis and that a selection for				
	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate	Vaa	Yes	NI.	
Q11a	fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and	Yes	(subject to further	No	
۵	Machinery?		comment)		
Commo	ente:				
	ะการ. ne wind farm applications in particular should	l pav a f	ee which reflec	ts the	
	t of work to deal with such applications.	. ,			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

<u>Consultat</u>	Consultation reference: WG23067					
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
	ents: le wind farm applications in particular should t of work to deal with such applications.	l pay a fe	ee which reflec	ts the		
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is		
This is	Comments: This is a specialist area but from the Associations point of view such fees should only reflect the work to be carried out by the local authority and not penal.					
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
	ents: ng fees should be constant over the UK, not j e which is paid by the applicant which covers					

Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?				
As set	ents: out above.				
	Do you have any comments to make about	Yes	Yes (subject to	No	
Q13	the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?		further comment)		
				\boxtimes	
Comme No.	ents:				
1					
	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas	•	<u> </u>		
Comme	ents: e system for planning applications should be	fair and	reasonable. Th	e fees	
	h applicaitons should be paid to local author				
	sociation represents approx 30 larger town a rth Wales. This consultation was discussed a		_		
on 24tl	n October 2014.				
	sociation is prepared to attend at Committee ation if it were felt to be of advantage.	Meetin	g considering th	ne	
I do not	want my name/or address published with my re	esponse	(please tick)		

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

		Review of Planning Applicati	on Fees			
	Dat	e of consultation period: 06/10/20	14 – 16/	01/2015		
Name		Judith Jones				
Organi	isation	Merthyr Tydfil County Borough C				
Addres	SS	Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council Town Planning Division Unit 5 Triangle Business Park, Pentrebach, Merthyr Tydfil CF48 4TQ				
E-mail	address	Judith.Jones@merthyr.gov.uk				
Type (please select one from the following)		Businesses/ Consultants				
		Local Planning Authority			\boxtimes	
		Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
		Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
		Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
		Other (other groups not listed above	e) or inc	lividual		
Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees? Yes (subject to further comment)		No				
Comments: The proposed 15% increase in fees would only be acceptable if it subject to an indexed linked increase every year thereafter.						

Q1b

If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

Given that there has not been a fee increase in Wales since 2009, a more appropriate fee increase would be 25%. The 15% would still result in Welsh fees being less than those in England and the increase does not take account of the

	ation reference: WG23067 Authorities application related costs, such as	publicity	v expenses (pre	.55			
	notices), which can significantly exceed an application fee.						
	,,						
		1	Γ				
			Yes				
		Yes	(subject to	No			
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will	103	further	140			
	improve LPA performance?		comment)				
			П	\square			
Comp	nents:						
	proposal flies in the face of 'Positive Planning'.						
	rmance should not be measured by the speed		mining applicat	tions			
	. The quality of decisions should also be integ						
Autho	ority's performance. The introduction of a refu	ınd proc	edure will enco	ourage			
	Authorities to determine applications without						
	cants to withhold information. This could pote						
	plications refused and slow down the applicati			t			
prom	ote good design or provide efficient customer	service.					
001	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?					
Q2b							
Comr	nents:						
	existing application process is adequate and fit	for pur	pose. Introducii	ng a			
	d procedure would breakdown the relationshi						
and a	gents/applicants, which would countradict the	e aims of	f "positive planr	ning".			
	intend punishing LPA's in this way, then pena						
	opers who submit invalid applications, with re	epeat ree	es chargeable to	or			
every	subsequent invalid submission.						
	Do you garee with the proposed time period of	Vaa	Yes	Na			

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comr	Comments:					

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067					
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?		
	nents: o not agree with the refund of application fees	s (regard	lless of time pe	riods).	
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: The proposed fee levels are acceptable where these relate to householder applications only. Additional categories (subject to selection criteria), charged at a higher rate, should be added for more complex and major developments. The £83.00 discharge of conditions fee should relate to all other development outside these categories.					
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?	
Comr	nents:				
	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	6 weeks	s after which the	fee to	
Q5	accompany a discharge of condition would be re			.30 10	
	nents: o not agree with the proposed refund of fees.				

Q8

Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	l nents:			
£83.0	out the fee should be £50 for householder development applications, which ged by most Local Authorities.			
			I	
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee b your reasons?	e calcul	ated? If not, wha	t are
Comments: The fee should be calculated based on the time taken to draft an agreement and the complexity of the agreement (i.e. the number of contributions relevant to the nature of development proposed).				
<u> </u>				

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Yes

No

Do you agree that the fee to accompany a

Consultation	reference:	WG23067

	ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?		Yes (subject to further comment)	
Comn	nents:			
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comr It is u	If you have answered no, please explain why. ments: Inclear what is meant by 'specified area'. What Would this be a longterm or temporary measu		ize of a specifie	ed
Comr It is u	nents: Inclear what is meant by 'specified area'. What		ize of a specifie	ed
Comr It is u	ments: Inclear what is meant by 'specified area'. What Would this be a longterm or temporary measure. Should the applicant be entitled to a free go		Yes (subject to further comment)	ed
Comr It is u area?	ments: Inclear what is meant by 'specified area'. What Would this be a longterm or temporary measu Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters	ıre?	Yes (subject to further	

Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.				
Comments: This process would increase financial pressure on Local Authorities, due to a reduction in application fees received and the costs associated with the processing of applications (i.e. publicity/consultation fees). The minor amendments procedure recently introduced would be adequate in dealing with such applications.					
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
		\boxtimes			
Comments:					
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comme	ents:				

Q11c

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: The combination of factors for calculating wind turbine fees should include: - number of wind turbines; - site area: - size, and; - height. Yes Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary Yes (subject to No planning applications should be addressed, Q12a further with all constituent LPAs receiving fee comment) income? \boxtimes Comments: Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed? Comments: Only one application should be submitted. One Local Authority should process and determine the application, and the other Local Authority should be consulted on the application. The fee should be proportionately divided between the determining Local Authority and the consulted Local Authority. Yes Do you have any comments to make about Yes (subject to No Q13 the draft partial Regulatory Impact further Assessment at Annex 2? comment)

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 \boxtimes

Annex 2 - Consultation Response Form
Review of Planning Application Fees

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067
Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:
How I What	nents: has the proposed 15% application fee increase been calculted? consideration has been given to the fact that the cost of a press notice is greater than the application fee?
I do n	ot want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

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Planning Division
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Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Applicati	on Fees	;		
Dat	e of consultation period: 06/10/20	14 – 16/	01/2015		
Name	Tim Stephens				
Organisation	Caerphilly County Borough Coun	cil			
Address	Pontllanfraith House Pontllanfraith NP12 2YW				
E-mail address	stepht@caerphilly.gov.uk				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants				
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public	Sector			
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious and not for profit organisations)		· ·			
	Other (other groups not listed above	/e) or inc	lividual		
Do you agreed in fees?	ee with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
_		\boxtimes			
Comments: An increase in fees is welcomed, but it needs to be made on the basis of a proper assessment of the cost of the development control and a decision as to whether that should be funded wholly by applicants, or partly by the local planning authority. The feasibility of funding the service through fees will vary across Wales, depending very much on the economic base of each LPA. Whatever the outcome of that assessment, fees then need to be increased annually, rather than on the current ad hoc basis.					

Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

Consultation reference: WG23067 N/A Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that introducing a refund will Q2a further improve LPA performance? comment) \boxtimes Comments: It will make things even more difficult for poorly performing LPAs, and it will encourage a culture where decisions - possibly poor approvals, but more likely refusals - are made in order to avoid refunds. Wales is a small country with only 25 LPAs, which will probably reduce soon; it should be easy to identify poorly performing authorities, but it should also be easier to provide advice about best practice and support, possibly via PAIS, to secure their improvement. If you do not agree, what other options are available? Q2b Comments: See answer to Q2a Yes Do you agree with the proposed time period of Yes (subject to No 16 and 24 weeks? Q3a further comment) \boxtimes Comments: As stated above, there is a fundamental objection to refunds. However, if WG is minded to introduce them, these periods would appear reasonable. Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Cama				
	nents:			
See Q	<u> 2</u> 3a			
	Do you garee with the proposed fee levels to		Yes	
0.4=	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to	Yes	(subject to	No
Q4a	accompany the discharge of planning		further	
	conditions?		comment)	
			\boxtimes	
		ш		
	nents:			
	ee should be based on the number of condition	•		
	tions is being sought on a non-housholder cons			
	ition discharge often generates as much work a			
applio	cation, involving the consultation of other prof	essiona	ls, discussion ar	nd
	ings. The development industry, understandab			
	ers such as drainage, once permission is grante			
	ed at a realistic level for that service.	u, but t	ney should be	
Cilaig	ed at a realistic level for that service.			
0.415				0
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	ropriate amount	?
		s an app	ropriate amount	?
Comn	nents:	s an app	propriate amount	?
	nents:	s an app	ropriate amount	?
Comn	nents:	s an app	ropriate amount	?
Comn	nents:	s an app	ropriate amount	?
Comn	nents:	s an app	propriate amount	?
Comn	nents:	s an app	propriate amount	?
Comn	nents:	s an app	propriate amount	?
Comn	nents: 14a			
Comn See Q	nents: 24a Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	6 weeks	after which the	
Comn	nents: 14a	6 weeks	after which the	
Comn See Q	nents: 24a Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	6 weeks	after which the	
Comn See Q	nents: 24a Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	6 weeks	after which the	
Comn See Q	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re	6 weeks	after which the	
Comn See Q	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be rements:	6 weeks	after which the	
Comn See Q	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be rements:	6 weeks	after which the	
Comm See Q	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be rements:	6 weeks	after which the	

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Section	nents: on 106 obligations vary in complexity and leng ultation with the legal profession about the bes			nat
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Comments: There should be a consultation with the legal profession about the best way of charging for that work.				
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No

Consultation reference: WG23067 \boxtimes Comments: Do you agree that advertisements Yes broadband cabinets in a specified area should Yes (subject to No Q9a be treated as a single site for the purposes of further charging a fee? comment) \boxtimes Comments: Broadband needs to be encouraged, but a special case could be made for many other sectors of the economy. Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: see Q9a Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No Q10a following approval of a reserved matters further application? comment) \boxtimes Comments: Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments:

Welsh Government 6

The trend should be towards ensuring that the developer contributes towards

Consultation	reference:	WG23067
--------------	------------	---------

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
provid are cle wheth dealing unclea	ents: ype of renewable energy project needs to be ed as to whether they fall easily into the exis early within an existing class consideration th er the fee generated is reasonable for the am g with the planning application for that devel r, or the fee generated by the exisiting class be created.	sting fee en need nount of opment	classes. Where s to be given to work associate . If the class is	they d with

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm See Q1				

Q11c

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: Need for an EIA Even if there is no need, the scale of information submitted and the need to assess it including landscape, habitat, noise, flicker, and traffic impacts. Yes Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary Yes (subject to No planning applications should be addressed, Q12a further with all constituent LPAs receiving fee comment) income? \boxtimes Comments: Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed? Comments: The proportion of the site area within each LPA would appear to be the easiest way to resolve the matter, even though that may throw up many anomalies. Yes Do you have any comments to make about Yes (subject to No Q13 the draft partial Regulatory Impact further Assessment at Annex 2? comment) X Comments:

Consult	ation reference. WG23007
Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:
Comr	nents:
001111	
l do n	ot want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)
1 00 11	of want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)
How to	o Respond
Please	e submit your comments in any of the following ways:
Emai	

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees					
Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015					
Name	David Michael				
Organisation	Neath Port Talbot County Borough Council				
Address	Civic Centre Port Talbot SA13 1PJ				
E-mail address	d.michael@npt.gov.uk				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants				
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority	\boxtimes			
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				
Do you agree in fees? Comments:	ee with the proposed 15% increase Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comments.					
Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?					
Comments:					

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
0.000				
Comn	nents:			
001	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
Q2b				
Comr	nents:			
	Do you agree with the proposed time period of	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q3a	16 and 24 weeks?		further comment)	
Comn	nents:			
Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?				
Comr	nents:			

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments:				
Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?				
Comr	nents:			
Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?				
On more a rate :				
Comments:				
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Neath Port Talbot County Borough Council response - Proposal to set Fees for Section 106 Obligations

- 1. Having spoken with Head of Service colleagues in other Local Authorities I think there is a lack of awareness this consultation contains a proposal to govern fees for Section 106 Obligations. The title of the consultation would not alert interested parties to its content. The recovery of costs from land owners for Section 106 Obligations is not presently a "fee" and persons who would otherwise respond to this consultation would assume that it relates only to planning fees as currently constituted.
- 2. I failed to find the research on which this proposal is based on the Welsh Government website and got access to it only after the link had been given to me. The research raises more questions than it answers and it is not clear whether those conducting the research spoke to Local Authority Lawyers when preparing the report.
- 3. The inherent difficulty in setting a standard fee for Section 106 Obligations is that they are so diverse. They will range in scope from a simple covenant which applies, for example, to one dwelling house to complex documentation governing the development of a whole housing site with education, leisure facilities etc. or a retail business park. Bearing in mind the diversity, it is not surprising that the documents will vary considerably in size and the amount of time expended on them.
- 4. I have reviewed 23 completed Section 106 Obligations where time recording has been captured on our case management system. They vary from simple Section 106 Obligations which have taken less than three hours of legal officers time to major agreements which have taken between twenty and thirty hours of officers time to complete.
- 5. The variation means that, if you create a crude average, then land owners/developers with complex obligations will be charged less than the cost and those with simple obligations will be charged more. It is probably a bit too crude to say that large developers would then be subsidised by smaller developers but it is not far off the truth of the matter.
- 6. A simple total of the hours spent will also fail to measure the proper cost. Simple obligations may be dealt with by legal assistants but more complicated obligations will be dealt with senior qualified staff. The hourly rate will therefore differ.

- 7. Also, in some cases local authorities may put work out to private sector planning specialists if the complexity of the case requires it or if there is not capacity to deal with the matter in-house. In those cases developers are required to pay the costs which presumably might not be covered by the proposed standard fee.
- 8. The research document which seems to be the background to this proposal relates only to housing developments and not to any other type of development. It suggests that negotiations on Section 106 Obligations should be front loaded as much as possible ie that they should take place before the application goes to the LPA for decision. If the agreement was negotiated before the matter went to the LPA and the bulk of the work done then, it is not clear when the fee would be payable or what it would cover.
- 9. The research seems to be predicated on the developer/land owner preparing the draft agreement. This only happens locally where a Unilateral Undertaking is produced by the developer. This happens in less than a fifth of cases. In all other cases the drafting is undertaken by the Local Authority Legal Department. In many years the number of Unilateral Undertakings will be even lower. The fee must cover drafting agreements.
- 10. In reality a lot of the time taken in drafting and negotiations over drafting Section 106 Obligations will arise from attempts to reduce the effectiveness of those obligations by Solicitors acting for developers/land owners. I do not blame them for this since they are only doing a job on behalf of their clients. It is not unexpected therefore that negotiations over provisions which would cost developers/land owners hundreds of thousands or millions of pounds will take time.
- 11. In closing I would say that Local Authorities are now financially dependent on recovering the proper cost of the provision of services from those who financially benefit. If fees are set at a level which does not reflect the cost then Local Authorities will not be able to employ staff to deal with Section 106 Obligations.
- 12. In summary I would say that the proposal is unworkable, does not match the realities of these transactions, might place unnecessary burdens on small developers and would potentially damage the capacity of Local Authorities to deal with these matters properly. Having reviewed the research I would strongly suggest that those who prepared it should revisit it after consultation with Local Authority Heads of Legal Services and that the proposal for standard fees not be actioned.

Q7b

If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consulta	tion reference: WG23067			
Comm	nents:			
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	nents:			
			T	
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		П	П	
Comm	nents:			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	nents:			
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

	ion reference: WG23067			,
Comm	ents:			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	ents:			
	Do you agree that applications for renewable		Yes	
0445	energy development should have a separate	Yes	(subject to	No
Q11a	fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?		further comment)	
Comm	ents:			
	Do you garee that wind turbings should also	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?		further	
			comment)	
Comm	ents:			

Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is
Comm	ents:			
		Γ	T	
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	l ents:		Ш	ш
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
Comm	ents:			
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	7 tooosimont at 7 timox 2.			
Comm	ents:			

Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:
Comn	nents:
I do n	ot want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430



Royal Town Planning Institute Cymru (RTPI Cymru) PO Box 2465 Cardiff CF23 0DS Tel +44 (0)29 2047 3923 email walespolicy@rtpi.org.uk Website: www.rtpi.org.uk/rtpi_cymru

24th December 2014

e-mail response sent to: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

Dear Sir/Madam,

Response to: Review of Planning Application Fees

The Royal Town Planning Institute (RTPI) is the largest professional institute for planners in Europe, representing some 23,000 spatial planners. RTPI Cymru represents the RTPI in Wales, with 1,100 members. The Institute seeks to advance the science and art of spatial planning for the benefit of the public. As well as promoting spatial planning, the RTPI develops and shapes policy affecting the built environment, works to raise professional standards and supports members through continuous education, training and development.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the review of planning application fees.

The following response has been formed drawing on the expertise of the RTPI Cymru Policy and Research Forum which includes a cross section of planning practitioners from the private and public sectors and academia from across Wales.

We are also conscious that this consultation is one of a series of consultations that the Welsh Government has published relating to supporting secondary legislation and approaches in the Planning (Wales) Bill. Our response to all of these consultations along with our response to the Planning (Wales) Bill can be found on our website at: http://www.rtpi.org.uk/the-rtpi-near-you/rtpi-cymru/policy-in-wales/.

If you require further assistance, have any queries or require clarification of any points made, please contact RTPI Cymru on 029 2047 3923 or e-mail Roisin Willmott at walespolicy@rtpi.org.uk.

Yours sincerely,

Dr Roisin Willmott MRTPI

Director RTPI Cymru

	Review of Planning Application Fees				
Dat	te of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015				
Name	Roisin Willmott				
Organisation	RTPI Cymru				
Address	PO Box 2465 Cardiff CF23 ODS				
E-mail address	walespolicy@rtpi.org.uk				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants				
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		X		

Comments:

The RTPI supports a well-resourced planning system. We understand that the increase is a combination of an increase to reflect inflation and also to provide more resources to ensure improved service delivery and to reflect that planning fees have not increased since 2009.

However, for the future we would support the principle of more regular, smaller and transparently justified changes to fees.

In our view any increase in fees, greater than inflation, can only be justified if it is used to support delivery of improvements to the planning system.

The consultation states that total inflation since 2009 (when fees were last changed) has been 7%, there is no clear statement to show how the figure of 15% is derived or what index of inflation has been used. It is difficult for respondents to make informed comments on the 15% increase without this figure being justified. If the 7% inflation figure is accepted this leaves an 8% increase in fees. How this has been established as an appropriate level for improving delivery is not clear. Has this been discussed with Local Planning Authorities (LPAs) to

establish that this is enough to improve their services?

We are not convinced that the proposals will provide service improvements to justify the 15% increase. The reason we remain unconvinced of this is due to the lack of clear proposals to improve delivery - the consultation states that the increase is based on an "understanding that there is a commitment by LPAs to review their service delivery" (para 2.11 pg4). This statement is vague; the consultation offers no guarantee that the increase in funding will be used to improve service delivery. The RTPI understands there is no scope to ring fence budgets to deliver specific service improvements and LPAs will have discretion how they use any increase in fees. The Welsh Government (WG) should introduce a requirement to ring fence this income for the deliver of the Development Management Service.

The consultation indicates that LPAs achieve on average 66% cost recovery, a 15% increase in fees will therefore still result in less than 100% cost recovery. It would also be informative to be given the % cost recovery of the overall system (e.g. total costs against total income). This could be more meaningful than 'average cost recovery' by LPA given the diversity in costs and income between authorities. The consultation identifies a 60% difference in cost recovery between LPAs, this points to a more fundamental issue, that an increase in fees will not be able to address.

We do support moves to LPAs achieving 100% cost recovery from development management services, the consultation does not indicate if the aim of the overall changes is to achieve full cost recovery. With the increased planning fees, proposals for fees for other activities such as conditional discharge, LPAs charging for pre-application advice and more efficient service provision in LPAs progress may be made towards 100% cost recovery and the RTPI would support moving to this situation.

The 15% increase brings fee levels to an amount similar to England, but slightly lower. There is no clear reason why fees could not simply be brought to at least the same levels as those in England.

We have made some brief comments on the fee schedule below:

- No fee is given in the schedule for approval of reserved matters.
- It is not clear why outline fees are repeated for agricultural buildings.

Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

RTPI Cymru believes that consideration should be given to all options available and changes to planning fees should not be considered in isolation. It is our view that any increase in fees together with other measures in this consultation and elsewhere should, at least in theory achieve 100% cost recovery. The consultation and Regulatory Impact Assessment (RIA) do not in our view evidence that this is the case.

We note that there are other options apart from an increase in fees. These include a reduction in the time available for the commencement of development from five to three years with prevention of the use of section 73 to vary the time limit for commencement. This measure could be implemented simply through commencement of section 51 of the Planning and

Compulsory Purchase Act 2004. This would lead to an increase in fee income. It is not clear within the consultation or Regulatory Impact Assessment whether options such as this have been considered.

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				X

Comments:

We would favour an approach which engenders a positive culture. Refunding fees from a service which may already be struggling for resources would not result in improved performance, but could in fact result in an opposite outcome.

Instead RTPI Cymru believes that the existing complaints procedure encourages discipline to the planning system. Where there is maladministration, which could include significant unjustified delay to determination, a complaint can be made to the LPA and following this to the Public Services Ombudsman Wales.

There are a number of issues which we feel important to raise, if this proposal is pursued:

We note that the consultation acknowledges the scope for this provision to be abused, because it may incentivise delay until the refund deadline to obtain a refund. This could be as simple as delaying the signing of a section 106 agreement, the LPA would have limited ability to refuse in this situation as they would have resolved to approve the application subject to the agreement. Conversely it will be a strong incentive to issue a decision whatever the circumstances for the LPA when the deadline is looming. This proposal may result in a new source of conflict within the system. We have not been able to identify any safeguards that could be put in place to prevent this.

We also consider the refunding of the planning fee unacceptable for a LPA which may have reasonable reasons for delayed determination.

RTPI Cymru believes that it is inequitable that an LPA will be made liable to refund a planning fee where it is prevented from making a decision on a planning application by a direction from the WG. The WG Transport Directorate currently issue 'holding' directions that planning permission is held as pending until such time as their concerns are addressed. The WG Planning Division also issue directions preventing a decision on an application where they are considering taking actions such as the calling-in of an application. The WG should provide the refund to the developer in this instance. We note that this is part of the recommendations of the Arup et al (2012), http://wales.gov.uk/docs/desh/research/121107anewapproachen.pdf which is used to justify the imposition of this measure on LPAs in the consultation, in the report (page 73, paragraph 2) under 'incentives and penalties' - which states "The WG should also consider provision and enforcement of penalties and incentives for timely deliberation in regard to applications called in so that it too is similarly performance-bound in the same way as others".

The applications that are more likely to exceed the deadlines are potentially the more complex, larger-scale major development proposals, which attract the largest fees. There seems no acknowledgement of this within the consultation and the RIA fails to acknowledge

this as well. The RIA contains the assumption (at para 5.21) that based on refunding 10% of applications that the 'average fee' will be refunded e.g. £4,640 p.a. is the likely annual refund. This is not reflected in the development control returns to WG which show that determination periods for major applications are longer. If one major development scheme with a large fee goes over the deadline a LPA will be refunding far in excess of £4,640.

Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available?				
As not stated promo	Comments: As noted in the consultation and RIA not introducing this amendment is an option. As already stated we would prefer to see a focus on a positive approach and using a mix of good practice promotion through PAIS and peer review and a positive use and evaluation of the annual reports.				
	der line' approach would be through the 'special meas ied in the consultation.	sures' pro	visions, which has	s been	
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comn	nents:				
No co	mment				
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?		
	nents:				
No co	mment				
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
		Х			
Comp	nents.				
	Comments: RTPI Cymru agree that resources should be made available to consider submissions to				

discharge planning conditions.

We believe that this can either be found through the initial fee itself or through the charging of a fee when information related to a condition is submitted as proposed in the consultation.

We consider that the proposals are vague in relation to conditions on cross boundary applications and we would request more detail is provided on this specific point.

Q4b

If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

We note that large scale infrastructure projects with multiple and complex conditions are likely to have significantly higher costs for discharge than put forward in this consultation and would suggest that is reviewed. Some additional categories could also be included e.g. major development and not just householder and other.

Q5

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

Whilst we support the concept of a target time period, we do not necessarily support the refund of the fee. Instead we would prefer to see a positive culture approach, particularly given that there are factors which the LPA does not have control over.

LPAs are often reliant on third parties such as statutory consultees to discharge a condition they may have limited control over discharge within 16 weeks; they also have problems where information is submitted directly to the consultee and not the LPA. Some guidance on the discharge process should perhaps be produced, so that all parties know what expectations are on them.

The time limit will potentially prevent the scope for negotiation and addressing of issues within the submission for the discharge of a condition and make the process more inflexible. A preapplication stage for the discharge of condition may even be created.

Any incentive for consultation and engagement on conditional discharge will be reduced, to ensure that matters are dealt with in time.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			X	

Comments:

The consultation notes that this is linked to proposed changes to the decision notice within the Planning (Wales) Bill. Please refer to <u>section 7.2 of our response</u> to the proposal and we endorse this.

Prior to the Bill there does not seem a clear reason to include this provision within the fees schedule, LPAs have powers to charge for this already as a discretionary function.

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			X	
Comr	nents:			

The handling of s106 agreements vary both by the type of agreement (see below) and by the complexity of the agreement. Anecdotal experience indicates that there is acceptance that the legal departments of LPAs charge for their involvement in handling planning obligations. S106 agreements are only required by LPAs to make development acceptable, it is therefore difficult to envisage that the preparation of them could be held as discretionary on the part of the LPA.

This proposal is supported to ensure an appropriate basis for charging is provided. However, where there is a charge for a service, an acceptable level of service needs to be provided.

Q7b

If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?

Comments:

Section 106 agreements vary in complexity; agreements can take the form of a Unilateral undertaking, Bilateral agreement or Multi-lateral agreement.

We believe that charging should reflect the different types of agreement. Any flat rate for the preparation of an agreement should reflect the varying complexity of agreements and should be based on actual costs to LPAs of preparing these agreements.

Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		X		
	ments: ther comment			

Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			X	

Comments:

We have found it difficult to comment on this proposal due to the wording of the proposals. It appears to propose inclusion of 'broadband cabinets' as elements of street furniture such as

litter bins, parking meters etc.

Given the public interest identified and in the interests of consistency, we would offer no particular objection to the proposal. However we would like to know more detail of what a 'specified area' refers to. We would suggest that this refers to a single street address.

Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.
Comn	nents:
No fur	ther comment

Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				\ <u>/</u>
				Х
Comme				Х
	ents: ner comment			Х

Q10b

If you have answered no, please explain why.

Comments:

We found the reasoning for this proposal difficult to follow and have outlined our interpretation of the reasoning behind it below:

We accept that the current system of fees does incentivise the use of section 73 applications to 'amend' a planning application. This is due to the lower fee levels that a section 73 application incurs when compared with the fee for the submission of a planning or reserved matters application. While accepting this point it is considered that this proposal which appears limited to reserved matters is not necessarily warranted for the following reasons.

While it is agreed that the use of section 73 to amend a reserved matters application maybe made superficially attractive by the fee; it is not clear that it offers an appropriate approach to amend a reserved matters application. Section 73(1) states it applies to: "applications for planning permission for the development of land without complying with conditions subject to which a previous planning permission was granted". It is therefore an application for planning permission (not an application for approval of reserved matters detail). The effect of section 73 is the creation of a new planning permission, it does not seem possible to put forward an application on the basis that it will somehow create a new reserved matters approval, as noted in the consultation it would require all application detail to be submitted and would have to amend the original outline. Due to this it is considered more than likely that a new reserved matters application would be made in preference. We remain to be convinced that there is a major issue in this respect.

We can see no clear reason why this proposal is constrained to the issue of amendments through s73 to reserved matters only. The arguments for extending the 'free go' provisions to allow a free submission of reserved matters following approval seem to equally apply to the approval of a planning permission and it is not clear why this proposal has been limited to reserved matters only.

The proposed wording to provide the 'free go' are not provided as part of the consultation and we are not able to comment on them. We would appreciate the opportunity to comment on these in draft form for example we would want to ensure the procedures ensure that the 'free go' only applies to reserved matters of the same character, effectively the same development and same fee.

As a general comment this proposal is to extend the 'free go' provisions. This appears to run contrary to the research commissioned by the WG from Arup and Fortismere Associates (section 6.5) http://wales.gov.uk/docs/desh/research/131129evaluating-planning-process-for-housing-en.pdf this research states that: "The common current practice of an applicant or agent withdrawing an application facing refusal serves only to frustrate the system and result in additional administrative burden associated with a resubmission for which there might not be an application fee payable." It is not clear why proposals are coming forward to extend this provision in light of this research.

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			X	
Comments:				
The RTPI supports the measure of splitting this from Plant and Machinery for the reasons outlined in the consultation.				

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			X	

Comments:

Wind turbines tend to have wide ranging landscape and visual impacts that LPAs commonly consider require wider publicity than would be the case if they kept to the statutory minimum. They can also require the commissioning of specialist consultants to review supporting information. This may justify a specific fee that reflects the actual costs of determining these applications. While noting this it is a concern that this type of proposal is seen as a special case when the same arguments could be put forward for a wide range of other types of energy development.

Q11c

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

Fees that are reflective of the significance of the impact of development.

It is difficult to come up with an approach other than some combination of application area, height to nacelle / blade tip, number of turbines and installed capacity as outlined in the consultation. The fee then reflecting these as surrogates for the significance of impact. This is likely to be imperfect. The reference to Mega Watt should perhaps be changed to 'installed capacity'.

Q12a

Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?

Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	X	

Comments:

Where cross border applications occur the fact that costs are shared but income is not seems unreasonable. It is therefore agreed that the income for cross boundary applications should be split, but while accepting this principle we do have significant concerns whether this is a worthwhile exercise as outlined in the following question.

Q12b

If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?

Comments:

The proposals seem reasonable with the requirements split depending on the development in each LPA's area. This will introduce complexity and in our view clear practical guidance from the WG will be required, for example: if there is a cross boundary material change of use the fee, it is assumed, would be proportionate % of £380 to the site area in each LPAs boundary; operational development which physically crossed the boundary would it is assumed not follow this approach and would be for the particular bits of operational development in each area. Where there is material change of use and operational development it is assumed that it depends on which fee takes precedence, followed by proportionate division between LPAs. For a residential development the number of units in each area would seem reasonable for full applications or reserved matters, for outline the proportion of the application area could be used.

We suggest that the schedule of fees should include an indication of how cross border applications for each development type are to be considered.

Adding this complexity gives scope for more errors and greater dispute in calculating fees and potentially scope for delay while matters are settled between LPAs. Also for an application to be valid it must be accompanied by the appropriate fee, this opens the opportunity for litigation based on the interpretation of the fees taken by an LPA.

The current system has the benefit of being simple, easy to interpret and relatively free from

dispute - although we would accept unfair if each application is considered on its own. While acknowledging this there is no indication how often cross boundary applications are submitted and if some LPAs are generally always gaining fees while others are generally losing out - it may just even itself out. It is quite possible that these applications aren't that common and where they do occur, it maybe that in most instances the vast majority of development is in one LPA area and under both the old and new system they would get the fees anyway. It has to be questionable if it is worth bothering introducing these provisions?

There is no statement on how cross border applications between England and Wales will be dealt with as there will be a conflict in the legal provisions that apply.

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			X	

Comments:

The RTPI is concerned that the RIA has been described as being published in draft and partial form. The main part of the RIA is a cost - benefit analysis (CBA) of two options - doing nothing and the proposals in the consultation document. CBA seems a reasonable approach to analysing the proposals which relate to fees and resources in the planning system.

While we appreciate this is draft and partial RIA; we cannot accept as appropriate what appears to be a narrative and descriptive approach taken to CBA, which is generally seen as a quantative appraisal technique. There is no reference to standard government procedures, for example has the policy appraisal used methods in HM Treasury's Green Book? Does it conform to the advice within this? There is little consideration of the impact of the changes on the overall planning system or assessment of the varying impact on the diverse range of LPAs in Wales. The assessment appears as anecdote and uses the occassional statistic.

We have made some specific comments below.

Increase Fees

- The RIA in paragraph 3.13 states "planning application fee income will continue to only cover 60% of the cost of associated with processing and determining applications". While paragrapgh 2.2 of the consultation document states the "average cost recovery across Wales is 66%". There is a reference to 60% difference in cost recovery between LPAs which shows a disparity in planning functions which should be reflected in the RIA.
- We believe that there is no such thing as the average LPA. The RIA should look at what is going to happen to each LPA not a notional average one and consider the impact on the resources in the system as a whole.

Refund

- Paragraph 5.21 (of the RIA) in our view is flawed. We believe that, due to their nature, the more complex applications which require more consideration and atract higher fees are likely to go over the period for determination.
- RTPI Cymru challenges the costs of planning delay as referenced in 5.27 of the RIA,

which quotes figures from UK reports. It is not clear whether either of these figures reflect the cost of processing applications for development or whether they reflect the true costs of any delays. What the figures do not reflect is the benefit that the planning system delivers, there is little robust or systematic evidence for the proposition that the planning system acts as a barrier to economic growth. Rather, the 'costs of planning' have largely been a matter of assertion by a small but vocal number of critics.

The RTPI has recently commissioned research into the value of planning. Remarkably, given the debates around planning reform across the UK, it represents the only recent and wide-ranging review of research regarding the economic value of planning. A comprehensive rather than selective assessment of the economic value of planning is now essential. We welcome suggestions for further work on this agenda, including proposals for partnerships and collaborations.

Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:
Comr	nents:
00	
No fur	ther comments
I do n	ot want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

	Review of Planning Application Fees			
	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015			
Name	Name Simon Gale			
Orga	nisation	Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council		
Addr	ess	Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council Planning Department, Sardis House, CF37 1DU, Pontypridd.		
E-ma	il address	simon.gale@rctcbc.gov.uk		
	se select	Businesses/ Consultants		
follow	rom the ving)	Local Planning Authority		
		Government Agency/Other Public Sector		
		Professional Bodies/Interest Groups		
		Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)		
		Other (other groups not listed above) or individual		
Q1a	Do you agre in fees?	ee with the proposed 15% increase Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:				
Q1b	Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?			
Comr	nents:			

Consultation	reference:	WG23067

		1	1	
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				\boxtimes
Comments: Having such a significant penalty based solely on the speed of determination appears to contradict the Performance Framework approach and Annual Performance Report that Welsh Government are proposing, in seeking to judge the performance of an authority in a much rounder sense. For a council to lose a large fee from its budget simply because it took longer than expected to determine one large application, when all it's other permormance is good is wholly disproportionate particularly when the delay might not have been the fault of the authority. Whilst there are mechanisms in the proposal to agree an extension (with the applicant) of the time period before a refund is necessary it is still likely to drive unintended behaviours such as authorities forced to refuse applications to avoid refunding the fee, or developers prolonging negotiations to get their fee back.				
Q2b If you do not agree, what other options are available?				
Comments: Welsh Government should reconsider how the proposed Performance Frameworks and Annual Performance Reports can be used to monitor the quality of planning services rather than impose significant financial penalties based on the speed of determining individual planning applications.				
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	nents: ot agree with any time period			

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?
	nents: ot agree with any time period

Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?

Yes (subject to further comment)

Comments:

The £83 charge is disproportionate to the work involved. Under the proposal the same fee of £83 would be applied to a request to approve the materials on a new shopfront development as a request to discharge all 40 complex conditions on a major development.

Q4b

If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

There could be a smaller fee applied but that fee should be for the discharge of each condition rather than each request. If there is concern that some authorities may add more conditions than necessary to increase revenue, then this could be monitored by Welsh Government as part of the National Performance Framework

Q5

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: Yes: subject to agreed extensions of time and a refusal to discharge the condition constituting compliance Yes Do you agree with the introduction of a Yes (subject to No Q6 standardised fee to accompany a confirmation further that conditions have been discharged? comment) \square Comments: Yes Do you agree with proposals for the Yes (subject to No Q7a introduction of a set fee to accompany the further drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation? comment) \boxtimes Comments: The current arrangements where Council Legal departments charge a fee for the actual work they have undertaken is fairer. It is often the applicant's solicitors that cause delay in the processing of a Section 106 agreement If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are Q7b your reasons? Comments:

Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comr	nents:				
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comr	Comments:				
Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments:					
001111					
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:					

Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comments: If the applicant has changed their mind after an approval then it is reasonable for them to pay for the consideration of an amended scheme.				
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	ents:			
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	ents:			
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	l be take	n into account v	vhen is
Commo	ents:			

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
Comments: By using the proportion of the red line within each authority for outline applications or using the proportion of the number of dwellings/floorspace/number of wind turbines for full and reserved matters applications.				
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:	
-----------	--

The proposed 15% increase in planning fees is welcome just to keep up with the rising costs of dealing with planning applications. There has not been an increase in fees in Wales for a number of years and this proposal reflects increases that have already been implemented in England. However, it should be recognised that the increase will still not cover the full cost of determining planning applications.

	I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)	
--	---	--

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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email: <u>planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk</u> or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees						
	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015					
Name	Name Keith Jones					
Orga	nisation	Institution of Civil Engineers Wal	es Cymr	'u		
Address Cambrian Buildings Mount Stuart Square Cardiff Bay CF10 5FL						
E-ma	il address	keith.jones@ice.org.uk				
	se select	Businesses/ Consultants				
one fi follow	rom the ving)	Local Planning Authority				
		Government Agency/Other Public	Sector			
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				\boxtimes	
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
Other (other groups not listed above) or individual						
Q1a	Do you agre in fees?	e with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:						
Q1b	If not, what	do you consider to be a more approp	oriate ch	ange, if any?		
Comments: For householder applications 0% For other applications 30%						

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067				
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	nents:			
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
Comn	nents:			
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		\boxtimes		
Comm	nents:			
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	opriate time?	
Comn	nents:			

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No 🖂
Comr	nents:			
No se	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute nents: parate fee should be charged for these service d be covered by the initial application fee.			
Q5 Comm	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be remembers:			fee to
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: No separate fee should be charged for these services. The cost of provision should be covered by the initial application fee.				

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: It would be useful and would add transparency if all LPAs used a standard formula in calculating their legal fees for this work.					
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are	
Comr	nents:				
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:					
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
	nents: curn for this it should be a requirement that th	e adver	tisements are a	lso to	

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 be removed after a specified period of time. If you have answered no, please explain why. Q9b Comments:

Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	ents:			

Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments:

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		\boxtimes		
Comm	ents:			

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comme	ents:			
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be takeı	n into account w	hen is
capacit	ents: Imber of turbines, the height of turbines, the ty, the site area and any formulae used by ot culation of these fee levels elsewhere should into account in arriving at an appropriate for	her regulation in the contract	ılatory authorit	ies for
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comme	ents:			

	ion reference: WG23067
Q12b	If you have answere

Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?						
Comments: The fee should be divided up into the proportion of the site area within each constituent authority.							
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:							
Comme	ents:						
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)							
How to Respond Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:							
Email Email							

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Review of Planning Application Fees							
Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015							
Name							
Organisation	National Parks Wales						
Address							
E-mail address							
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants						
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority						
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector						
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups						
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)						
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual						
		T					
Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees? Yes (subject to further comment)			No				
		Ш					
Comments: The Welsh National Park Authrities consider that the proposed 15% increase is acceptable, considering that there has not been an increase since 2009. The proposed increase will be in line with planning fees in England. Fess should be more targeted and equitable. The WG should consider a more regular review of fees on an annual basis to avoid large increases in fees.							

Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

It is considered that a higher increase could be supported that more accurately reflects the actual cost to the Local Planning Authority of considering different

types of planning applications. In addition, having regard to the fact that this will be the first increase in the fees since 2009, it is considered that the majority of the increase is in line with inflation and as such, does not truly reflect an increase in fees.							
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comments: Yes - Significant improvement has been made in the performance of the 3 Welsh National Parks over the past 3 years. Provided that there will be clear guidance on the crieria of providing a refund as more often than not it is due to the actions of the agent/applicant that delays occur, preventing LPA from making a timely decision. Unless there is clear and unambiguous guidance however on this matter it will become an issue of dispute between LPA's and developers.							
If you do not agree, what other options are available?							
Comr	nents:						
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			

Comments:

16 and 24 weeks appears to be a reasonable timeframe. Such a timeframe should not include decisions subject to 106 agreements where a committee resolution or delegated decision has already been reached.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067				
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?	
Comr	nents:			
			Yes	
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning	Yes	(subject to further	No
-4 : : :	conditions?		comment)	
	nents:			
	since charges have been intoduced in England why charges are not applicable in Wales. Disch		•	
requi	res an officer to re-visit the application site ar			
help	to recover some of the costs.			
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an apr	propriate amount	?
Comr	nents:			
	Do you agree with our proposed time period of	16 weeks	s after which the	fee to
Q5	accompany a discharge of condition would be re			100 10
	nents:	· · · · ·	46	
	16 weeks is a reasonable and workable timefr ating circumstances which cause a delay beyor			
	, ,			

Consultation	reference:	WG23067
Consultation	reference.	VV UZ3001

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: Dealing with such a request can be time consuming for LPA. The fees proposed are acceptable					

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				\boxtimes
0				

No - Section 106 planning obligations vary in complexity and the LPA should be responsibe for setting their own fees, based on complexity and time spent by officers in drafting and completing obligations.

If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?

Comments:

	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a			
Q8	ground (a) appeal should only be payable to	Yes	Yes	No
	the LPA?		(subject to	

Consultation reference: WG23067 further comment) \square Comments: Yes - paying a fee to the Planning Inspectorate is unfair to the appellant agree that advertisements Do you Yes broadband cabinets in a specified area should (subject to Yes No Q9a be treated as a single site for the purposes of further charging a fee? comment) \boxtimes Comments: Each proposal should have its own fee to reflect officer time and the diverse nature of locations. Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: National Park areas are diverse and each site needs to be assessed individually. Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No Q10a following approval of a reserved matters further application? comment) \boxtimes Comments: If a decision of reserved matters has been made the applicant has had sufficient opportunity to consider the development. Further re-consideration should attract a fee via the section 73 route as suggested.

Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.						
Comments: Applicants can apply for a Section 73 determination if further changes are proposed							
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Yes - Menergy	Comments: Yes - Many applications received by the three National Parks are for renewable energy developments. These developments vary in scale and a separate fee schedule, would ensure consistency and reasonable cost recovery.						
			·				
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comments:							

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

As suggested in paragraph 3.44 Consider fees based on an area required around

individual wind turbines for uninterrupted airflow - currently turbines on large
wind farms are spaced about seven rotor diameter blades apart. Calculate fee or
a circle of this diameter around each turbine. This area would vary with
size/output of turbine - larger turbines require greater separation therefore feed would correspondingly go up. Alternatively fees based on rotor diameter and area swept by blades could be considered. Again larger diameter turbines would attract more fees which would correspond to greater work input by LPA's.

Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
		\boxtimes				
Comments: Authorities should split the fee with the decision making authority having a higher percentage of the fee.						
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?						
Commo	ents:					

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm No Cor	ents: nments			

Q14

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

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[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Oorisait	Review of Planning Application Fees					
	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015					
Name)	George Ashworth				
Orga	nisation	Monmouthshire County Council				
Addr	ess	The Rhadyr USK NP15 1GA				
E-ma	il address	planning@monmouthshire.gov.uk	•			
	se select	Businesses/ Consultants				
follow	rom the ving)	Local Planning Authority				
		Government Agency/Other Public	Sector			
		Professional Bodies/Interest Group	os			
		Voluntary sector (community group help groups, co-operatives, social and not for profit organisations)				
		Other (other groups not listed above	e) or inc	dividual		
Q1a	Do you agre in fees?	e with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: This would need to be reviewed and increased on an annual basis until LPAs are closer to cost recovery.						
Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?						
Comr	nents:					

Consult	allon reference. vv G23067						
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No 🖂			
Comr	nents:						
There	e could be cases where applicants have deliber	rately de	elayed the subm	nission			
of ne	cessary information requested by the LPA as a	ploy to	ensure a fee is				
repai	d. This would make a standard period for refu	nd diffic	cult to enforce.				
	·						
	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?					
Q2b	The your do not agree, what other options are available	abio.					
	nents:						
Kemo	ve the 6 month limit on the appeal against no	n-aeterr	mination				
			Yes				
	Do you agree with the proposed time period of	Yes	(subject to	No			
Q3a	16 and 24 weeks?	165	further	INO			
-,00			comment)				
		Ш		\boxtimes			
Comr	nents:						
See a	bove.						
Oah	If you do not garee, what do you consider to be	on oraș	prioto timo?				
Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?							
Comments:							
See Response to Q.2b as an alternative to this sanction.							
	see hesponse to Q.ZD as an atternative to this sanction.						

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No				
	Conditions:	\boxtimes	comment)					
Comments: The charge of £25 for a householder application and £83 for all others seem proportionate.								
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	ropriate amount	?				
Comn	nents:							
	De very garage with a very group and time a region of 4	C also		footo				
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			iee to				
Comments: No - delays can be attributed to the quality of submission and the need for a response from a consultee. This would only lead to more applications being refused on the basis of lack of adequate information.								
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No				
Comn	nents:							

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No						
Comments: The fee will vary according to the complexity of the agreement. The Council's Legal Department should be allowed to set its fee according to the time taken on each agreement.										
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are						
Comr	nents:									
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No						
Comments:										
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No						
				\boxtimes						
Comn	Comments:									

Our LP them t	Our LPA has not sought applications for such advertisements as we consider them to be primarily for the purpose of promoting Superfast Broadband rather than the business providing the roll out.							
Q9b	f you have answered no, please explain why.							
Commo	ents:							
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No				
There applica	Comments: There may be significant variation in the layout of a revised reserved matters application which would need comprehensive consideration by the LPA, potentially taking up significant time and resources.							
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.							
Commo								
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No				

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Commo	ents:			
			Yes	
	Do you agree that wind turbines should also	Yes	(subject to	No
Q11b	have a separate system of fee calculation?		further	
	,		comment)	
Commo	onte:			
Commi	ents.			
	What factors, or combination of factors, should	be take	n into account w	hen is
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is
	calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents:			hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines?			hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents:			hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents:			hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents:			hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents:			hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents:			hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents:			hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a			hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary		height.	hen is
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed,	nd their	height.	
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee	nd their	Yes (subject to	
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed,	nd their	Yes (subject to further	
Commo Scale,	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	nd their	Yes (subject to further	
Commo	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	nd their	Yes (subject to further	
Commo Scale,	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	nd their	Yes (subject to further	
Commo Scale,	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	nd their	Yes (subject to further	
Commo Scale,	calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: including site area, the number of turbines a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	nd their	Yes (subject to further	

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed? Comments: Each authority should charge according to the development proposed in each area, based on current fee scales.

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comm	nents:					
Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas					
Comm	nents:					
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)						

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees									
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015								
Name Angela Loftus									
Organisation	Denbighshire County Council								
Address	Caledfryn, Smithfield Road, Denbigh, Denbighshire, LL16 3RJ								
E-mail address	angela.loftus@denbighshire.gov.	uk¤							
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants								
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority								
	Government Agency/Other Public	Sector							
	Professional Bodies/Interest Group	os							
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)								
	Other (other groups not listed above	ve) or inc	dividual						
Do you agree in fees?	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees? Yes (subject to further comment)								
_									
Comments: Although the 15%increase in fee is unlikely to ensure cost recovery for providing a planning service, the increased revenue will come at a much needed time for stretched LPAs.									
Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?									
Comments: N/A									

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The refund mechanism could result in perverse behaviour from the applicant and LPA which would remove the processing of the planning application away from relevant planning considerations related to the development proposal. On the issue of perverse behaviour, the document simply states 'we place equal weight on both parties' which fails to clarify what the process would be to assess whether a refund should be given when both parties disagree, and which body would be responsible for the arbitration. To independently assess whether a refund is warranted in contentious cases, it seems likely that an appeal mechamism could be created which would add more delays and cost for all involved including the public to fund the Inspectorate to take on this additional work.

From a Council's budget perspective, introducing a refund mechanism would lead to a level of risk and difficulty for Council's to rely on planning fees to underpin its revenue budget which is accentuated by how fundamental planning fees are in balancing the books for LPAs.

In addition, the refund mechanism assumes primarily that most delayed determinations are soley down to the LPA when in many cases the applicant has not provided requested information that is nesseccary in order to determine the application, or statutory consultees have not yet responded to the consultation.

The consultation document does not clarify what the status of the planning application would be once the refund has been issued? Is the application then treated as being withdrawn or is the LPA still expected to determine the application, even though the fee has been lost and the reason for the delay may lie with the applicant and not the LPA? What happens if the application is then appealed and dismissed due to lack of supporting information? Is the fee reinstated? The refund mechanism would lead to significant adminstrative and procedural issues.

DCC always strives to determine applications within the statutory timescales where the necessary information has been provided with the application and where relevant consultation responses have been received. The arbitary time limits of 16 and 24 weeks respectively would result in LPAs determining applications purely to avoid a refund request, which could result in substandard development being granted or schemes being refused which could have otherwise been made acceptable if the timescales allowed for further negotiations.

There is also the risk that applicants would request a refund where it is apparent

that proposals are likely to be refused, rather than for the performance of the IPA.

It is also noted that Planning Performance Agreements are to be encouraged for complex cases. However, agreeing the terms of a PPA are bespoke to the proposal and would always require a significant degree of resource from legal and finance officers, which further increases the burden on the local planning authority.

Finally, the Bill in general proposes centralising the determination of an array of planning applications in certain circumstances, yet the consultation document does not note whether WG would be subject to refunds when performance targets are not met. It is considered that WG should be subject to identical performance targets as LPAs and this is outlined in the relevant consultation paper response from DCC.

Q2b

If you do not agree, what other options are available?

Comments:

The increase in fees and early momentum from the economic recovery should be given time to filter through into the planning process and give LPAs a much needed rise in revenue which should subsequently improve performance before such a proposal is considered. In addition, the changes proposed to the non-determination appeal route should provide applicants with a valid route to pursue issues of delayed planning decisions, and costs could be sought in such an appeal.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				\boxtimes

Comments:

DCC do not agree with the refund mechanism in principle.

The speed of determining a planning application does not equate to good customer service, and the introduction of a refund deadline may result in many LPAs taking a more hardline approach and determining applications without any negotiation or compromise, which neither provides good service to the applicant or facilitates development.

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?
that s	nents: ot considered that a refund mechiasm would improve LPA performance and such a proposal is not based on an accurate analysis of what delays the mination of most planning applications.

Yes Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to Yes (subject to No discharge Q4a accompany the of planning further conditions? comment) \square

Comments:

Agreed, although the £25 fee for householder condition seems low in comparison to the time spent discharging and administrating such conditions.

Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

This would be dependent on analysis of evidence submitted by LPAs.

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded? **Q5**

Comments:

As per answer to the principle of refunds at Q2a and 2b, this mechanism would fail to improve LPA performance or improve the quality of applications and accompanying information submitted by applicants.

For major and EIA development, a number of pre-commencement conditions are often applied (e.g. Construction Method Statements, Traffic Management Plans, Habitat Management Plans, Drainage Strategies etc.). The detail to discharge these conditions is often contained in large and complex documents and requires consultation with statutory consultees which can often lead to protracted negotiations to satisfy concerns of consultees. Whilst DCC object in principle to a refund mechanism, should the Bill define refund deadlines, the timescales should reflect the fact that approval of condition for major and EIA development can be complex and time consuming, and the local planning authority can often be a go between between the applicant and other consultees (e.g. Highways authorities and NRW who request further additional detail)

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

LPAs spend a great deal of time on this non-fee related work.

3.13 states the discharge would only consist of written confirmation that no further information is required to be submitted rather than requiring the local planning authority to investigate whether or not the development has been built to plan. However, DCC are concerned that this approach may expose the LPA to a certain degree of risk as we would be formally confirming the condition has been complied without undertaking a site visit.

Instead, the onus should be placed on the applicant to demonstrate the condition has been complied with as part of the application to discharge a condition (e.g. by providing photographs or other evidence to demonstate the development has been built in accordance with the consent).

073	Do	you	agree	with	propo	osals	for	the	Yes		No
W/a	intro	duction	n of a	set fe	e to a	accom	pany	the	163	Yes	INO

	drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?		(subject to further comment)					
Comments: DCC already have such an approach in place as does a number of LPAs. A universal fee based on cost recovery would be welcome.								
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are				
Comn	nents:							
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No				
Comments: Agreed.								
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No				
Comments: This mechanism would give preferential treatment to BT, as the sole owner of the telecommunications asset, over other broadband providers.								
of bro	The provision of broadband services is a competitive market, and the retail sale of broadband services is a completely separate business to the management and maintenance of the utility assets.							

Consultat	on reference: WG23067			
Q9b	f you have answered no, please explain why.			
mainta	see comments in 9a above. BT are the statutining the utility asset, however the sale of but and this approach would give preferential to	roadban	d is a competiti	ve
	proach would therefore only seek to serve the serve the serve the serve the person of BT Broadband and would not be in the person of the serve the person of the serve	•		
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			П	\square
Comments: Where reserved matters have been approved, the scheme is therefore acceptable in planning terms. If the proposed changes are minor, there is always the option of a Non Material Amendment to the approved reserved matters to be applied for, and there is no obvious benefit to allowing the applicant a free go following a grant of a reserved matters application.				
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comme Please	ents: see above.			
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate	Yes	Yes	No

Welsh Government 8

fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?		(subject to further comment)		
	ents: rongly agree. The plant and machinery fee sc nd resource required to determine wind turb			

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		\boxtimes		

Comments:

DCC strongly support this proposal. As a county with a TAN8 Strategy Search Area and an abundant wind resource, we therefore receive a significant number of wind turbine planning applications.

The size and scale of wind turbine proposals are increasing in size and generating capacity (the most common turbine type at the moment has a rated capacity of > 225kW turbines. We no longer receive applications for micro turbines). However the fee does not reflect the time and resource required to determine applications, which are increasing in complexity due to the size of the turbines and cumulative effects and the Council has need to procure external consultancy services to assist the determination of applications, and the cost of consultants often exceeds the application fee especially for individual turbine applications.

The fee for windfarm developments are considered to be reasonable as site area includes all land required to facilitate the development including construction compounds, ecological mitigation areas, borrow pits etc.

However the fee for individual turbines, which are more numerous in volume and likely to be submitted to almost any LPA in Wales, often have a site area of no more than 0.1ha or 0.2ha in size, as the red line boundary is kept the absolute minimum (i.e small circle around the base of the turbine and 5m wide access track).

The fees referred to in 3.44 are not reflective of costs incurred by Councils to determine individual turbine applications, and the fee per 0.1ha needs to be

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Consultation	reterence:	VVGZ3067

increased significantly for all turbines with a rated capacity > 50kW. (at least					
double the £330 per 0.1ha).					

Q11c Ca

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

- Number of turbines,
- Rated capacity (but not the predicted output which could easily be minipulated and most LPAs do not have the time of technical understanding to challenge how the predicted annual output has been calculated)
- If area is to be used, the fee per 0.1 ha needs to be increased significantly for turbines with a rated capacity of greater than 50kW e.g. at least £700 per 0.1ha and the red line boundary should include the swept area of the turbine, the access track, ancillary infrastructure (cabinets / substations etc) and construction compounds / temporary working areas).

The per ha fee could then be scaled down as the area increases, as the current fee schedule already results in windfarm applications generating a reasonable fee due to their necessary size area.

Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?		Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	inomic:			
Comm Agreed				

Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?
Commo	ents:

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Yes Do you have any comments to make about Yes (subject to No the draft partial Regulatory Impact Q13 further Assessment at Annex 2? comment) \boxtimes Comments: We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues **Q14** which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them: Comments: I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick) **How to Respond** Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email
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[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]
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Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees						
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015					
Name	Andrew Ferguson					
Organisation						
Address	115 Keppoch Street, Roath, Cardiff					
E-mail address ajferguson80@hotmail.com						
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants					
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority					
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector					
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups					
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual					

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The accompanying Regulatory Impact Assessment states that since 2009, the costs associated with design and development process have increased by 7% as a result of inflation. Against this backdrop, local authority settlements have decreased by 8% since 2009 and planning application fee income will continue to only cover 60% of the costs associated with processing and determining applications.

With this in mind, and with future funding cuts likely in the forseeable future for Local Authorities, it is questionable whether this 15% increase will actually result in an improved service as opposed to maintaining the current status quo.

A higher percentage increase should be seriously considered if the Welsh Government are serious about increasing resources in LPAs and improving decisions as per the consultation document.

Annex 2 - Consultation Response Form
Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067				

Q1b

If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

If the WG are committed towards resourcing Local Authorities to improve performance, then the increase in fees needs to reflect this. As stated above, the % increase should be higher otherwise there is little/ no difference in real terms since 2009 (and applications have increased in complexity since this time).

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The document states that "Performance of the LPA is a priority for the Welsh Government, especially where the LPA has not delivered a service to its customers."

However, achieving sustainable development should be the key priority (as a statutory duty) and refunds will not invariably achieve this aim. Too much emphasis is placed on the speed of the decision, but quicker decisions won't necessarily mean sustainable decisions or better decisions. LPAs are encouraged to consider new ways of working/ thinking but the WG are not adopting the same principles themselves but revert to punishments to exact change.

With fear of having to give substantial refunds, LPAs may be minded to refuse applications which will result in appeal/ resubmission, and the overall result will be it taking longer to achieve permission.

In addition, during the assessment of the application, the LPA will incur costs and it is likely they will have undertaken significant work to get to a point where they can make a recommendation on a scheme. Delays generally mean time and negotiation and are required for genuine reasons.

Applicants have the right of appeal against non-determination at any point after the statutory period and this is considered an appropriate mechanism if

decisions are being delayed. Providing cost recovery for written rep. appeals as is being considered would provide appropriate recourse for unreasonable delays.

Q2b

If you do not agree, what other options are available?

Comments:

If improving the LPA performance is a key priority, then WG should be looking at ways to genuinely improve performance rather than a simple exercise of punishing poorly performing authorities as this will not necessarily produce the expected results. Quicker decisions may result in more refusals.

Amendments that could make the scheme acceptable may not be progressed which will lead to refusal, resubmissions or appeals and take longer to get a positive outcome as well as costing everyone in the process more time and money.

It would be more beneficial for WG to help LPAs that are 'underperforming' in terms of temporary secondments to help review procedures and advise on improvements/ lessons learnt elsewhere in Wales. This would help facilitate lasting change in LPA's.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

As outlined above, the City and County of Swansea do not agree with the penalty system proposed. The core principle should be Sustainable Development, not quick decisions/ development.

If the refund proposals are taken forward, then they should ONLY be applicable where pre-application advice has been given on an application.

This would enable the LPA to advise on the acceptability of a scheme and suggest amendments/ further information and would enable the LPA to make an earlier decision if this information is not forthcoming as part of the application submission.

Consultation reference: WG23067		

Q3b If y

If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

Comments:

Again, I don't belive this approach will have the desired effect. There shouldn't be specific time requirements - applicant can appeal non-determination and apply for costs if the LPA is acting unreasonably in making a decision.

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Consideration of information takes both time and resources to discharge, and can require both internal and external consultation. This approach would encourage developers to submit information upfront which enables all information to be considered at the same time.

The submission of information at different times (potentially over a 5 year period) can take significant time to review the necessary requirements of a condition and an approach supporting front-loading of the system is to be welcomed.

However, I would recommend that a maximum number of conditions is included within one fee (for example 5 separate conditions) to ensure that the cost of discharging conditions is recovered by the Authority and prevent developers from batching conditions unnecessarily.

Q4b

If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

It would appear that the fee of £83 is based on the fee for the Non Material Amendment and was calculated as half of the fee for a \$73 application (which is

Consultation i	reference:	WG23067
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	set to increase). This fee should also be increased by the same percentage to ensure it covers the actual costs of processing by the LPA.			
	- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10			
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?			

Once again, this approach does not result in an improved service and depends on the level of information submitted in the first place and 3rd parties in terms of responses from statutory consultees. Often conditions are requested by 3rd parties and without a response within the relevant time period, the LPA is unable to discharge the relevant condition. The applicant has a right of appeal if desired and cost recovery from written representation appeals would appear to resolve this issue rather than a refund as there is no consideration for why the condition could not be discharged within this time frame.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?		Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Reque shoul	nents: ests (especially historic requests) can take tim d be recompensed. This should become easier ion notice is progressed.			r time

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?		Yes (subject to further comment)	No
-----	---	--	---	----

Consult	alion reference. WG23007						
The construction natural precise be more required to the construction of the construct	Comments: The complexity of \$106 agreements can vary significantly depending on the nature of a scheme and can involve significant officer time in negotiating the precise wording of the agreement, trigger points, reviews etc. It therefore may be more beneficial to set a minimum fee and have a set fee per hour with a requirement for any additional fees to be evidence based. Fees should also be set for reviewing unilateral undertakings submitted with further provision (a set hourly rate) for additional work over and above the initial review.						
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are			
The f	ments: ee should be evidence based, set after consult rtments in Councils to ascertain the time and o rement and the different issues encountered in	cost requ	uired to prepare				
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Serving negotion application would	ments: ng an Enforcement Notice is a last resort follow ciation. Applicant's are advised that they have cation and notices are only served if this adviced d be equipped to deal with this administration d offset the cost of the LPA that is required wh	a right te e is not and the	o submit a plan heeded. The Li retention of ar	PA ny fee			
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			

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Subject to the actual definition of a specified area - cabinets should be within
close geographical proximity within a set distance of one another, not just
within a certain ward/ town etc

Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.
Comr	ments:
ı	

Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

If a Local Authority has concerns with a scheme then they will seek amendments during the application process. If an applicant wishes to take forward the RM application to determination, then they should not be able to have a free go. They have the option of progressing it or withdrawing it if they wish.

Any further submission should require a new fee. The Local Authority would incure more costs if the developer has a free go and this approach would allow the developer greater flexibility in drawing up their plans from the outset.

The improvements to the planning system aim to promote frontloading the system whereas this approach would allow greater flexibility and little extra cost to the applicant/ developer as well as adding greater confusion to the whole process to members of the public and greater cost on the LPA. This is not conducive to improving resources within LPAs.

Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.
See ab	

Canalitation		MCCCCC
Consultation	reference.	VVGZ3U07

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Energy generation development fees should be split between wind energy (onshore and off-shore) and other energy generation schemes.

It is also recommended that the WG pursue the introduction of fees for LPAs dealing with NSIP projects as under the current regime, Local Planning Authorities receive no fee despite applications/ inquiries taking up considerable officer time at all levels. This reduces time to process fee paying applications. Similarly, a fee should be payable to the LPA for work undertaken on Developments of National Significance in their area.

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			

Wind farm applications can be complex applications but the site area alone doesn't produce a fee that covers the significant work involved in dealing with these applications.

Q11c

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

The Local Planning Authority would concur that a combination of site area and

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
the lev	um power output should be included as the fel of complexity of the proposed scheme. The st and most effective solution.			
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
should	ocal Planning Authority would concur with the receive a fee based on the development pro enable the LPA to decide how to process the	posed w	ithin their area	. This
Q12b Comme See ab		iter be a	ddressed?	
L				

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

The RIA states that since 2009, the costs associated with design and development process have increased by 7% as a result of inflation. During this time planning fee levels have remained static, and so of the 15% increase in planning application fees, inflation is considered to form 7%.

The document states that it is expected that such an increase will allow

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Congultatio	n reference:	・ハハイイニンマᲘᲜフ

authorities to ensure their resources are appropriately allocated within their service - with this in mind, it would be advisable to review fees on a bi-annual basis in the future to ensure LPAs continue to have sufficient resources rather than decreased real-term resources over a 5 year period (such as the case since 2009).

Q14 W

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

Finally, I would strongly recommend that there should be a separate fee for a S73 application to amend a condition relating to a scheme for major development. Currently the cost of an application is £166, but as the S73 application is a new application, the notification requirements remain the same as for a major application and invariably the cost of advertising the application in the press results in the application costing the LPA significantly more than it received in fee income, before the application is even considered.

Similarly, WG should lobby for a change to the English fee structure to require fees to be payable to LPAs for NSIP projects in their area given the time and resources required to consider these applications as well as the fees payable to PINS for these applications.

Given that Developments of National Significance will require significant LPA involvement and work, a fee should be payable to the LPA for this work. It is suggested that this is included/ considered as part of this consultation exercise.

Finally, any updated/ consilidated regulations should be supplemented by an updated fee circular for clarity.

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Fmail		
Eman		

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Applicati	on Fees		
Dat	te of consultation period: 06/10/20			
Name	Richard Lewis			
Organisation	Torfaen County Borough Council			
Address	Planning & Public Protection Tŷ Blaen Torfaen, Panteg Way New Inn Pontypool NP4 OLS			
E-mail address	richard.lewis@torfaen.gov.uk			
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority			\boxtimes
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
	Professional Bodies/Interest Group	os		
	Voluntary sector (community group help groups, co-operatives, social and not for profit organisations)			
	Other (other groups not listed above	/e) or inc	lividual	
Do you agree in fees?	ee with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
on resources since performance. The increase is to	s not appear to be in line with ince the last increase and with the connection help LPAs to achieve WG's vision fore, be ringfenced.	ırrent d	rive for better	

Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that introducing a refund will Q2a further improve LPA performance? comment) \boxtimes Comments: This sends entirely the wrong message and introduces another target and more bureacracy. This is a negative step as focus would be very much on avoiding refunds rather than making a 'good' decision. The emphasis should be on front loading the process. The constant monitoring to ensure extension of time agreements are obtained does nothing to streamline the process. This will be significantly more bureacratic as LPAs introduce failsafe systems to avoid refunds particularly given the heavy constraints on budgets. The aim and focus should be to make the right decision as quickly as possible, not to avoid having to pay a refund by refusing or approving a poor proposal on week 15 or 23. There needs to be a recognition that delays are not always the fault of the LPA. This proposal doesn't tie up with the new 8 week performance indicator which recognises a 'resolution' as the 'determination date. If you do not agree, what other options are available? Q2b Comments: Applicants already have the option to appeal against non-determination. LPAs should review their existing systems to ensure they meet performance criteria and are able to justify when applications are delayed. The 'frontloading' process in its widest sense is key to improving the application process.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes	No
	To and 24 weeks?		res	

Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
			(subject to further comment)	
Comr	nents:			
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	ppriate time?	
The 1 from gener	ments: 16 weeks for householder appears reasonable I 10 houses to 1000 houses seems totally dispro- rally been the feeling that there should be a m lopment.	portion	ate. There has	
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Agree shoul a sing	ments: e with £25 for householders. However, fee for d be more proportional. The current £83 wou gle condition or for multiple requests for condi ame time.	ld be pa	yable for discha	arge of
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?
	l nents: est f83 for each non-householder condition to	he disch	parged	

the emphasis should be more on avoiding the need for conditions in the first place by ensuring the information is submitted before determination. If the information is submitted up front there will be an opportunity for residents to comment on it. If submitted under conditions discharge, residents rarely have the opportunity to comment.

\cap	5
Ų,	O

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

No - decisions could be made in the absence of responses from key consultees which is outside the control of an LPA. Again this is the wrong focus for LPAs.

Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?

Yes (subject to further comment)

Comments:

LPAs presently make a service charge for providing such information on determined planning applications.

Introducing a formal process for confirmation of discharge of a condition is misleading and confusing for the public. The submission of information and subsequent approval is not usually a 'discharge' of condition as conditions also require implementation of the approved details.

In addition what would be the status of the LPA response given that there is already a formal provision to check full discharge of a condition through the submission of Lawful Development Certificates. What if an LPA gave incorrect nformation that is acted upon?

Q7a Comm	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation? nents: esent a fee is taken for legal drafting. Some Lonitoring 106's which is just as important	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment) also taking a ch	No
	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons? nents: lause. most LPAs have a charging regime alread		ated? If not, wha	t are
The d	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA? nents: louble fee provides a disinsentive to carry out sary PP. Fees for retrospective applications get for proposed development to provide this disingle.	enerally	should be high	
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No 🖂
Comr	nents:			

	f Planning Application Fees ion reference: WG23067			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
only b	ents: is insufficient explanation in the consultatior roadband rollout for a fee reduction. Difficul 'facilitate' broadband rollout.			•
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
amend Larger amend	ents: es can already be dealt with via sec 73 and, if ments procedure. changes require re-assessment, consultation ments on full applications and should be subjects as is the case for full applications.	and pul	blicity similar to	0
	Do you agree that applications for renewable		Yes	

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is
Common number	ents: r, size, height and output.			
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: fee apportioned for the part of the development within each area subject to agreement for re apportionment where smaller area generates significantly more work eg. where the smaller area contains the access or main pollutants etc. Yes Do you have any comments to make about Yes (subject to No Q13 the draft partial Regulatory Impact further Assessment at Annex 2? comment) \boxtimes Comments: We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues Q14 which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them: Comments: Disagree with 'stick' approach. Most LPAs have the best intentions but this needs to be supported by having good systems and resources in place. The focus should be on what causes delay and what is considered to be acceptable delay and unacceptable delay. Has WG carried out any case studies to find out the reason why some applications are delayed and how this could be avoided? My Authority carried out its own review several years ago similar to Neath Port Talbot and adopted a very different approach to improving service and performance from the customers perspective. However, that approach appears to be at odds with WG's focus on targets and penalties.

9

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Dai	Review of Planning Applicati te of consultation period: 06/10/20			
Name	John Cooke			
Organisation	Mobile Operators Association			
Address	10 St Bride Street, London EC4A 4AD			
E-mail address	johncooke@ukmoa.org			
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority	Local Planning Authority		
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
	Professional Bodies/Interest Group	os		\boxtimes
	Voluntary sector (community group help groups, co-operatives, social and not for profit organisations)			
	Other (other groups not listed above	/e) or inc	lividual	
Do you agree in fees?	ee with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
and can have a sig telecoms provide	onomic climate, we believe that an gnificant cumulative impact on mu rs. However, if any fee increase is fund fully benchmarked improver	ılti-site a to be ir	applicants such ntroduced then	n as

We understand that Prior Approval telecom fees would remain different from

Full Planning fees, as is the case now, but would be subject to the same

percentage increase as for Full Planning fees.

Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more approp	oriate ch	ange, if any?	
Comr N/A	nents:			
			Yes	
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will	Yes	(subject to	No
Q2a	improve LPA performance?		further comment)	
We ag	nents: gree that introducing a refund could improve l			
	opriate governance and monitoring by WG to e st benchmarks and/or SLAs. There should be s			
	e performance is not improved.			
	If you do not agree, what other entions are avail	abla?		
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
Comr N/A	nents:			
IN/A				
			Voo	
00	Do you agree with the proposed time period of	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q3a	16 and 24 weeks?		further comment)	
		\boxtimes		
	nents: gree with the proposed time period of 16 and i	24 week	is.	
	general and proposed time period of 19 dild.		•	

Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?	
Comn N/A	nents:			
			Γ	
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Q4b Comn	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute nents:	s an app	propriate amount	:?
N/A				
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			fee to
We di perio	nents: isagree with the proposed time period of 16 w d of 8 weeks would be more appropriate for co ore simple cases.			
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation	Yes	Yes	No

00110411	ation reference: WG23067			
	that conditions have been discharged?		(subject to	
			further	
			comment)	
If a fe a star	ments: ee for such a service is to be introduced, we as ndardised fee to accompany a confirmation tha arged.	-		
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No
	drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?		comment)	
				Ш
Comr	Hens			
	gree with the proposals for the introduction of ing of a Section 106 planning obligation.	a set fe	e to accompan	y the
drafti	gree with the proposals for the introduction of ing of a Section 106 planning obligation. If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?			
Q7b Comr We be	gree with the proposals for the introduction of ing of a Section 106 planning obligation. If you have answered yes, how should this fee b	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Q7b Comr We be	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons? ments: elieve that the fee should be based on strict contains.	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Q7b Comr We be	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons? ments: elieve that the fee should be based on strict contains.	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: We believe that deemed application fee should be the same as the standard fee, rather than double. Do you agree that advertisements on Yes broadband cabinets in a specified area should Yes (subject to No Q9a be treated as a single site for the purposes of further charging a fee? comment) Comments: No comment. Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No Q10a following approval of a reserved matters further application? comment) Comments: No comment

Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.
Comm	ents:

ion reference: WG23067			
energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No
Wacimici y:			
l ents:			
nment			
		Yes	
Do you agree that wind turbines should also	Yes		No
have a separate system of fee calculation?		comment)	
nment			
What factors, or combination of factors, should	he take	n into account w	hon is
calculating the fee for wind turbines?	DE LAKE	ii iiito account w	11611 13
nment			
Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary			
planning applications should be addressed,	Yes	Yes	No
with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?		(subject to further	
	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation? What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: nment Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery? Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation? Pents: Inment What factors, or combination of factors, should be take calculating the fee for wind turbines? ents: Inment Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery? Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation? Po you agree that wind fee calculation? What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account we calculating the fee for wind turbines? What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account we calculating the fee for wind turbines? Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments:				

Q14

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

We also believe that where an application has been subject to pre-application consultation, and where pre-application fees have been charged, then planning application fees should be linked, so that a reduced planning fee should apply. If pre-application consultation on a proposed development has been undertaken, it should logically be the case that the LPA will already be familiar with the proposed development, so that dealing with the application should entail less work than if there had been no pre-application consultation. We have made a similar point in response to the separate consultation on Frontloading the Development Management System.

I do not want my name/or address	published with my response	(please tick)

How to Respond

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Email

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planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

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Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

WALES OFFICE SWYDDFA CYMRU

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Website/Safle We: www.fsb.org.uk

14 January 2014

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3NQ

To whom it may concern

RE: Review of Planning Application Fees

FSB Wales welcomes the opportunity to present its views to the Welsh Government on the review of planning application fees. FSB Wales is the authoritative voice of businesses in Wales. With 10,000 members, a Welsh Policy Unit, two regional committees and twelve branch committees; FSB Wales is in constant contact with business at a grassroots level. It undertakes regular online surveys of its members as well as a biennial membership survey on a wide range of issues and concerns facing small business.

FSB Wales does not believe that an increase in fees of 15% is acceptable as proposed in the consultation. The consultation document states that "it is evident that cost recovery and the customer service provided are affected by the planning fee level", without providing any evidence to substantiate this claim, particularly in relation to customer service. FSB Wales feels that, while there are undoubtedly considerable financial pressures facing local planning authorities, simply shifting the burden of fees on to applicants is not acceptable.

Furthermore, the consultation document continues "the proposed increase in planning fees would be on the understanding that there is a commitment by LPAs to review their service delivery". FSB Wales feels that this is a weak commitment to change and does not provide the guarantee that small firms will need in order to willing to accept a large rise in planning application fees. Should the fee rise be introduced, FSB Wales would like to see the Welsh Government ensure that services are improved. This could be done by tying performance more closely to the ability to raise higher fees.

Registered Office: National Federation of Self Employed and Small Businesses Ltd., Sir Frank Whittle Way, Blackpool Business Park, Blackpool, FY4 2FE Tel: 01253 336000 Fax: 01253 348046 Email: ho@fsb.org.uk Web: www.fsb.org.uk I hope you find the comments of FSB Wales of interest.

Yours sincerely

Janet Jones

Wales Policy Chair

Federation of Small Businesses Wales

Review of Planning Application Fees					
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015				
Name	Jonathan Pritchard				
Organisation	Stride Treglown				
Address	Treglown Court, Dowlais Road, Ocean Park, Cardiff CF2	24 5LQ			
E-mail address	jonathanpritchard@stridetreglown.com				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants				
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				
Do you agreed in fees?	ee with the proposed 15% increase Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comments:					
	e levels would remain slightly below those in England.				
However, any inc	rease needs to be accomapanied by an improved service	.			
Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?					
Comments:					

C	Consultation	reference:	WG23067
Г			

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
0				
	nents: may have an impact on larger schemes where the scheme was the scheme where the scheme where the scheme was the sc	fee leve	ls are higher.	
	ever, LPA's should not use this as a reason to rediscuss with the applicant and agree a way for		• •	her
-	performance is unlikely to improve if the reaso	on for th	e delay is lack o	of
resou	rcing.			
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
Comn	nents:			
00-	Do you agree with the proposed time period of	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q3a	16 and 24 weeks?		further comment)	
Comn	nents:			
Oah	If you do not page what do you compide the ho	on on	onvioto timo o O	
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	ppriate time?	
Comn	nents:			

Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	nents: ning the service improves.			
such	s are introduced consideration should be giver applications to avoid the need to submit separ rate fees.		•	
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	ropriate amount	?
Comr	nents:			
	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	6 wooks	after which the	foo to
Q5	accompany a discharge of condition would be re			166 10
	nents: 2 week period should be used as per England.			
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No
	that conditions have been discharged?	\square	comment)	

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: Yes agree with proposals Do you for Yes (subject to No Q7a introduction of a set fee to accompany the further drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation? comment) \boxtimes Comments: If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are Q7b your reasons? Comments: Calculated based on the number of obligations. Yes Do you agree that the fee to accompany a Yes (subject to No ground (a) appeal should only be payable to Q8 further the LPA? comment) Comments: that advertisements on Do you agree Q9a Yes No broadband cabinets in a specified area should Yes

	be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?		(subject to further	
			comment)	
Comm	onte:		Ш	
Commi	ents.			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	ents:			
		T	1	
			Yes	
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters	Yes	(subject to	No
Q 10a	application?		further comment)	
Comm				•
provid	es greater flexibility to developers.			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	ents:			
	Do you agree that applications for renewable			
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and	Yes	Yes (subject to	No

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	on reference: WG23067			
Comme	ents:			
			Yes	
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also	Yes	(subject to	No
QIID	have a separate system of fee calculation?		further comment)	
Comme	ents:			
	ino.			
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should	be take	n into account w	hen is
	calculating the fee for wind turbines?			
Comme	ents:			
	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q12a	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee	103	further	140
	income?		comment)	
Comme	ents:			

Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
Comm	ents:			
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm				
	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Comm	ents:			
I do no	t want my name/or address published with my re	esponse	(please tick)	
How to Respond Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:				
Email				

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[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430



Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Government
Cathays Park
CARDIFF
CF10 3NQ

Environment & Chemistry

Your ref. Your letter

Our ref. PLANCONS2015/W03/NBKR
Contact Neil Richardson

Contact Phone Fax

01793 893382 01793 894532

Email nei

neil.richardson@rwe.com

14 January 2015

Response to Consultation on Planning (Welsh Govt. ref WG23067)

Dear Sir/Madam

This response is submitted by RWE Generation UK plc ("RWE Generation"), the UK electricity generation business of the German-based RWE group, on behalf of all RWE group companies operating in Wales. These companies comprise:

- RWE Generation UK plc, which produces over 10% of the UK's electricity from our seven gas, coal and oil-fired power stations. We also manage a portfolio of gas and biomass fired combined heat and power plants across the UK. In Wales we own and operate Pembroke and Aberthaw power stations.
- 2. RWE Npower Group plc which supplies gas and energy services to over 6.5 million households in the UK;
- 3. RWE Innogy UK Limited (formerly RWE npower renewables), the UK subsidiary of RWE Innogy, which is one of the UK's leading renewable energy developers with an operational portfolio in the UK of 750 MW and a potential UK development portfolio of over 7,700 MW, including onshore and offshore wind farms and hydro plant. In Wales, RWE Innogy's portfolio includes Gwynt y Mor offshore wind farm, onshore wind farms and a group of hydro power stations centred on Dolgarrog.

The RWE group therefore has a significant ongoing interest in the effective functioning of the land use planning system in Wales including the planning application process and the fees payable for applications, reserved matters approval and discharge of planning conditions..

Our completed response form is attached. We accept the necessity for local planning authorities' development management activities to be adequately funded if a reasonable quality of service is to be provided, and that in present circumstances this can only be done from fee income. We do however have specific concerns about the proposals to set maximum fees for large developments in Wales at a level approximately 15% above the equivalent maxima In England in

RWE Generation UK plc

Trigonos Windmill Hill Business Park Whitehill Way Swindon Wiltshire SN5 6PB

T +44(0)1793 87 77 77 F +44(0)1793 49 15 86 I www.rwegeneration.com

Registered Office: Windmill Hill Business Park Whitehill Way Swindon Wiltshire SN5 6PB

Registered in England and Wales no. 03892782



Page 2

each fee category, and the very large increase in application fees for wind turbine developments which could arise from creating a separate fee schedule for these or for renewable energy developments. Please see our answer to Question 11b in particular.

I also draw attention to our incidental comments under Question 14, in particular the suggestion that the legal costs of entering into Section 106 agreements might be reduced in many cases if standard form agreements and clauses were developed at a (Welsh) national level for some of the more common situations such as contributions to road improvements and community facilities.

We hope that our responses to the consultation questions are helpful. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any queries or wish to discuss any part of our response in detail.

Yours faithfully

Neil Richardson

Corporate Environmental Consents Manager

RWE Generation UK plc

Not BK Nicherty

Review of Planning Application Fees					
Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015					
Name	Neil Richardson				
Organisation	RWE Generation UK plc				
Address	Electron Building, Windmill Hill Business Park, Whitehill Way, SWINDON, Wiltshire, SN5 6PB				
E-mail address	neil.richardson@rwenpower.com				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants	\boxtimes			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

We recognise that development management services have to be funded adequately if a reasonable quality of service is to be provided. Realistically this can only be done in present circumstances from fee income.

After the proposed increases, per area and per unit fees will still be slightly lower than the equivalent fee rates in England. However, the maximum fee in each category will be approximately 15% higher than the equivalent in England. Many larger projects are liable to pay the maximum fee and the proposed higher maxima will not help attract inward investment to Wales as against neighbouring areas of England.

We would prefer to see maximum fees for each category set at approximately the same level as the equivalents in England.

Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more approp	oriate cha	ange, if any?	
Comr	nents:			
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: The refund of the planning application fee would provide an incentive to LPAs to make timely decisions on applications but it would not necessarily deliver good quality decisions or indeed the right decisions, any more than at present. Neither can it address delays caused by late responses by statutory consultees such as Natural Resources Wales. It is not clear what incentive there would be for the LPA to determine an application (especially for politically unpopular development) once a fee refund had been made (other that the possibility of an appeal against non-determination and consequent loss of control of the decision by the LPA). We have concerns about the administrative cost to LPAs and the complications involved in managing and processing any refunds.				
Oah	If you do not agree, what other options are availa	able?		
Q2b What agrees, what outlet options are available.				
We su	ments: uggest that, especially for larger applications, a cation fee might be refunded initially, if the ap e due date.			

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?	
Comn	nents:			

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

We note that the proposed fee levels are significantly lower than the equivalents already in force in England, and the proposed basis for charging is similar to that in England. It has the merit of incentivising developers to group their submissions for discharging conditions. The extent to which this can be done will however be limited if there are pre-commencement and pre-occupation (or in our case pre-commissioning) or other conditions linked to different stages of the development. Therefore several relatively small fee payments may be required for discharge of conditions of more complex permissions.

However, the proposed arrangement has the merit that a fee payment and potential refund can be tied to a particular tranche of submissions, which provides some incentive to planning authorities to process submissions promptly. Therefore we support the proposed arrangement.

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067
0.415	If you do not a man what do you think a matitude and amount into an analysis.

If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?
nents:

Q5 a

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

No, it ought to be possible to process applications to discharge conditions substantially more quickly than applications for planning permission, and therefore we would suggest that the fee in respect of the discharge of conditions should be refunded if the application is not determined within 12 weeks.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The need for this sort of confirmation should decline over time if decision notices are made "live" documents generally available on-line from LPAs' websites as proposed.

See comment under Q14 about the situation where an application for a CLEUD is made.

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			\boxtimes	

Comments:

In principle we support the proposal to introduce a set fee for the drafting (if applicable), review and execution of Section 106 agreements by local planning authorities' solicitors. In practice Section 106 agreements for larger developments are normally drafted by the developer's solicitors and reviewed by the planning authority's legal staff, as implied by paragraph 3.18 of the consultation document. For smaller developments it is more likely that draft (often the LPA's standard) clauses will be provided by the LPA.

At present it is normally part of the terms of a Section 106 agreement that the developer has to pay either the local planning authority's legal costs, or a specified sum in respect of those costs. There is currently variation across Welsh local planning authorities in the basis on which they charge for Section 106 agreemnt work and the amount of any fixed fee. There is currently no incentive for the local authority or its solicitors to control these costs.

If a fixed fee is introduced nationally then local planning authorities should not be allowed to make any additional charges in respect of legal costs incurred in entering into a Section 106 agreement and should not be allowed to pass through the extra costs of employing an external solicitor if the local authority uses one.

The degree of complexity of Section 106 agreements and the associated negotiations varies considerably and if a single standard fixed fee were payable, this could be unfair to the developer in the case of smaller developments, and fail to achieve cost recovery for the local authority in the case of some major developments. We would suggest that a banded scale of fixed fees might be appropriate, with a Section 106 agreement associated with major development (Development Management Procedure Order definition) attracting a higher fee.

The Fees Regulations need to provide for the situation where a Section 106 Agreement is associated with a nationally significant infrastructure project within the meaning of the Planning Act 2008.

The consultation document is not explicit about how unilateral obligations (most often offered in connection with appeals) would be dealt with for fee purposes. Our view is that being unilateral, they should by definition not require any legal input from the local planning authority and as such should not attract any fee.

See also our comments under Q14 on the possibility of developing standard form S106 agreements and clauses, which may have the potential to save time and reduce legal costs and therefore fees.

Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee b your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are	
Comments: Some Welsh LPAs already have set fees for their legal input to \$106 agreements however these differ across the country. The fee should be calculated on the basis of cost recovery for any initial legal input, review and execution of the \$106 agreement only and should be a fixed fee per \$106 agreement (within each charging band if charging bands are used). The objective should be to achieve overall cost recovery while minimising administrative costs for all parties.					
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comr	ments:				
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: Yes if such advertisements are still considered to justify express consent. See comment under Q14 about the possibility of allowing such advertisements to be displayed with deemed consent to reduce unnecessary administration.					
Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why.					
Comments:					

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comerce	o nto		Ш	Ш
Comm	ents:			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	ents:			
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
separa of the section are sti We ago than won the electri	ents: seems to be an inconsistency here. This queste fee schedule for "renewable energy development states that "wind turbe" within the fees regulations and that "other II suited to the current method of charging". There there is no reason why electricity general find turbines) should not be subject to planning present basis of site area. This includes some city generation (e.g. small run-of river hydrostion, free-standing solar PV, etc.). We would	opment" oines wa energy tion dev ng appli e types o, biomas	, but paragraph rrant a separate generation projection fees calcof renewable ss-fuelled thern	e jects er ulated

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

We can accept the principle of fees for wind turbine applications possibly being calculated other than on the basis of site area. However, we are very concerned that the effect of a separate fee schedule for wind turbines (whatever the basis of charging) would be to raise application fees for wind turbine projects in Wales so much higher than the fees for similar developments elsewhere in the UK as to make Welsh projects uncompetitive in the Contracts for Difference allocation process.

Taking RWE Innogy's Taff Ely repowering proposal (45 ha, 7 turbines) as an example, the fees payable would be as follows based on the current Wales (category 5), current England (category 5), proposed Wales (category 5) and proposed Wales (new wind turbine category) fee scales:

Wales (current):£16,464 + £84 /0.1 ha over 5 ha= £50,064; England (current):£16,565 + £100 /0.1 ha over 5 ha= £56,565; Wales (proposed category 5): £19,000 +£100 /01/ha = £59,000; Wales (propsoed new wind turbine category)("Where potential output exceeds 10MW, £500/0.1ha subject to a maximum of £287,500") =£225,000.

The red outline for the Taff Ely repowering planning application was drawn tightly around the infrastructure (7 turbines, substation, cabling, access routes etc) to reduce the fee as far as possible - the new proposals set out in paragraph 3.44 would lead to a substantial increase in fee (~350%). Given that many of RWE Innogy's Welsh sites are larger than Taff Ely, it is likely that most of RWE Innogy's future sites will incur the maximum fee possible. Our concern is that any proposals to change the fee for wind turbine developments in Wales so substantially will disadvantage projects in Wales, making them less competitive than projects of a similar scale located in England.

We accept that the current basis for calculating planning fees for wind farm applications may not generate a fee that reflects the cost to the LPA of determining the applications. However, it would be unfair to introduce a new category in Wales which would require developers to pay fees which are substantially higher than they are (a) in England and (b) under the current Category 5.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is Q11c calculating the fee for wind turbines? Comments: For wind turbines, a fee calculation could logically be based on the number and physical size of turbines, total generating capacity or some combination of these. It may be appropriate to retain an element of the fee related to total site area to reflect variations between schemes in the scale and extent of ancillary works such as access roads Yes Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary Yes (subject to No planning applications should be addressed, Q12a further with all constituent LPAs receiving fee comment) income? \boxtimes Comments: Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed? Comments: Each LPA should receive the appropriate fee for the proportion of the

Each LPA should receive the appropriate fee for the proportion of the development that is within each LPA's administrative boundary and calculated against the relevant category(ies) in the Fees Regulations.

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			

Q14

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

Ref. Q6:

If there is any question as to whether the development as implemented complies with the planning permission as granted then it will be appropriate for the party concerned to apply instead for a Certificate of Lawfulness of Existing Use or Development (CLEUD). By definition a CLEUD should provide confirmation that the development is lawful, including compliance with all relevant conditions. Where a CLEUD is applied for and the relevant fee paid, no further fee should be payable in respect of confirmation that any relevant conditions have been duly discharged.

Ref. Q7a:

Consideration should be given to the possibility of developing standard form \$106 agreements and clauses at a (Welsh) national level for the more common situations such as contributions to road improvements or community facilities. Standard clauses could be combined where more than one is required for a specific development. Where the developer was willing to accept them, the use of standard clauses could greatly reduce both the time required to draft and execute a \$106 agreement and the legal costs of doing so. A \$106 agreement based on standard clauses would attract a reduced but still fixed fee.

Ref. Q9a:

While we have no direct interest in broadband rollout, the processing of applications to display advertisements of this type appears to absorb some local planning resource to little useful purpose given the small size and atandardised nature of this type of advertisement. This resource could be better used for other planning purposes. Could this special case not be better dealt with by amending the Control of Advertisements Regulations to enable advertisements of this type (only) to be displayed for a limited period (say 12 months) on telecommunications cabinets with deemed consent, subject to limitations on their size?

Consultation reference: WG23067
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

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Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Application Fees					
	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015					
Name		Linda Jones				
Organ	isation	Acanthus Holden				
Addre	SS	WAterman's Lane, The Green, Pembroke, SA71 4NU				
E-mail	l address	linda@acanthus-holden.co.uk				
	e select	Businesses/ Consultants	\boxtimes			
one fro		Local Planning Authority				
		Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
		Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
		Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
		Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				
	Do you agre in fees?	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comments:						
	·	do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?				
Comm	Comments:					

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comr	nents:				
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?			
Comr	nents:				
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comr	nents:				
Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?					
Comr	nents:				

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?
Comr	nents:			
Q 5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			fee to
This t	nents: cimescale is too long. A simple discharge of cor per a development.	ndition c	lelay could easi	ly
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	nents: scale should be applied here too.			

			T	
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			
991111				
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee b your reasons?	e calcul	ated? If not, wha	t are
	nents: Indard 106 agreements are used this should not divided in the past .	t be exp	ensive. Fees ha	ive
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			Ш	
Collin	nents:			
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		\boxtimes		
Comn	nents:			

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	ents:			
	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go		Yes	
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters	Yes	(subject to further	No
	application?		comment)	
Comm	ents:			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	ents:			
	Do you agree that applications for renewable		Vee	
	energy development should have a separate	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q11a	fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and		further	
	Machinery?		comment)	
0	anta:			
Comm	enis.			

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ants.			
Commi	anto.			
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is
Commoutput				
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?				
Commo	ents: e should be no more than is land was in one L	.PA area	•	

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ante:			
Commi	anto.			
	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas			
30	Sino.			
I do no	t want my name/or address published with my r	esponse	(please tick)	
		'	,	
How to	Respond			
	submit your comments in any of the followir	ng ways:		
Email				
Please	complete the consultation form and send it to :			
planco	nsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk			
[Please	e include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG230	67" in th	e subject line]	
Post				

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

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Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees					
Dat	e of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015				
Name	Stefan Preuss				
Organisation	National Grid plc				
Address	National Grid House, Warwick Technology Park, Gallow Warwick, CV34 6DA	's Hill,			
E-mail address	stefan.preuss@nationalgrid.com				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants	\boxtimes			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				
Do you agree in fees?	ee with the proposed 15% increase Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
National Grid does not opposed in principle to the proposed increase but, if taken forward, any fee increase should be linked to a clear requirement on local planning authorities to adhere to prescribed timescales and adequate quality standards in processing and deciding planning applications. Local planning authorities that are poorly performing should not be allowed to increase their fees until they improve their performance.					
Q1b If not, what o	do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?				
Comments:					

Consultation reference: WG23067

No comment.

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

National Grid agrees that a refund may improve LPA performance. However, for complicated applications there is a risk that introducing a requirement for local planning authorities to refund application fees if they have not determined an application within 24 weeks may encourage local authorities to delay/avoid validating applications to give them longer to deal with applications.

This risk needs to be mitigated. We note that the Planning (Wales) Bill seeks to place certain limits on the information that local planning authorities can require applicants to provide and it also seeks to tackle situations where local authorities do not validate planning applications. National Grid supports these measure which may go some way towards reducing the non-validation risk. However, appropriate measures / safeguards need to be put in place in the interim.

In addition, there should be a mechanism through which applicants and LPAs can mutually agree an extension to the 24 week deadline for complicated applications.

Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available?
	nents: omment.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No
-----	--	-----	-------------------------------	----

Comments:

National Grid generally agrees with the proposed timescales, subject to our comments under Question 2a above. There should be a mechanism through which applicants and LPAs can mutually agree an extension to the deadline for complicated applications.

Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

Comments:

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

No comment.

Proposals to improve the efficiency of discharge of planning conditions are welcomed. We recognise that the burden on local planning authorities of discharging conditions can vary significantly depending upon the type of development. A 'one-size-fits-all' approach may therefore not be appropriate.

The proposed fees are probably appropriate for smaller developments and represent a fair balance between increasing cost and increasing efficiency. For major projects where the number of conditions, range of subject matters and level of technical difficulty are on a different scale, the fee changes suggested are unlikely to address either the scale of the burden on the local planning authority's resources or the need for applicants to have certainty that their submissions will be dealt with in a timely manner.

Planning Performance Agreements (PPAs) can be used to ensure efficient and cost effective delivery of the post consent approvals process for complex projects. The use of PPAs should be encourged in these cases as long as they

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Keview	or Flamming Application Fees			
inclu	ation reference: WG23067 de clear timescales for the discharge of condit the LPA to allocate a dedicated resource to fa			tment
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	:?
Comr	nents:			
No co	omment.			
	D 10 10 110	0 1		• •
	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1			fee to
Q5	accompany a discharge of condition would be re	funded?	•	
Comr	nents:			
	nal Grid agrees with the proposed timescales i			
	nents under Questions 4a above regarding com			oula
	mechanism through which applicants and LPAs			DDA :-
	nsion to the 16 week deadline for complicated		tions. Where a	PPA 1S
put 11	n place, this could be covered in that agreeme	nt.		
			[
			Yes	
	Do you agree with the introduction of a	Yes	(subject to	No
Q6	standardised fee to accompany a confirmation	163	further	140
	that conditions have been discharged?		comment)	
	, and the second			
	nents:			
∣ No co	omment.			

Consultation reference: WG23067 Yes Do you agree with proposals for the Yes (subject to No Q7a introduction of a set fee to accompany the further drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation? comment) X Comments: Applicants already, as a matter of routine, pay the local planning authority's legal costs for drafting and reviewing s106 agreements on a full reimbursement basis. Applicants also routinely commit to pay an administration fee or monitoring contribution for the ongoing monitoring of compliance with s106 obligations. It is therefore not clear to National Grid how the imposition of a further fee will necessarily result in an improvement in service, as local planning authorities already have a mechanism to ensure that the cost of providing the services required to settle the s106 agreement are borne by the applicant. If local authorities in Wales propose to raise additional money for s106 agreements to that sought in England, it has the potential to be a disincentive to investment in new development in Wales. If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are Q7b your reasons? Comments: No comment. Yes Do you agree that the fee to accompany a Yes (subject to No ground (a) appeal should only be payable to Q8 further the LPA? comment) Comments: No comment.

Welsh Government 6

Yes

Yes

(subject to

No

agree that advertisements

broadband cabinets in a specified area should

be treated as a single site for the purposes of

you

Q9a

	ion reference: WG23067		i	
	charging a fee?		further comment)	
Commo	ents:			
No con	nment.			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Commo				
NO COII	nment.			
	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q10a	following approval of a reserved matters	163	further	INO
	application?		comment)	_
Commo	ents:			
No con	nment.			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Commo	ents: n ment.			
110 COII	mene.			
	Do you agree that applications for renewable		V.	
Q11a	energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
	Machinery?		further	
			comment)	

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: No comment. Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that wind turbines should also Q11b further have a separate system of fee calculation? comment) Comments: No comment. What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is Q11c calculating the fee for wind turbines? Comments: No comment. Yes Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary Yes (subject to No planning applications should be addressed, Q12a further with all constituent LPAs receiving fee comment) income? \boxtimes Comments: National Grid agrees that all constituent local planning authorities should receive

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067 a share of the fee income, as long as the overall fee payable by the applicant to not increase. Otherwise this would discourage development.				
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
Comm	ents:			
See ou	r comments under Question 12b.			
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			
No cor	nment.			
	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas	•	•	
Comm	ents:			
No fur	ther comments.			
I do no	t want my name/or address published with my re	esponse	(please tick)	

How to Respond

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telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees							
	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015						
Name)						
Orgai	nisation	Sainsburys Supermarkets Ltd					
Addre	ess	c/o Peter Waldren, WYG, 5 th Floor Longcross Court, 47 Newport Road, Cardiff, CF24 0AD					
E-ma	il address	WYG: peter.waldren@wyg.com					
	se select	Businesses/ Consultants					
one tr follow	rom the ving)	Local Planning Authority					
		Government Agency/Other Public Sector					
		Professional Bodies/Interest Groups					
		Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
		Other (other groups not listed above	/e) or inc	lividual			
Q1a	Do you agre	ee with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No		
				comment)			
Comments: SSL argue that the increase of planning application fees by 15%, in addition to the proposed charges for pre-application advice would create a significant constraint for many developers, with the potential to stifle development prospects.							

Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

It is considered that the introduction of the set statutory pre-application advice fees will in effect reduce the pressures on resources and service delivery at the formal planning application stage, therefore the increase in application fee is

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 considered to represent a 'double hit' and no increase in charge is considered necessary. Yes (subject to Yes No Do you agree that introducing a refund will Q2a further improve LPA performance? comment) \boxtimes Comments: Performance is likely to be improved, subject to the ability to agree an extension of determination time before any refund became due (as discussed in paragraphs 2.23 and 2.25 of the consultation document). If you do not agree, what other options are available? Q2b Comments: N/A Yes Do you agree with the proposed time period of Yes (subject to No Q3a 16 and 24 weeks? further comment) \boxtimes Comments: SSL support the principle that LPAs will refund the application fee if it remains undetermination after 16 and 24 weeks (subject to any period of agreed

SSL support the principle that LPAs will refund the application fee if it remains undetermination after 16 and 24 weeks (subject to any period of agreed extension to the determination period). It is considered this approach will limit the number of major applications which are subject to a drawn out and often unreasonably prolonged planning process.

allon reference. WG23007			
If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?	
ments:			
Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to	Yes		No
accompany the discharge of planning	100	further	110
conditions?		comment)	
monto:		Ш	
nents.			
If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?
nents:			
Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	6 weeks funded?		fee to
	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an ents: Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions? If you do not agree, what do you think constitutements:	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions? If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an apprentic.	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions? If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount

Comments:

SSL consider 16 weeks to be an overly long period. There is a danger that LPAs under pressure will fail to prioritise submissions until the refund date is approaching, thus resulting in many/most submissions taking close to 16 weeks to determine/discharge. In the context of target determination timescales for principal applications, 16 weeks is an overly long period to have to wait for conditions to be discharged.

SSL consider that a period of eight weeks would be more reasonable.

Given that delays in discharging conditions (and in particular pre-commencement conditions) may have a significant impact on the delivery of development, SSL

Consultation	roforonco:	WC23067
Consultation	reference.	VVGZ3Ub/

consider that at the very least pre-commencement conditions should be made
subject of an eight week refund threshold. This may have the additional benefit
of reducing the number of unnecessary pre-commencment conditions being
attached to planing permissions at present.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Having paid to have the condition(s) discharged in the first place, SSL consider there to be no justification for a further fee to be applied for subsequent confirmation and certainly no justification for a disproportionate fee to be applied to non householder confirmation.

Such confirmation would be little more than an administrative exercise of reviewing (or forwarding) condition discharge decisions letters in respect of the subject application. Assuming such decision letters are appropriately filed and accessible, there would be minimal work involved and no appreciable difference between providing such confirmation for a householder permission and a commercial permission. Indeed, SSL consider that such information should be a matter of public record and readily accessible on-line so that developers can access the information without recourse to the LPA.

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				\boxtimes
Comr	nents:			

The proposed fee for the drafting of a s106 agreement is not considered necessary.

Comments:

Consult	ation reference. WG25007				
Major developments are already subject to a significant number of costs in relation to the planning process. Developers have to pay their own solicitors and planning consultants to co-ordinate and review the content of s106 agreements. Furthermore, developers also already habitually pay the Council's legal costs in drafting s106 agreements. It is considered unreasonable to require yet further payment to the Council in addition. Were any formalisation of fee payment considered necessary, SSL consider that this should be subject of a refund mechanism, perhaps linked to that associated with the application fee, considered above.					
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcul	ated? If not, wha	t are	
	nents: 27a, above.				
366 0	ara, above.				
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comm	nents:				
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
		\boxtimes			

Q9b	f you have answered no, please explain why.				
Commo N/A	ents:				
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: The supermarket sector is particularly dynamic with changes to the economy having a direct influence on the end development which is built out. SSLs models, standards and specifications frequently change to ensure the proposals are fully aligned with the customer's needs which can result in the requirement for revised submission of reserved matters. The 'free-go' option post approval of reserved matters applications allows a level of flexibility that can accomodate this. Even if the right for a 'free go' were removed, SSL consider that the need to apply for a s73 application could potentially have onerous implications (for example, the need for a Deed of Variation to a s106 agreement simply to link the agreement to the new s73 permission; there will be implications for Judicial Review associated with the principal permission; and there may be implications or perceived implications for any ES accompanying the original application which is subject to the s73 submission). SSL consider that the ability to simply submit a revised reserved matters application should be maintained, even if this were not subject to a 'free go'.					
Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why.					
Commo N/A	ents:				

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Commo No con						
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Commo No con						
What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines? Comments: No comment.						
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		

Yes, however, developers should not be penalised simply because a site bridges the boundary between more than one LPA. Furthermore, LPAs should not be prejudiced simply by virtue of how the layout of a site has been proposed. (For example if a development were proposed with all new floorspace falling within LPA X's area and only ancillary (but nonetheless critically important) areas falling within LPA Y's area, LPA X would receive the overwhelming majority of the fee while LPA Y would receive a change of use fee only. This may not reflect the level of work associated with LPA Y who's area may include the principal access, for example. Meanwhile, the developer would have had to pay a higher fee than would otherwise be the case (i.e. having to have paid for the floorspace creation and also, additionally, for a change of use)).

Accordingly, SSL consider that the fee should be calculated as if the site related to a single LPA and the resultant fee split between the LPAs on a pro-rata basis according to the site area in each authority.

SSL share the concerns expressed at paragraph 3.47 of the consultation paper in respect of potentially conflicting decisions or the establishment of different conditions and obligations on any permission granted.

Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?
Commo	ents:

No						
Comments:						

Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:					
Comn N/A	Comments: N/A					
I do n	ot want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)					

How to Respond

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Email

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planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees					
	Dat	e of consultation period: 06/10/20	14 – 16/	/01/2015	
Name)	Patrick Arran			
Orga	nisation	City and County of Swansea Cour	ncil		
Addr	ess	Legal, Democratic Services & Pro Civic Centre, Oysterouth Road, S			
E-ma	il address	Patrick.Arran@swansea.gov.uk			
**	se select	Businesses/ Consultants			
one fi follow	rom the ving)	Local Planning Authority			
		Government Agency/Other Public	Sector		
		Professional Bodies/Interest Group	os		
		Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self- help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)			
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual		dividual		
					1
Q1a	Do you agre in fees?	e with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:				
Q1b	Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?				
Comments:					
				Yes	
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?		Yes	(subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:				

Q2b

If you do not agree, what other options are available?

Comments:

After initial encouragement to establish local validation lists for planning applications, Central/Welsh Government has significantly diluted LPAs' ability to ensure comprehensive frontloading of applications which would enable a swifter turnaround of applications. Additional information which would previously have been a requirement in getting an application validated is now sought later/retrospectively in the process which has an impact on determination times. If LPAs aren't in a position to not validate an application when certain information is clearly going to be necessary during the process then the LPA should not be penalised for an applicant's dilatoriness in furnishing the LPA with the information reasonably necessary to make a decision other than a refusal for a lack of information. LPAs are constantly on the back foot in terms of meeting targets because the application process is weighted in favour of piecemeal applications.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

If the refund proposals are taken forward, then they should ONLY be applicable where 'formal' pre-application advice has been given on an application and all of the necessary information that would enable the LPA to make a sound decision has been submitted to the LPA within a reasonable timescale.

Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

Comments:

Welsh Government should look to ensure comprehensive frontloading of applications. Only then should it consider penalising LPAs who are placed on the front foot by a system that favours comprehensive applications at the outset.

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:					

Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?
Comments:	

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to Q5 accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded? Comments:

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		\boxtimes		
Comp	nante:			

It is often the case that a condition discharge cannot be confirmed without a site visit at a currently unrecoverable cost to the LPA.

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	araning of a coolon for planning obligation.			

Comments:

The complexity of S106 agreements can vary significantly depending on the nature of a scheme and can involve significant officer time in negotiating the precise wording of the agreement, trigger points, reviews etc.

The LPA broadly supports the principal of a minimum base fee to help offset any abortive work carried out in respect of the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation. HOWEVER, the base fee should be supplemented by an appropriate commercial hourly rate so as to ensure that LPA legal departments can recover the costs of providing this necessary service whilst discouraging vexatious and/or recalcitrant parties from delaying the process by way of spurious and unreasonable pettifogging. If there was a set fee for Section 106 Obligations then an applicant would be able to engage with the LPA's legal department at length without any further cost to them but at the expense of the taxpayer and the delivery of an efficient service.

Whilst the LPA understands that it is desirous to have a set figure for the planning application process in the round, a set fee for Section 106 Obligations would not realistically address the cost of providing the service given the diversity and levels of complexity of said Obligations which range from very simple land ties to new settlements. LPAs across Wales and England will have experience of recovering a few hundred pounds worth of legal officer time to tens of thousands of pounds worth of officer time spent on securing Section 106 Planning Obligations for single developments.

Fees should also be set for reviewing unilateral undertakings submitted with further provision (a set hourly rate) for any necessary additional work over and above the initial review. This is particularly pertinent at appeal where the LPA may need to review and comment on a unilateral undertaking that will be submitted to an Inspector. The only means of recovery of the fees (if they are not provided for in the Undertaking, as is often the case) would be if the Inspector made an award of costs in favour of the LPA (which is a relatively rare occurrence). In the event that an appeal is allowed subject to the Unilateral Undertaking then it follows that the work undertaken by the

(assuming that it satisfies the statutory tests set out in the CIL Regulations 2010)) is an integral part of the planning permission as, without it, permission would not have been granted. It is highly unlikely that a LPA will recover the full cost of providing the service as it is but a set fee would reduce the LPA's ability to deliver (so far as is possible) a cost neutral service so far as the taxpayer is concerned. The fees for Planning Obligations should remain at the reasonable discretion of the LPA which, in any event, is not allowed to exceed the cost of the provision of the service. If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are Q7b your reasons? Comments: The fee should be evidence based, set after consultation with various legal departments in LPAs to ascertain the time and cost required to prepare an agreement and the different issues encountered in the process. Yes (subject to Do you agree that the fee to accompany a Yes No further Q8 ground (a) appeal should only be payable to comment) the LPA? Comments: Yes agree that advertisements Do you (subject to Yes No broadband cabinets in a specified area should further Q9a be treated as a single site for the purposes of comment) charging a fee? Comments: Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Yes (subject to Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes No further Q10a following approval of a reserved matters comment) application? Comments:

LPA in respect of the Undertaking should be recoverable as the Undertaking

Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.						
Comm	ents:						
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comm	ents:						
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comm	ents:						
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?						
Comm	ents:						
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comm	ents:						
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed? Comments:							
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comm	ents:						

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

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planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation Development Management Branch Planning Division Welsh Assembly Government Cathays Park Cardiff

CF10 3 NQ

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email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

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Consultation reference: WG23067

	Review of Planning Applicati	on Fees			
Da	te of consultation period: 06/10/20	14 – 16/	01/2015		
Name	Hugh Towns				
Organisation	Carmarthenshire County Council				
Address	Civic Offices Crescent Road Llandeilo SA19 6HW				
E-mail address	AHTowns@carmarthenshire.gov.	uk			
Type (please select					
one from the following)	one from the following) Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public	Sector			
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				
			Yes		

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The Draft fee Schedule in Appendix 1 does not indicate any increase in the fees for the monitoring of mining and landfill sites introduced in April 2006. The fees were set at that time at £288 for site visits to active sites and £96 for visits to inactive sites. There was a commitment that these would not change for 5 years (April 2011). Costs incurred by LPA's in monitoring sites have increased since 2006 so I would like to see these fees increased as part of the general increase by 15%

Q1b

If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

	ation reference: WG23067			
Comr	nents:			
		T	T	
			Yes	
	De la lacación de l'atrada d'acceptat de l'III	Yes	(subject to	No
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?		further	140
	Improve Li A periormance:		comment)	
Comr	nents:		_	
	be counter productive and will result in unne	ecessary	refusals and ab	use of
the p	lanning process by developers.			
	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
Q2b				
Comr	nents:			
Comments: Properly funded and properly resourced planning departments				
		epartme	ents.	
	erly funded and properly resourced planning de	epartme	ents.	
		epartme	ents. Yes	
Prope	Perly funded and properly resourced planning de la company	epartme Yes	Yes (subject to	No
	erly funded and properly resourced planning d		Yes (subject to further	No
Prope	Perly funded and properly resourced planning de la company		Yes (subject to	
Prope	Perly funded and properly resourced planning de la company		Yes (subject to further	No
Q3a Comr	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?		Yes (subject to further	
Q3a Comr	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?		Yes (subject to further	
Q3a Comr	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?		Yes (subject to further	
Q3a Comr	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?		Yes (subject to further	
Q3a Comr	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?		Yes (subject to further	
Q3a Comr	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?		Yes (subject to further	
Q3a Comr 24 w	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks? ments: eeks for major development is unrealistic.	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	
Q3a Comr	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	
Q3a Comr 24 wo	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks? ments: eeks for major development is unrealistic.	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	
Q3a Comr 24 wo	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks? ments: eeks for major development is unrealistic. If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment) Depriate time?	

Review	of Planning Application Fees			
Consulta	ation reference: WG23067			
			Yes	
	Do you agree with proposals for the	Yes	(subject to	No
Q7a	introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?		further	
	draiting of a Section 100 planning obligation:		comment)	
Comn	nents:		Ш	
Com	nents.			
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcul	ated? If not, wha	t are
Comr	nents:			
It sho	uld be a percentage added to the planning fee	so that	the fee reflect	s the
likely	complexity			
	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q8	ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	103	further	140
	alo El 71.		comment)	
Comn	nents:			
			.	
	Do you agree that advertisements on		Yes	
Q9a	broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of	Yes	(subject to	No
	charging a fee?		further	

Welsh Government 5

comment)

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No following approval of a reserved matters Q10a further application? comment) \boxtimes Comments: Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Do you agree that applications for renewable Yes energy development should have a separate Yes (subject to No fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Q11a further Machinery? comment) Comments:

Consultat	on reference: WG23067			
			Yes	
O11h	Do you agree that wind turbines should also	Yes	(subject to	No
Q11b	have a separate system of fee calculation?		further comment)	
Commo	ents:			
	What factors, or combination of factors, should	he take	n into account w	hen is
Q11c	calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	ir into account w	
Comm	ents:			
	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary	Yes	Yes	No
Q12a	planning applications should be addressed,	165	(subject to further	NO
	with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?		comment)	
		\boxtimes		
Commo	ents:			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this mat	tter be a	ddressed?	

Consultation reference: WG23067			
Comments:			
Each LPA should have the relevant fee for the site	within th	neir administra	tive
area.			
	1		T
		Ma a	
Do you have any comments to make about	Yes	Yes	No
Q13 the draft partial Regulatory Impact	165	(subject to further	INO
Assessment at Annex 2?		comment)	
_			
Oceanosator		Ш	
Comments:			
We have asked a number of specific questions.	•	_	
which we have not specifically addressed, pleas	se use th	is space to repo	rt them:
Comments:			•
It is disappointing that there are still no proposals t	_		
Mining Permission applications. These applications are often accompanied by Environmental Statement			
the Habitat Regulations apply. They constitute an e			
resources by the LPA and there are no planning fee			
costs. Fees for ROMPs should at least be considered		it those resour	
I do not want my name/or address published with my re	esponse	(please tick)	
The second secon		(F. 10.10 to 1.01.1)	
How to Respond			
Please submit your comments in any of the following	ıq wavs:		
Email			

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Cyfeirnod yr Ymgynghoriad: WG23067

Adolygu Ffioedd am Geisiadau Cynllunio					
Dyddiad y cyfnod ymgynghori: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015					
Enw	Aled Davies				
Sefydliad	Cyngor Gwynedd				
Cyfeiriad	Pennaeth Adran Rheoleiddio 1 Stryd y Jêl Caernarfon Gwynedd LL54 1SH				
Cyfeiriad e-bost	AledDavies@gwynedd.gov.uk				
Math (dewiswch un o'r	Busnes/Ymgynghorwyr Cynllunio				
canlynol)	Awdurdod Cynllunio Lleol			\boxtimes	
	Asiantaeth y Llywodraeth/Sector C	yhoeddu	ıs Arall		
	Cyrff Proffesiynol/Grwpiau Buddiai	nt			
	Sector gwirfoddol (grwpiau cymuno grwpiau hunan-gymorth, cwmnïau mentrau cymdeithasol, mudiadau o di-elw)	cydweith	nredol,		
	Arall (grwpiau eraill sydd heb eu rh unigolyn	nestru uc	hod) neu		
Ydych chi'r C1a ffioedd gan	n cytuno â'r cynnig i gynyddu'r 15%?	Ydw	Ydw (gyda sylwadau pellach i'w gwneud)	Nac ydw	
_					
Sylwadau: Dim sylwadau i'w cynnig					
C1b Os ydych ch	ni'n anghytuno, beth, yn eich barn ch gwbl?	ni, fyddai	'n newid mwy p	riodol,	
Sylwadau: Dim yn berthnaso	l				

Cyfeirnod yr Ymgynghoriad: WG23067

C2a	Ydych chi'n cytuno y byddai cyflwyno addaliad yn gwella perfformiad yr ACLI?	Ydw	Ydw (gyda sylwadau pellach i'w gwneud)	Nac ydw

Sylwadau:

Buasai hyn yn tanseilio trefniadau cynllunio ariannol yr Awdurdod ac yn golygu bod mwy o geisiadau yn cael eu gwrthod a phenderfyniadau sal.

Mae hyn yn cymryd yn ganiataol mai'r Awdurdod Cynllunio sydd ar fai pan fo ceisiadau cynllunio yn cymryd yn hirach nag 8 wythnos i'w penderfynu. Yn arferol y rheswm am oedi gyda phenderfyniad yw oherwydd yr angen am wybodaeth ychwanegol gan yr ymgeisydd yn sgil sylwadau gan ymgynghorai statudol.

Nid yw Cyngor Gwynedd wedi ei argyhoeddi y byddai cyflwyno ad-daliad o reidrwydd yn gwella perfformiad awdurdodau cynllunio lleol yng Nghymru. Mae datblygwyr ac ymgeiswyr yn dymuno caniatad cynllunio ar ddiwedd dydd, ac nid gwrthodiad. Mae'r neges yma yn glir gan ddatblygwyr maent yn barod i ddisgwyl yn hirach am ganiatad yn hytrach na chael gwrthodiad sydyn.

Yn ogystal a hyn, mae angen sicrhau rheolau teg a gwastad rhwng awdurdodau cvynllunio â datblygwyr/ymgeiswyr. Gall cyflwyno cyfnod gwneud penderfyniad cyn ad-daliad ffi gael ei gam-ddefnyddio; e.e. oediad mewn cyflwyno gwybodaeth ychwanegol . Mae'n debygol hefyd y gall cyflwyno ad-daliad arwain at gynnyddu cyfnod penderfynnu ceisiadau i ddatblygu tir oherwydd yr angen i apelio yn erbyn gwrthodiadau.

O ystyried gymaint llai o arian sydd yn cael ei rannu i gynghorau Cymru, mae'n debygol bod ceisiadau yn debygol o gael eu penderfynnu un ffordd neu'r llall, yn hytrach na cholli'r ffi cynllunio. Fodd bynnag, nid yw hyn yn mynd i sicrhau penderfyniad o ansawd.

C₂b

Os ydych chi'n anghytuno, pa opsiynau eraill sydd ar gael?

Sylwadau:

Cyflwyno canllawiau ymarfer da cenedlaethol ar gyfer trefniadau cyn cyflwyno cais.

Cyfeirno	od yr Ymgynghoriad: WG23067			
C3a	Ydych chi'n cytuno â'r cyfnod a gynigir sef 16 a 24 wythnos?	Ydw	Ydw (gyda sylwadau pellach i'w gwneud)	Nac ydw
			gwriedd)	\square
Sylwa	l adau:			
	ghytuno gyda'r egwyddor. Gweler C2a			
	Os ydych chi'n anghytuno, beth yn eich barn chi	fvddai'n	avfod priodol?	
C3b		. ry aran ri	gjiod pilodoii	
Sylwa				
_	w Cyngor Gwynedd yn ystyried y dylid cael cyf nllunio ar gyfer ceisiadau.	nod pen	odol ar gyfer ac	d-dalu
iii Cy	midilo di gyrer cersiadad.			
C4a	Ydych chi'n cytuno â'r lefelau ffioedd arfaethedig i gyd fynd â chymeradwyo amodau cynllunio?	Ydw	Ydw (gyda sylwadau pellach i'w gwneud)	Nac ydw
Sylwa				
	nodol bod y ffi yn daladwy ar gyfer pob cais ffu Cynllunio (pa bynnag nifer o amodau y mae'r o			
	, , , , , ,	- · · · •	, 5,:3	-,
1				

Cyfeirnod yr Ymgynghoriad: WG23067 C4b Os ydych chi'n anghytuno, beth yn eich barn fyddai'n swm priodol? Sylwadau: Ydych chi'n cytuno â'r cynnig o ad-dalu ffioedd i gyd-fynd â amod cymeradwyo **C5** ar ôl cyfnod o 16 wythnos? Sylwadau: Na. Gweler C2a Ydw (gyda Nac Ydych chi'n cytuno y dylid cyflwyno ffi safonol i Ydw sylwadau ydw C6 gyd-fynd â'r cadarnhad bod yr amodau wedi pellach i'w cael eu cymeradwyo? gwneud) \square Sylwadau: Mae'r gwaith o gadarnhau cydymffurfiaeth ac amodau cynllunio yn gallu ychwanegu at gostau awdurdodau cynllunio; e.e. yr angen i ymweld â safleoedd er sicrhau cydymffurfiaeth. Bydd ffi safonol ar gyfer cadarnhau cydymffurfiaeth ac amodau yn lleddfu'r gôst ychwanegol. Rhaid sicrhau fod hyn berthnasol ar gyfer amodau ar geisiadau ar raddfa fawr fydd yn cael eu penderfynu gan Lywodraeth Cymru / PINS hefyd.

C7a	Ydych chi'n cytuno â'r ffi sefydlog i gyd-fynd â drafftio rhwymedigaeth gynllunio Adran 106?	Ydw	Ydw (gyda sylwadau pellach i'w	Nac ydw
			pellach i'w gwneud)	

Cyfeirno	od yr Ymgynghoriad: WG23067			
cymh	idau: cytundebau dan Adran 106 yn gallu amrywio yr lethdod. Dylid ystyried cyflwyno rhyw fath o r cyrchu hyn.			
C7b	Os ydych chi'n cytuno, sut dylid cyfrifo'r ffi? Os eich rhesymau dros hyn?	ydych ch	ni'n anghytuno, b	eth yw
Sylwa	dau:			
C8	Ydych chi'n cytuno y dylid talu'r ffi sy'n cydfynd ag apêl (a) i'r ACLI yn unig?	Ydw	Ydw (gyda sylwadau pellach i'w gwneud)	Nac ydw
Sylwa	ıdau:			
C9a	Ydych chi'n cytuno y dylai hysbysebion ar gypyrddau band eang mewn ardal benodol gael eu trin fel safle unigol at ddibenion codi ffi?	Ydw	Ydw (gyda sylwadau pellach i'w gwneud)	Nac ydw
Sylwa	idau:			

Cyfeirnod yr Ymgynghoriad: WG23067

Cyleiinou	yi filigyligilollau. WG23007				
C9b	Os ydych chi'n anghytuno, eglurwch pam.				
Sylwadau: Mewn sefyllfa lle mae hysbyseb angen cais cynllunio, ni ystyrir y byddai gweithredu fel hyn yn deg pan mae pob safle unigol arall sydd yn destyn cais cynllunio yn gorfod talu ffi ar wahan. Yn ogystal a hyn, mae'n bosibl y bydd hyn yn creu cynsail peryglus ar gyfer cyflwyno achos cyffelyb ar gyfer datblygiadau eraill; e.e. arwyddion rhybuddio rhagblaen. Mae dehongli beth yw 'ardal benodol' yn debygol o amrywio o awdurdod i awdurdod yn ogystal, ac felly yn creu diffyg cysondeb ar draws yr awdurdodau cynllunio yng Nghymru.					
C10a	A ddylai'r ymgeisydd gael hawl i gynnig am ddim yn dilyn cymeradwyo cais materion a gedwir ôl?	Ydw	Ydw (gyda sylwadau pellach i'w gwneud)	Nac ydw	
Sylwadau: Mewn sefyllfa ble mae cais materion a gedwir yn ôl yn cael ei gymeradwyo gan yr awdurdod cynllunio lleol, ystyrir y dylai ymgeisydd dalu ffi ychwanegol ar gyfer unrhyw gais pellach fel bod yr Awdurdod yn adennill y gost o ddelio gyda'r cais					
C10b	Os ydych chi'n anghytuno, eglurwch pam.				
Sylwadau:					
C11a	Ydych chi'n cytuno y dylid bod gan geisiadau am ddatblygu ynni adnewyddadwy restr ffioedd ar wahân i Adran 5, Cyfarpar a Pheiriannau?	Ydw	Ydw (gyda sylwadau pellach i'w gwneud)	Nac ydw	

Cyfeirnod yr Ymgynghoriad: WG23067				
Sylwadau:	•			
		Ydw	NI	
Ydych chi'n cytuno y dylai bod system gyfrifo	Ydw	(gyda sylwadau	Nac ydw	
ffioedd ar wahân ar gyfer tyrbinau gwynt?		pellach i'w	,	
		gwneud)		
Sylwadau:	durded (addalia muda'n n	nath	
Nid yw'r drefn gyfredol yn adlewyrchu'r gost i'r Aw yma o gais.	auraoa (o adello gyda r r	natn	
Julius Salles				
Pa ffactorau, neu gyfuniad o ffactorau, ddylai am dyrbinau gwynt?	cael eu h	ystyried wrth gyf	rito tti	
Sylwadau:				
Nifer neu faint y tyrbin				
		Ydw		
Ydych chi'n cytuno bod angen ystyried	Ydw	(gyda	Nac	
ffioedd ar gyfer ceisiadau cynllunio sy'n croesi ffiniau, gyda phob ACLI cyfansoddol		sylwadau pellach i'w	ydw	
yn derbyn incwm ffi?		gwneud)		
		П	\boxtimes	
Sylwadau:		_		
Ystyrir y dylai'r ffi fynd i'r Awdurdod sydd yn delio gyda'r cais.				

Cyfeirnod yr Ymgynghoriad: WG23067 C12b Os ydych chi'n cytuno, sut dylid gwneud hyn? Sylwadau: Ydw (gyda Nac Oes gennych chi unrhyw sylwadau am yr Ydw sylwadau ydw C13 Asesiad Effaith Rheoleiddiol rhannol drafft yn pellach i'w Atodiad 2? gwneud) \square Sylwadau: Mae'r costau tebygol yn ddangosol yn unig ac ychydig iawn o bwysau gellir ei roi iddynt. Ni fydd cynnydd o 15% yn ffioedd cynllunio'n dod a £80,000 o incwm ychwanegol i Wynedd, ac yn seiliedig ar ffioedd y blynyddoedd diwethaf byddai'r ffigwr yn agosach at hanner hyn. Mae rhain yn gwestiynau penodol. Os hoffech chi ofyn unrhyw gwestiynau C14 eraill, mae croeso i chi eu nodi yma: Sylwadau: Nid wyf am i fy enw/cyfeiriad gael eu cyhoeddi gyda fy ymateb (ticiwch) Sut i Ymateb Anfonwch eich sylwadau drwy un o'r ffyrdd gwahanol: E-bost

Cyfeirnod yr Ymgynghoriad: WG23067

Llenwch y ffurflen ymgynghori a'i hanfon i:

planconsultations-b@cymru.gsi.gov.uk

[Cofiwch nodi 'Ymgynghoriad ar Ffioedd Cynllunio – WG23067" yn llinell pwnc y neges]

Post

Llenwch y ffurflen ymgynghori a'i hanfon i Ymgynghoriad ar Ffioedd Cynllunio Y Gangen Datblygu Rheoli Yr Is-adran Gynllunio Llywodraeth Cymru Parc Cathays Caerdydd CF10 3 NQ

Gwybodaeth ychwanegol

Os oes gennych unrhyw gwestiynau am yr ymgynghoriad hwn

E-bostiwch: planconsultations-b@cymru.gsi.gov.uk

Ffoniwch: Owen Struthers ar 029 2082 6430

Y Cynghorydd / Councillor Dafydd Meurig Ward Arllechwedd

Gofynnwch am/Ask for: Aled Davies

(01286) 679371 (01286) 673324

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Ein Cyf / Our Ref: **AD/gmo** Eich Cyf / Your Ref:



Tîm Bil Cynllunio Is-adran Gynllunio Llywodraeth Cymru Parc Cathays Caerdydd CF10 3NQ

15 Ionawr, 2015

Annwyl Syr/Fadam

Parthed: Bil Cynllunio Cymru - Ymgynghoriadau Llywodraeth Cymru ar gynigion i ddiwygio'r system gynllunio yng Nghymru

Diolch am y cyfle i roi ein barn ar eich cynigion i ddiwygio'r system gynllunio yng Nghymru ac yn benodol ar yr ymgynghoriadau sydd yn cynnwys ar canlynol:

- i) Pwyllgorau cynllunio, dirprwyo a chyd-fyrddau cynllunio
- ii) Rhoi mwy o bwyslais ar gamau rhagarweiniol y system gynllunio
- iii) Adolygu ffioedd am geisiadau cynllunio
- iv) Dylunio yn y broses gynllunio
- v) Diwygiadau arfaethedig i ddeddfwriaeth ar y pŵer i drechu hawddfreintiau a hawliau eraill

Credir fod yr ymgynghoriadau ar faterion i) i v) yn cyflwyno cyfle arall i'r Cyngor gadarnhau ei safbwynt ar faterion penodol sydd yn berthnasol i'r Bil Cynllunio'n gyffredinol.

Mae'r ymateb gan Gyngor Gwynedd felly'n cadarnhau ein safbwynt o ran y Bil Cynllunio yn y llythyr yma, yn ogystal ac yn rhoi ymateb i'r ymgynghoriadau unigol i) i v), lle rhoddir trosolwg o'r prif faterion yn nes ymlaen yn yr adroddiad hwn. Mae'r ymatebion llawn ar y ffurflenni safonol wedi ei hatodi.

1. Bil Cynllunio Cymru

Ategir yr ymateb gwreiddiol gan Gyngor Gwynedd ar y Bil Cynllunio yn Chwefror 2014, ond pwysleisir yn benodol y materion isod.

Gan mai Deddf Gynllunio ar gyfer Cymru fydd allbwn yr ymgynghoriad ar y Bil yn y pen draw, mae angen i'r Ddeddf fod yn addas i'r pwrpas gan gwrdd ag anghenion cymdeithasol, economaidd ac amgylcheddol pobl Gwynedd a Chymru gyfan. Mae'r iaith Gymraeg yn rhan annatod o ddiwylliant cymunedau Gwynedd a Chymru.

Rhaid cadw mewn cof fod y system gynllunio "Gymreig" gyfredol wedi ei seilio'n helaeth ar system sydd wedi ei hetifeddu. Mae'r iaith Gymraeg felly yn fater a hoeliwyd i drefn Cymru a Lloegr. Credir mai pwrpas deddfwriaeth pwnc penodol megis cynllunio, yw atgyfnerthu'r amcanion lefel uchel. Un o'r problemau gyda'r system gynllunio yw nad yw hynny'n digwydd yn effeithiol ac o ganlyniad nid yw'n treiddio drwodd i ganllawiau a pholisïau cynllunio cadarn nac ymarfer da. Mae hyn yn hynod o berthnasol o safbwynt sut yr ymdrinnir â'r iaith Gymraeg yn y system gynllunio gyfredol.

Mae hwn yn gyfle euraidd i foderneiddio'r system gynllunio a sefydlu fframwaith ar gyfer system gynllunio "Gymreig". Credir felly y dylid achub ar y cyfle i roi statws cyfreithiol i'r iaith Gymraeg yn y ddeddf gynllunio newydd, i gyfrannu at geisio sicrhau fod iaith a diwylliant ein cymunedau yn cael eu gwarchod ac yn cael cyfle i ffynnu. Bydd hyn yn rhoi seiliau cryfach i ystyriaeth o'r iaith yn y system gynllunio, fydd wedyn yn treiddio drwodd i ganllawiau a pholisïau cynllunio llawer mwy cadarn a chlir. Credir y gall hyn gyfrannu at geisio osgoi / arafu'r gostyngiad yn y siaradwyr Cymraeg sydd wedi digwydd dros y degawd diwethaf. I'r perwyl yma ac yn dilyn ymgynghoriad gydag Adran Gyfreithiol y Cyngor, cynigir y newidiadau isod i'r Bil er mwyn cyfarch yr iaith Gymraeg fel ystyriaeth benodol o fewn y Bil:

"Rhan / Part 2

60 (2) (cymal newydd/ new clause)

- (2) Wrth baratoi'r Fframwaith mae'n rhaid i Weinidogion Cymru ystyried effaith polisïau Gweinidogion Cymru ar yr Iaith Gymraeg
- (2) In preparing the Framework the Welsh Ministers must have regard to the effect of the policies of the Welsh ministers on the Welsh Language

60G (6) (f) (cymal newydd/ new clause)

- (6) Wrth baratoi'r cynllun datblygu strategol, mae'n rhaid i'r panel cynllunio strategol ystyried -......
 - (f) Yr Iaith Gymraeg ac effaith y Cynllun Datblygu Strategol ar gymeriad a gwead cymdeithasol ardal
- (6) In preparing a strategic development plan, the strategic planning panel must have regard to
 - (f) the Welsh Language and the effect of the of the strategic development plan on the character and social fabric of an area

60G (7) (a)

(7) Rhaid i'r Panel hefyd –
(a) Ymgymryd arfarniad o gynaliadwyedd y cynllun. Bydd yr arfarniad yn ystyried
(i) Yr Iaith Gymraeg (ii)(bydd angen i'r llywodraeth ystyried ychwanegu materion eraill dylid eu cynnwys)
(7) The Panel must also –
(a) carry out an appraisal of the sustainability of the plan. The appraisal shall have regard to
(i) the Welsh Language
(ii)(Welsh government may wish to consider adding other matters)
Rhan/Part 3
61ZA (3) (c) (ychwanegiad i ddiwedd y cymal/ addition to the end of the clause)
61 ZA (3) (e) (Cymal newydd/ new clause)
(3) Gall rheoliadau o dan y rhan yma (ymysg pethau eraill) wneud darpariaeth -
(c) am wybodaethGweinidogion Cymru a bydd unrhyw wybodaeth neu ddogfennau o'r fath yi cael eu darparu yn Gymraeg ac yn Saesneg
(e) fod gwasanaethau cyn-ymgeisio yn cael ei ddarparu drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg os gofynnir gan y ymgeisydd
(3) Regulations under this section may (among other things) make provision –
(c) for informationWelsh Ministers and such information and documents to be provided in both Welsh and English
(e) that pre-application services should be provided through the medium of Welsh if requested by the

Credir fod yr uchod yn cynnwys cynigion amgen a fuasai'n cyfrannu tuag at sicrhau rhan greiddiol i'r iaith Gymraeg yn y gyfundrefn gynllunio newydd sydd ar y gweill i Gymru. Bydd hyn o ganlyniad yn rhoi statws priodol i'r iaith fydd wedyn yn treiddio drwodd i'r holl haenau o bolisi cynllunio, yn cynnwys y Fframwaith Datblygu Cenedlaethol, Cynllun Datblygu Strategol, Cynllun Datblygu Lleol a Chynllun Lleoedd.

Bydd hyn hefyd yn cyfrannu tuag ddarparu gwasanaeth cynllunio yn y Gymraeg a'r Saesneg i gwsmeriaid. Mae angen sicrhau fod y system gynllunio "Gymreig" yn cwrdd ag anghenion cwsmeriaid Gwasanaethau Cynllunio, yn ogystal â gosod seiliau ar gyfer sicrhau darpariaeth effeithiol o'r Gwasanaeth gan Gynllunwyr. Mae cwrdd ag anghenion ieithyddol ein cwsmeriaid a'n cymunedau Cymreig yn rhan annatod o wasanaeth Cynllunio effeithiol. Yr un mor bwysig yw'r cyfleoedd i ddarpar Gynllunwyr ymarfer eu proffesiwn yn y Gymraeg er mwyn parhau i gwrdd ag anghenion ein cwsmeriaid.

Mae cysylltiad agos rhwng Bil Cynllunio Cymru a'r Bil Cenedlaethau'r Dyfodol gyda phrif egwyddor y ddau yn gysylltiedig â chyfrannu'n gadarnhaol tuag greu cymunedau cynaliadwy. Mae'r iaith Gymraeg yn rhan annatod o ddiwylliant cymunedau yng Nghymru ac mae'n hanfodol bod y Bil Cynllunio drwy roi statws cyfreithiol i'r iaith Gymraeg, yn cyfrannu tuag at greu amgylchiadau cynllunio priodol, fydd yn rhoi'r cyfleoedd gorau i'r iaith Gymraeg ffynnu. Bydd hyn wedyn yn cyfrannu'n gadarnhaol tuag greu cymunedau cynaliadwy fydd ar yr un pryd yn cyfrannu tuag at gyflawni amcanion y Bil Cenedlaethau'r Dyfodol.

Cefnogir y bwriad i gadw'r rhan fwyaf o'r penderfyniadau ar geisiadau cynllunio yn lleol, gyda'r penderfyniadau ar geisiadau o arwyddocâd cenedlaethol yn cael eu penderfynu yn uniongyrchol gan Lywodraeth Cymru. Yr hyn mae'r ymgynghoriad ar fil cynllunio newydd yn ei wneud yw cadarnhau'r ffaith fod cyfrifoldebau am faterion cynllunio yng Nghymru wedi ei ddatganoli. Yn sgil hyn credir fod gennym gyfle yma i ail sefydlu Arolygiaeth Gynllunio annibynnol ar gyfer Cymru, sydd gyda blas "Cymreig" ac sydd yn cwrdd yn benodol ag anghenion Cymru.

Ystyrir hefyd y dylai ceisiadau ar gyfer prosiectau seilwaith cenedlaethol sydd ar hyn o bryd yn cael eu penderfynu yn Lloegr, gael eu penderfynu gan Lywodraeth Cymru, ac yn unol â pholisïau cynllunio cenedlaethol a lleol Cymru.

Rydym yn gefnogol i'r egwyddor o uno Gwasanaethau Cynllunio gan fod rhesymau cynllunio ar gyfer gwneud hynny ac mae cyfleoedd i osgoi costau dyblygu gwaith. Credir bod modd uno / cydweithio ac ar yr un pryd sicrhau ansawdd da o wasanaeth i ddinasyddion awdurdodau. Er mwyn cael y budd mwyaf i ddinasyddion credir y byddai angen uno proffesiynol a gwleidyddol.

Credir fod angen sicrhau nad yw'r newidiadau sydd yn cael eu cyflwyno i'r system yn cyflwyno gormod o haenau gwahanol o gynlluniau defnydd tir. Gall hyn fod yn hynod o fiwrocrataidd, yn anodd ei weithredu'n ymarferol o ran delio gyda cheisiadau cynllunio, ond hefyd yn hynod gymysglyd a chymhleth i ddinasyddion.

Yn gyffredinol rydym yn gefnogol i'r egwyddor o gael Deddf Gynllunio newydd ar gyfer Cymru o ran egwyddor, ond mae hyn wrth gwrs yn ddarostyngedig i gael manylion o ran sut y buasai'r newidiadau yma'n gweithio'n ymarferol. Er hyn, credir y bydd oblygiadau ariannol sylweddol i Awdurdodau Cynllunio fydd yn cynnwys costau sydd yn gysylltiedig â rhoi newidiadau yn eu lle (e.e. uno gwasanaethau cynllunio) a chostau gweithredu rhai o'r newidiadau.

2. Ymateb i'r ymgynghoriadau penodol

Mae ymatebion manwl Cyngor Gwynedd i'r ymgynghoriadau unigol wedi ei gynnwys yn yr atodiadau. Rhoddir crynodeb isod o'r prif faterion o safbwynt ymateb Cyngor Gwynedd i'r ymgynghoriadau unigol.

i) Pwyllgorau cynllunio, dirprwyo a chyd-fyrddau cynllunio

Cefnogir yr egwyddor o gyfyngu maint Pwyllgor Cynllunio i isafswm o 11 o aelodau i uchafswm o 21 o aelodau. Mae'r newidiadau sydd wedi ei gweithredu eisoes yng Nghyngor Gwynedd, drwy greu'r Pwyllgor Cynllunio Sirol, eisoes yn cyd-fynd a'r bwriad yma. Hefyd, cefnogir yr egwyddor o greu y cyd-fyrddau cynllunio, sydd i raddau helaeth yn adlewyrchu'r trefniant sydd gan Wynedd ac Ynys Môn yn ei le eisoes, gyda Phwyllgor Polisi Cynllunio ar y Cyd ar gyfer y Cynllun Datblygu Lleol ar y Cyd.

Mae'r bwriad i roi Cynllun Dirprwyo cenedlaethol yn ei le yn creu pryderon sylweddol, oherwydd y trothwyon perthnasol ar gyfer ceisiadau cynllunio sydd i'w penderfynu gan y Pwyllgor. Nid yw'r bwriad yma yn rhoi unrhyw ystyriaeth o gwbl i'r gwahaniaethau sylfaenol sydd yn bodoli rhwng Awdurdodau gwledig fel Cyngor Gwynedd ac Awdurdodau mwy trefol / dinesig fel Caerdydd, Casnewydd ac ati.

Pe bai'r Cynllun Dirprwyo a gynigir yn cael ei weithredu, yna prin fuasai'r ceisiadau cynllunio fuasai angen penderfyniadau gan y Pwyllgor Cynllunio yng Ngwynedd, gan fod y trothwyon mor uchel. Buasai hyn o ganlyniad yn tanseilio rôl a phwrpas y Pwyllgor Cynllunio. Buasai hefyd yn tanseilio ac yn gwanhau'r broses ddemocrataidd leol o wneud penderfyniadau ar geisiadau cynllunio.

Mae pryder sylweddol felly am y meddylfryd fod un drefn yn addas i bob awdurdod ac mae angen felly sicrhau fod ystyriaeth lawn yn cael ei roi i ofynion amrywiol pob awdurdod. Awgrymir felly os oes bwriad cyflwyno unrhyw fath o gynllun dirprwyo cenedlaethol, yna dylid sicrhau hyblygrwydd o fewn hynny i adlewyrchu'r sefyllfa'n lleol.

ii) Rhoi mwy o bwyslais ar gamau rhagarweiniol y system gynllunio

Cefnogir yr egwyddor o roi mwy o bwyslais ar y trefniadau cyn cyflwyno cais cynllunio. Mae Cyngor Gwynedd gwastad wedi rhoi pwyslais i'r elfen yma o'r broses ers blynyddoedd ac mae gennym drefniadau ffurfiol yn eu lle ers dros dair blynedd bellach ar gyfer darparu'r gwasanaeth yma.

Er yn gefnogol i'r egwyddor o roi mwy o bwyslais ar y rhan yma o'r broses, ni chredir y dylid cyflwyno haenau newydd o ddeddfwriaeth ar gyfer cyflawni hyn. Credir y bydd y bwriad i ddeddfu ar y rhan yma o'r broses yn cymhlethu yn hytrach na symleiddio'r drefn gynllunio, oherwydd y gofynion ychwanegol ar ymgeiswyr / datblygwyr, awdurdodau cynllunio, yn ogystal â disgwyliadau ychwanegol y cyhoedd allan o'r broses.

Rhaid hefyd datgan pryder am natur yr ymgynghoriad sydd yn ymgais i egluro yn orfanwl yn union sut y dylai Awdurdodau Cynllunio weithredu trefniadau cynnig cyngor cyn cyflwyno cais. Mae hyn yn dangos diffyg gwerthfawrogiad o'r ffaith fod Awdurdodau fel Cyngor Gwynedd wedi mabwysiadu trefniadau safonol ar gyfer cynnig cyngor cyn cyflwyno cais ers blynyddoedd. Felly, credir y dylid sicrhau a chydnabod mai mater i'r awdurdod cynllunio lleol, nid Llywodraeth Cymru, yw penderfynu sut mae'r trefniadau'n cael eu gweithredu.

Credir y bydd gwneud y broses yn un statudol yn fyrdwn ar ymgeiswyr / datblygwyr ac ar adnoddau prin awdurdodau lleol. Ni fydd hyn yn cyflymu'r broses gynllunio nac yn rhoi unrhyw fath o eglurder i'r cyhoedd o ran eu rôl yn y broses.

Rhaid felly peidio cyflwyno deddfwriaeth ar gyfer y rhan yma o'r broses ond yn hytrach dylid ystyried cyflwyno canllaw ymarfer da cenedlaethol.

Rhaid hefyd sicrhau fod unrhyw wasanaeth a gyflwynir yn cwrdd ac anghenion ieithyddol ein cwsmeriaid sydd yn rhan annatod o wasanaeth cynllunio effeithiol.

iii) Adolygu ffioedd am geisiadau cynllunio

Cefnogir y bwriad i gynyddu'r ffioedd cynllunio o 15% yn enwedig gan nad oes unrhyw gynnydd wedi bod yn y ffioedd ers blynyddoedd. Hefyd, cytunir gyda'r egwyddor o gyflwyno ffioedd mewn perthynas ag elfennau eraill o'r gwasanaeth megis ceisiadau sydd yn cyflwyno manylion o gydymffurfio gydag amodau cynllunio.

Gwrthwynebir y bwriad sydd yn son am gyflwyno trefn lle bydd yn rhaid i Awdurdod Cynllunio ad-dalu'r ffi cynllunio ar ôl 16 neu 24 wythnos (yn ddibynnol ar y math o gais), os nad oes penderfyniad wedi ei wneud. Mae hyn yn awgrymu mai'r awdurdod cynllunio sydd ar fai os yw cais cynllunio yn cymryd mwy nac 8 wythnos i'w benderfynu. Yn achos Cyngor Gwynedd, fel arfer y rheswm am oedi gyda phenderfyniad y oherwydd yr angen am wybodaeth ychwanegol gan yr ymgeisydd yn sgil sylwadau gan ymgynghorwyr statudol.

Yn y pen draw, y neges yn gyffredinol gan ddatblygwyr yw eu bod yn fodlon disgwyl yn hirach am ganiatâd cynllunio yn hytrach na derbyn gwrthodiad sydyn. Yn hyn o beth mae angen cydnabod y gwaith mae Awdurdodau Cynllunio yn ei wneud i geisio gweithio gyda datblygwyr, i gael datblygiadau o ansawdd uchel ac er mwyn sicrhau fod yr holl wybodaeth i law sydd yn galluogi argymhelliad / penderfyniad i ganiatáu datblygiad.

Buasai cyflwyno'r drefn o ad-dalu ffi'n cynyddu nifer y ceisiadau fuasai'n cael eu gwrthod a hefyd yn gallu golygu caniatáu ceisiadau o ansawdd isel.

iv) Dylunio yn y broses gynllunio

Croesawir y bwriad o ail edrych a chryfhau'r ystyriaeth o roddir i ddylunio yn y broses gynllunio, a hefyd i ail edrych ar rôl Datganiadau Dylunio a Mynediad yn y broses.

Credir y dylid ail lansio yr egwyddorion oedd tu ol i Ddatganiadau Dylunio a Mynediad fel Canllaw Ymarfer Da Cenedlaethol ar gyfer rhai mathau o ddatblygiad. Yn sgil hyn dylid diddymu'r angen statudol cyfredol ar gyfer Datganiadau Dylunio a Mynediad.

Mae angen gweld gwerth i ddylunio da a'i hyrwyddo fel rhywbeth cadarnhaol er mwyn cael gwell safon i ddatblygiadau, yn ogystal â datblygiadau sy'n adlewyrchu ac ategu nodweddion lleol. Cydnabyddir fod dylunio yn fater o farn ond ystyrir bod angen gwell fframwaith er mwyn gallu negodi am ddyluniad o safon. Ystyrir fod y canllawiau/polisïau cenedlaethol presennol yn rhy feddal i sicrhau fod dylunio da yn cael ei weld fel y safon arferol yn hytrach nac fel eithriad.

v) Diwygiadau arfaethedig i ddeddfwriaeth ar y pŵer i drechu hawddfreintiau a hawliau eraill

Croesawir y bwriad i ddiwygio'r darpariaethau fel bod trechu hawddfreintiau a hawliau eraill yng Nghymru yn gymwys nid yn unig i godi, adeiladu neu ymgymryd â chynnal unrhyw adeilad neu gyfnod gwaith, ond hefyd i'r defnydd newydd, parhaol o'r safle os yw'r defnydd yn unol â chaniatâd cynllunio. (Ar hyn o bryd nid yw'r ddeddfwriaeth gyfredol yn caniatáu'r defnydd newydd, parhaol o'r safle hyd yn oed os yw'r defnydd yn unol â chaniatâd cynllunio).

Bydd hyn yn hwyluso'r broses o weithredu ar ganiatâd cynllunio er budd y gymuned a sicrhau nad yw datblygiad yn cael ei atal ar sail cyfyngiadau cyfreithiol hanesyddol, sydd bellach o bosib ddim yn berthnasol.

Hyderaf y bydd Llywodraeth Cymru'n rhoi ystyriaeth lawn i'r ymateb yn y llythyr yma yn ogystal â'r ymatebion manwl sydd yn y ffurflenni safonol ar gyfer yr ymgynghoriadau unigol.

Yn gywir

Aled Davies – Pennaeth Adran Rheoleiddio Ar ran Cynghorydd Dafydd Meurig Aelod Cabinet Rheoleiddio

Alid Jan

Amg:

- Pwyllgorau cynllunio, dirprwyo a chyd-fyrddau cynllunio
- Rhoi mwy o bwyslais ar gamau rhagarweiniol y system gynllunio
- Adolygu ffioedd am geisiadau cynllunio
- Dylunio yn y broses gynllunio
- Diwygiadau arfaethedig i ddeddfwriaeth ar y pŵer i drechu hawddfreintiau a hawliau eraill

Review of Planning Application Fees					
D	Pate of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015				
Name	Nicola Pearce				
Organisation	Neath Port Talbot County Borough Council				
Address	The Quays Brunel Way Baglan Energy Park Neath				
E-mail address	n.pearce@npt.gov.uk				
Type (please select one	Businesses/ Consultants				
from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Whilst the increase is supported, it is disappointing to note that it still falls significantly short of full cost recovery and is also dependent upon an improvement in performance. Whilst all LPAs strive to provide the best service possible to all customers, this is becoming increasingly difficult in the current period of austerity. Budgets are being cut which in turn results in a reduction in available resources, mainly staff. The loss of experienced and skilled staff has a knock on effect upon service delivery and further penalties from the Welsh Government will hinder performance rather than support and improve performance.

Comments:
A greater increase in fees should be proposed together with a commitment to regular annual increases thereafter to account for inflationary rises.

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

No. Performance is not only the responsibility of the LPA, it is also reliant upon the quality of the submission by the applicant/agent and the co-operation of consultees. A substantial number of applications are invalid upon submission and take time to become valid. Furthermore and despite the provision of pre-application advice, the applications are unacceptable and require revision to allow for a recommendation of approval. Some applicants/agents are better in terms of the submission of quality applications and/or the submission of additional and amended information/plans than others, but on the whole they also contribute towards variation in the speed of delivery. Consultees are another source of delay. If they respond within the statutory time periods it can often be requesting the submission of additional information and the clock keeps ticking.

The knock on effect of all of the above will be an increase in refusals either due to lack of information to enable LPAs to fully assess a development or alternatively, as a consequence of the inability to fully negotiate improvements to a scheme for the fear of running out of time. This cannot possibly benefit the development and regeneration industry but will result in an increase in appeals to the Planning Inspectorate. In turn the costs of the planning service overall will increase. This cannot be beneficial to anyone.

Q2b

If you do not agree, what other options are available?

Comments:

Annual performance reports (similar to current business plans) could be submitted to the WG which would demonstrate performance and provide an account of why performance has varied and whether measures are being put in place to address such variation. If no measures are being put in place a reason for such lack of intervention should be specified.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
			Ш				
	No. For the reasons specified above, the principle of refunds is not supported.						
Q3b Comm	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an a	ppropriate	e time?				
Do no	t agree that any time period is appropriate						
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comments: Although there should be a restriction on grouping conditions together. Perhaps conditions should be grouped by topic area. For eg, all drainage conditions grouped together etc.							
Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount? Comments:							
Comm	ients:						
No alt	No alternative suggestion						

Q5						
Comments: No. the principle of refunds is not supported. Some conditions can take an exceptionally long time to discharge for reasons beyond the control of the LPA. As a result the LPA should not be penalised as a consequence.						
		.,	Yes			
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	(subject to further comment)	No		
Comm	nents:					
Yes. This is appropriate to confirm that conditions have been complied with rather than discharged. The word discharge implies that the submitted details have also been complied with, however the proposal does not cover this. A Certificate of lawfulness is the only means to determine that the development has been completed in accordance with all approved plans and conditions.						
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		

Most if not all Council's legal departments charge the developer for their time in

drawing up S106 legal agreements already. The introduction of a charge is a duplication of existing practice. I understand that the Head of Legal for this Council has already submitted a separate response in relation to this question expanding this concern.

Comments:

Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?					
Comn	ients:					
Reaso	ns specified in answer to question 7a.					
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comm	nents:					
			I			
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comm	nents:					
The cost of posting site notices and undertaking site visits, writing reports etc for advertisements on cabinets throughout the County Borough would be expensive. For example if you have a submission for advertisements on upto 50 individual cabinets throughout the County Borough, each site would require a site notice and site visit. They would also require the preparation of a bespoke officer report for each site, and the dispatch of a decision notice. How can this work be covered by a single fee.						
If the WG are intent on promoting the take up of broadband throughout Wales, it is suggested that they introduce deemed consent for broadband adverts on the cabinets for a restricted time period, in the same way that they introduced permitted development rights for the cabinets themselves. This would increase awareness without increasing bureaucracy and costs.						
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.					
	Comments: See response to question 9a					

Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No 🖂		
Comme	ents:					
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.					
The wo	Comments: The work and consequent costs involved in determining an alternative application which has been changed as a consequence of the developer should be recompensed through the payment of a fee.					
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Yes, to ensure that each LPA is charging against the correct fee schedule.						

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comme	ents:				
	Yes it is acknowledged that the work involved in processing such applications is significant and needs to be covered appropriately in the fee income.				
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?				
Comme	ents:				
The factors proposed within the consultation are considered to be appropriate. However the energy output needs to be clarified. Ie is it installed capacity or actual generation. It is assumed that the fee relates to the former, as the latter will be unknown at the time of submission.					
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
	all conditions in 7 to receiving 100 income.				
0					
Comme	ents:				
Q12b	Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?				
Comments:					

Each application should receive a fee as proposed within the consultation document to ensure that the cost of processing the application on each side of the Local Authority

boundary is recovered.

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comme	ents:			
	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you we have not specifically addressed, please use this			which
Comme	ents:			
The fees associated with mineral developments have not been considered as part of this consultation. The current cap on fees associated with mineral applications singles out mineral developments from all others. This restrictive cap ensures that the costs of processing such applications far outweighs the fee income. Confirmation is required as to why the cap for mineral developments is not in line with the cap on all other types of developments. The minerals and waste planning service is in a serious period of decline. The age profile of existing officers within this specialist field is resulting in a loss of staff through retirement with no new staff being trained (due to lack of funding) to cover this specialist field going forward. An increase in fees associated with these types of application would allow for investment in future staff, thus ensuring that succession planning measures are put in place.				
In addition to the above, consideration should be given to the requirement for a set fee for Developments of National Significance and Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects. Whilst LPAs have previously been advised to negotiate these with the developers, this has not resulted in a successful outcome for the two NSIP projects that this authority have been involved in. As a result significant resources have been spent by the LPA with no associated income. Consideration should also be given to the need for a fee associated with screening and scoping opinions which are time consuming to deliver.				
I do not	want my name/or address published with my respon	nse (plea	se tick)	

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: <u>planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk</u> or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees				
Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015				
Name Ryan Thomas				
Organisation	Organisation City and County of Swansea Council			
Address Economic Regeneration & Planning, Civic Centre, Oysterouth Road, Swansea, SA1 3SN				
E-mail address ryan.thomas@swansea.gov.uk				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority	\boxtimes		
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups			
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self-help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)			
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual			

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The accompanying Regulatory Impact Assessment states that since 2009, the costs associated with design and development process have increased by 7% as a result of inflation. Against this backdrop, local authority settlements have decreased by 8% since 2009 and planning application fee income will continue to only cover 60% of the costs associated with processing and determining applications.

With this in mind, and with future funding cuts likely in the foreseeable future for Local Authorities, it is questionable whether this 15% increase will actually result in an improved service as opposed to maintaining the current status quo.

A higher percentage increase should be seriously considered if the Welsh Government are serious about increasing resources in LPAs and improving service as per the consultation document.

Q1b

If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

If the WG are committed towards resourcing LPAs to improve performance, then the increase in fees needs to reflect this. As stated above, the % increase should be higher otherwise there is little/ no difference in real terms since 2009 particularly as applications have increased in complexity since this time.

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The document states that "Performance of the LPA is a priority for the Welsh Government, especially where the LPA has not delivered a service to its customers."

However, achieving sustainable development should be the key priority (as a statutory duty) and refunds will not invariably achieve this aim. Too much emphasis is placed on the speed of the decision, but quicker decisions won't necessarily mean sustainable decisions or better decisions. LPAs are encouraged to consider new ways of working/ thinking but the WG are not adopting the same principles themselves but revert to punishments to exact change.

With fear of having to give substantial refunds, LPAs may be minded to refuse applications which will result in appeal/ resubmission, and the overall result will be it taking longer to achieve permission.

In addition, during the assessment of the application, the LPA will incur costs and it is likely they will have undertaken significant work to get to a point where they can make a recommendation on a scheme. Delays generally mean time and negotiation and are required for genuine reasons.

Applicants have the right of appeal against non-determination at any point after the statutory period and this is considered an appropriate mechanism if decisions are being delayed. Providing cost recovery for written representations appeals as is being considered could provide appropriate recourse for unreasonable delays.

Q2b

If you do not agree, what other options are available?

Comments:

If improving the LPA performance is a key priority, then WG should be looking at ways to genuinely improve performance rather than a simple exercise of punishing poorly performing authorities as this will not necessarily produce the expected results. Quicker decisions may result in more refusals.

Amendments that could make the scheme acceptable may not be progressed which will lead to refusal, resubmissions or appeals and take longer to get a positive

outcome as well as costing everyone in the process more time and money.

It would be more beneficial for WG to help LPAs that are 'underperforming' for example in terms of temporary secondments or a "critical friend" to help review procedures and advise on improvements/lessons learnt elsewhere in Wales. This would help facilitate lasting change in LPA's.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

As outlined above, the City and County of Swansea do not agree with the penalty system proposed. The core principle should be Sustainable Development, not quick decisions/development.

If the refund proposals are taken forward, then they should ONLY be applicable where 'formal' pre-application advice has been given on an application and all of the necessary information that would enable the LPA to make a sound decision has been submitted to the LPA within a reasonable timescale.

Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

Comments:

Again, it is not considered that this approach will have the desired effect. There shouldn't be specific time requirements - applicant can appeal non-determination and apply for costs if the LPA is acting unreasonably in making a decision.

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Consideration of information takes both time and resources to discharge, and can require both internal and external consultation. This approach may encourage developers to submit information upfront which enables all information to be considered at the same time.

The submission of information at different times (potentially over a 5 year period) can take significant time to review the necessary requirements of a condition and an approach supporting front-loading of the system is to be welcomed.

However, it is recommend that a maximum number of conditions is included within one fee (for example 5 separate conditions) to ensure that the cost of discharging conditions is recovered by the Authority.

Alternatively, fee levels should be increased to ensure LPAs recover costs appropriately, a fee of £83 to discourage a large number of complex conditions particularly in relation to major developments would not be a reasonable level of cost reducing.

Q4b

If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

It would appear that the fee of £83 is based on the fee for the Non Material Amendment and was calculated as half of the fee for a S73 application (which is set to increase). This fee should also be increased by the same percentage to ensure it more closely reflects the cost of processing by the LPA.

Q5

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

Once again, this approach does not result in an improved service and depends on the level of information submitted in the first place and 3rd parties in terms of responses from statutory consultees. Often conditions are requested by 3rd parties and without a response within the relevant time period, the LPA is unable to discharge the relevant condition. The applicant has a right of appeal and cost recovery from written representation appeals would appear to resolve this issue rather than a refund which appears to give little consideration as to why the condition could not be discharged within this time frame.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		\boxtimes		
Comr	nonto:			

Comments:

Requests (especially historic requests) can take time to confirm and Officer time and LPA resources should be recoverable. This should become easier over time if the 'live' decision notice is progressed.

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The complexity of S106 agreements can vary significantly depending on the nature of a scheme and can involve significant officer time in negotiating the precise wording of the agreement, trigger points, reviews etc.

[FURTHER COMMENTS WILL BE SUBMITTED BY THE COUNCIL'S LEGAL DEPARTMENT]

Q7b

If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?

Comments:

The fee should be evidence based, set after consultation with various legal departments in LPAs to ascertain the time and cost required to prepare an agreement and the different issues encountered in the process.

Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Serving an Enforcement Notice is generally a last resort following discussion and negotiation. Developers are normally advised that they have a right to submit a planning application and notices are only served if this advice is not heeded (on some occasions it is expedient to issue an enforcement notice to 'stop the clock' on an unauthorised development so that it can be brought under development control and appropriately conditioned without becoming immune from enforcement). The LPA would be equipped to deal with this administration and the retention of any fee would offset the cost incurred by the LPA that is required when fees have to be returned.

Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
_				

Comments:

Subject to the actual definition of a specified area - cabinets should be within close geographical proximity within a set distance of one another or street and not just within a certain ward/town etc.

Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.
Comr	nents:

Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

If the LPA has concerns with a scheme then it will seek amendments during the application process. If an applicant wishes to take forward the RM application to determination, then they should not be able to have a free go. They have the option of progressing it or withdrawing it if they wish.

Any further submission should require a new fee. The LPA would incur more costs if the developer has a free go and this approach would allow the developer greater flexibility in drawing up their plans from the outset (inviting mediocrity of submission) and would do nothing to streamline or increase the efficacy of the process.

Improvements to the planning system should aim to promote the frontloading of applications. The modest additional cost to the applicant/developer, would add certainty to the planning process and go some way towards funding an effective service.

WG's proposal will add greater strain on the LPA's resources and have a negative impact on the delivery of an efficient planning service.

Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why.

Comments:
See above.

Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?

Yes (subject to further comment)

Comments:

Energy generation development fees should be split between wind energy (on-shore and off-shore) and other energy generation schemes.

It is also recommended that the WG pursue the introduction of fees payable to LPAs dealing with NSIP projects as under the current regime, LPAs receive no fee despite applications/inquiries taking up considerable officer time at all levels. This reduces time to process fee paying applications. Similarly, a fee should be payable to the LPA for work undertaken on Developments of National Significance in their area.

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
	arm applications can be complex applications but a fee that covers the significant work involved			esn't	
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is	
be inclu	ents: A concurs that a combination of site area and muded as the fee should therefore reflect the leve. E. This would appear to offer the simplest and muden.	l of comp	olexity of the pro		
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
	ents: A concurs with the approach that each LPA sho oment proposed within its area.	uld rece	ive a fee based	on the	
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?		
See abo					
			Γ		
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
The RI. process levels hinflation	Comments: The RIA states that since 2009, the costs associated with design and development process have increased by 7% as a result of inflation. During this time planning fee levels have remained static, and so of the 15% increase in planning application fees, inflation is considered to form 7%. The document states that it is expected that such an increase will allow authorities to				

ensure their resources are appropriately allocated within their service - with this in mind, it would be advisable to review fees on a biennial basis in the future to ensure LPAs continue to have sufficient resources rather than decreased real-term resources over a 5 year period (such as the case since 2009).

Q14 Wh

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

Finally, its is recommended that there should be a separate fee for a S73 application to amend a condition relating to a scheme for major development. Currently the cost of an application is £166, but as the S73 application is a new application, the notification requirements remain the same as for a major application and invariably the cost of advertising the application in the press results in the application costing the LPA significantly more than it received in fee income, before the application is even considered.

Similarly, WG should lobby for a change to the English fee structure to require fees to be payable to LPAs for NSIP projects in their area given the time and resources required to consider these applications as well as the fees payable to PINS for these applications.

Given that Developments of National Significance will require significant LPA involvement and work, a fee should be payable to the LPA for this work. It is suggested that this is included/ considered as part of this consultation exercise.

Finally, any updated/consolidated regulations should be supplemented by an updated fee circular for clarity.

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)	

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

ricase submit your comments in any or the following ways.
Email
Please complete the consultation form and send it to :
planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk
[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]
Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees			
Dat	e of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015		
Name	Lucie Taylor		
Organisation	Federation of City Farms and Community Gardens		
Address	46 Ninian Park Road, Cardiff CF11 6JA		
E-mail address	lucie@communitylandadvice.org.uk		
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants		
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority		
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector		
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups		
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)		
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual		

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The Federation of City Farms and Community Gardens is aware of a number of community growing projects who survive on meagre means. They are not profit making and are undergoing projects usually as a means to adapting to climate change, or to increase their reslilence, or improve their mental and physical well being. These are all things that Welsh Government is trying to promote through various tools. In this context, the increase of 15% on planning application fees should not apply across the board.

This is especially the case for change of use applications which would be increased to £380. This fee would be prohibitive to many community projects and could result in them no longer continuing. Could there be a exception for not for profit making projects that contributute to the adaption of climate change? Surely the Welsh Government One Planet principles are relevant here. A common sense approach could apply in this instance.

There will be many examples of the vountary sector working with such groups

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067 who can also provide examples. Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any? Comments: Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that introducing a refund will Q2a further improve LPA performance? comment) Comments: If you do not agree, what other options are available? Q2b Comments: Yes Do you agree with the proposed time period of Yes (subject to No 16 and 24 weeks? Q3a further comment) Comments:

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067			
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an annro	onriate time?	
		ан арргс		
Comn	nents:			
	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q4a	accompany the discharge of planning conditions?		further	
	Conditions:		comment)	
Comn	nents:			
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	ropriate amount	?
Comn	nents:			
	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1			fee to
Q5	accompany a discharge of condition would be re	efunded?		
Comn	nents:			

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
Com	nens.			
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Comr	nents:			
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

	tion reference: WG23067			
				1
	Do you agree that advertisements on		Yes	
	broadband cabinets in a specified area should	Yes	(subject to	No
	be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?		further	
	charging a ree!		comment)	
Comm	ients:			
001				
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	ents:			
			Yes	
0100	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go	Yes	(subject to	No
Q10a	following approval of a reserved matters	Yes	(subject to further	No
Q10a			(subject to	No
	following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	(subject to further	No
Q10a Comm	following approval of a reserved matters application?		(subject to further	No
	following approval of a reserved matters application?		(subject to further	No
	following approval of a reserved matters application?		(subject to further	No
	following approval of a reserved matters application?		(subject to further	No
	following approval of a reserved matters application?		(subject to further	No
Comm	following approval of a reserved matters application? Tents:		(subject to further	No
Comm	following approval of a reserved matters application? Tents: If you have answered no, please explain why.		(subject to further	No
Comm	following approval of a reserved matters application? Tents: If you have answered no, please explain why.		(subject to further	No
Comm	following approval of a reserved matters application? Tents: If you have answered no, please explain why.		(subject to further	No
Comm	following approval of a reserved matters application? Tents: If you have answered no, please explain why.		(subject to further	No

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
0		Ш		
Comm	ents:			
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is
Commo	ents:			
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Comm	ents:			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
Comm	ents:			
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:		_	

Q14

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

The Federation of City Farms and Community Gardens is aware of a number of community growing projects who survive on meagre means. They are not profit making and are undergoing projects usually as a means to adapting to climate change, or to increase their reslilence, or improve their mental and physical well being. These are all things that Welsh Government is trying to promote through various tools. In this context the increase of 15% on planning application fees should not apply across the board.

This is especially the case for change of use applications which would be increased to £380. This fee would be prohibitive to many community projects and could result in them no longer continuing. Could there be a exception for not for profit making projects that contributute to the adaption of climate change? Surely the Welsh Government One Planet principles are relevant here. A

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How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation Development Management Branch Planning Division Welsh Assembly Government Cathays Park Cardiff **CF10 3 NQ**

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Application Fees				
Dat	te of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015				
Name	Mark Hand				
Organisation	Planning Officers Society Wales				
Address					
E-mail address	mark.hand@newport.gov.uk				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants				
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				
Do you agree in fees?	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
Comments: We welcome an increase in planning fees which is long overdue. However, we are not clear of the rationale for proposing 15% when the consultation document acknowledges that the average cost recovery across Wales is 66%. The 15% would still result in Welsh fees being less than those in England and the increase does not take account of the Local Authorities application related costs, such as publicity expenses (press notices), which can significantly exceed an application fee. We would welcome a higher fee increase, with the minimum being a split of the current difference between current and full cost recovery (34%) which would result in an increase of 17%. We understand that this is the approach used in Scotland. The maximum fee thresholds should be revisited. These should reflect the English fee system.					

Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate to be a more appr	priate ch	ange, if any?	
	nents:			
see a	Dove			
			Yes	
	Do you agree that introducing a refund will	Yes	(subject to	No
Q2a	improve LPA performance?		further	
			comment)	
	nents:			
	Planning (Wales) Bill is currently introducing a		_	
	ove LPA performance. Until these changes are		_	
	d of time to bed in, it is unacceptable that imp duced 'by the backdoor'. LPAs will be unwilling			
	this could lead to more applications being re		-	_
	mination targets set by WG. This scenario will			
	,			
	sanction will potentially lead to poor outcomes			
	ed objective of Positive Planning. This focus of			
time	goes against the desire of Welsh Government t	to impro	ve performance	e in
the re	ound.			
We h	ave also been made aware of CIPFA accounting	rules w	hich may preve	ent
	benefiting from the fee increase, as the fee w	-	, ,	
	to pay the refund if required. This requires for			
finan	ce experts but is of real concern to members o	of POSW	who are strugg	ling to
ident	ify significant budget cuts.			
16 14/0	intend numining (DAIs to the	141 1	ا م ام ام ام	L_
	intend punishing LPA's in this way, then pena			
	opers who submit invalid applications, with revisues subsequent invalid submission.	peat ree	es chargeable it	וכ
CVCI	subsequent invalid submission.			
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
	nents:			
We d	o not consider it appropriate to link a fee incr	ease to p	performance	

ation reference: WG23067				
			ı	
Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: We do not agree with linking a fee increase to determination targets.				
If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?		
nents:				
	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks? The nents: In not agree with linking a fee increase to dete	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks? Inents: In not agree with linking a fee increase to determination. If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an approximation.	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks? Yes (subject to further comment) nents: In not agree with linking a fee increase to determination targets. If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?	

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Charging for the discharge of planning conditions is long overdue and welcomed. We would however query whether the proposed amounts are appropriate. We would suggest that the fee for householder application is waived and that the amount for other applications increased.

Where a determination has a number of conditions attached, we would not want applicants to stockpile conditions in order to submit to the LPA in one tranche to save multiple fees. Therefore we would propose that there is a maximum number of conditions that can be discharged at one time or that there is a fee threshold which would discourage applicants saving up conditions and submitting them in one go which leads to resourcing issues for Councils.

	ation reference: WG23067			
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	:?
Comr	nents:			
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			fee to
	nents: ntroduction of fees should not be linked to per	rforman	ce.	
			Г	
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
We a	nents: re not clear if this is actually needed because i cation for a certificate of lawfulness under Sec			ugh an

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:					

Local authorities legal teams will be involved in the drafting of Section 106

|--|

	planning obligations have fee charging schedules. Applicants have the option of submitting a unilateral underaking using their own legal advisors.						
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are			
Comr	nents:						
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
	nents:						
	nderstand this proposal to mean that the LPA value ing application fee. If so, we support this.	will rece	eive double the				
		Ι	<u> </u>				
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
No the present that is located	ments: his issue of advertisements on broadband cabinent time due to the roll out of Superfast broadled and special consideration. Applications shout ion. Therefore suggesting that a single application asonable.	oand. Th ld be ju	nis is not a cate dged based on t	gory :heir			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.						

Review o	Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067					
in the	ents: is considered an issue why not include advert permitted adverts within the advertisement is the workloads for Councils.	•	•			
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comments: Reserved matters applications often generate significant work. It is not reasonable to allow applicants a free go. The minor amendments procedure recently introduced would be adequate in dealing with such applications. The fee regs should be worded to ensure there are no free goes following an approval.						
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.					
Comm	ents:					

Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.
Comm	ents:

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Yes we agree that with this proposal but would be concerned if such changes reduced the fees payable for ground intensive applications such as solar farms which generate a considerable workload.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067				
		I			
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No	
			comment)		
Commo	ents: e agree with this proposal as small scale energ	gy gener	ation application	ons can	
	te a significant amount of work for the LPA v				
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is	
Comments: We consider that it should be a combination of factors (as per para 3.44) that					
should be taken into account when calculating the fee for wind turbines.					
	Do you agree that foce for gross boundary		Yes		
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee	Yes	(subject to further	No	
	income?		comment)		
Commo We wo	ents: uld agree with this proposal				
,,,,,,,,,,					

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed? Q12b Comments: Yes Do you have any comments to make about (subject to Yes No the draft partial Regulatory Impact Q13 further Assessment at Annex 2? comment) \square Comments: The RIA based on application refund assumes an average, but in reality the greatest risk of a refund lies with major applications which attract the greatest fee, so the refund would be far greater than suggested by the RIA. We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues Q14 which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them: Comments: We note and welcome the statement in the RIA Post Implementation Review to work closely with POSW to understand the effects of these changes. POSW would find it helpful to understand the process and timescale for implementing these changes, i.e when can LPAs expect to charge and receive an increased fee?

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Welsh Government 9

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

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[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

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Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees							
Dat	e of consultation period: 06/10/20)14 – 16/	/01/2015				
Name	Miss Rachael A. Bust - Chief Plan	ner					
Organisation	The Coal Authority						
Address							
E-mail address	E-mail address planningconsultation@coal.gov.uk						
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants						
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority						
	Government Agency/Other Public	Sector					
	Professional Bodies/Interest Group	os					
Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)							
	Other (other groups not listed above	ve) or inc	dividual				
Do you agreed in fees?	ee with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
_							
Comments: The Coal Authority supports the principle of cost recovery in the development management process							
Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?							
Comments: N/A							

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: The principle of planning fees being refunded in the event of non-determination already applies in certain circumstances in the UK planning systems. The Coal Authority is concerned that this does have the potential to result in unexpected consequences. We are aware of many circumstances where LPAs are slow in undertaking necessary re-consultations which can lead to poor performance. However we also see many examples where applicants/agents seem to have been slow in providing additional information. There is often a reluctance with applicants to withdraw their applications to resolve issues and use the resubmission provisions.					
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available	able?			
N/A	nents:				
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: The Coal Authority does not consider it is within its remit to comment on this, the matter is one for LPAs and applicants to comment upon					
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?		
Comn N/A	nents:				

Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions? Comments: The Coal Authority supports the principle of cost recovery, fees for the discharge of planning conditions in England does not appear to have had a detrimental impact on the implementation of development. A fee of £83 a an unusual amount and a rounded amount of £85 may be more appropriat	
Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions? Comments: The Coal Authority supports the principle of cost recovery, fees for the discharge of planning conditions in England does not appear to have had a detrimental impact on the implementation of development. A fee of £83 a an unusual amount and a rounded amount of £85 may be more appropriate	
Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions? Comments: The Coal Authority supports the principle of cost recovery, fees for the discharge of planning conditions in England does not appear to have had a detrimental impact on the implementation of development. A fee of £83 a an unusual amount and a rounded amount of £85 may be more appropriate	
Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions? Comments: The Coal Authority supports the principle of cost recovery, fees for the discharge of planning conditions in England does not appear to have had a detrimental impact on the implementation of development. A fee of £83 a an unusual amount and a rounded amount of £85 may be more appropriate	
Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions? Comments: The Coal Authority supports the principle of cost recovery, fees for the discharge of planning conditions in England does not appear to have had a detrimental impact on the implementation of development. A fee of £83 a an unusual amount and a rounded amount of £85 may be more appropriate	
Comments: The Coal Authority supports the principle of cost recovery, fees for the discharge of planning conditions in England does not appear to have had a detrimental impact on the implementation of development. A fee of £83 a an unusual amount and a rounded amount of £85 may be more appropriate	No
The Coal Authority supports the principle of cost recovery, fees for the discharge of planning conditions in England does not appear to have had a detrimental impact on the implementation of development. A fee of £83 a an unusual amount and a rounded amount of £85 may be more appropriate	
	ppears
Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amoun	?
Comments: A fee of £83 appears an unusual amount and a rounded amount of £85 magners appropriate	/ be
Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?	fee to
Comments: In principle The Coal Authority agrees that the refund of a fee associated discharging a planning condition can ensure that these proposals are given appropriate priority in the overall workload	
Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged? Yes Yes (subject to	,

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 further comment) \boxtimes Comments: See 4a Yes agree with proposals for the Do you Yes (subject to No Q7a introduction of a set fee to accompany the further drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation? comment) Comments: The Coal Authority supports the principle of cost recovery, the principle that applicants should meet the costs associated with the drafting of section 106 planning obligations already exists in many LPAs across the UK. However these 'fees' are determined by negotiation based upon the complexity of the planning obligation and how much of the drafting the applicant undertakes. The Coal Authority cannot see how a single level of fee could cater for the complex range of planning obligations that need to be undertaken. We would prefer the principle of the costs needing to be met by the applicant set out in secondary legislation, with the level of 'fee' itself either to be by negotiation or some form of sliding scale If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are Q7b your reasons? Comments: See 7a above

	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a			
Q8	ground (a) appeal should only be payable to	Yes	Yes	No
	the LPA?		(subject to	

Consultation reference: WG23067 further comment) Comments: The Coal Authority has no views on this matter that advertisements Do you agree Yes broadband cabinets in a specified area should Yes (subject to No Q9a be treated as a single site for the purposes of further charging a fee? comment) Comments: The Coal Authority has no views on this matter Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: N/A Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No following approval of a reserved matters Q10a further application? comment) X Comments: The Coal Authority considers the proposal to remove the ability to have a 'free go' following approval of a reserved matters is reasonable and justified. The principle of a 'free go' is to allow applicants to address reasons for refusal or outstanding matters which warranted withdrawal

Consultation reference: WG23067 Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: See Q10a above Do you agree that applications for renewable Yes energy development should have a separate (subject to Yes No fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Q11a further Machinery? comment) Comments: The Coal Authority has no views on this matter Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that wind turbines should also Q11b further have a separate system of fee calculation? comment) Comments: The Coal Authority has no views on this matter What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is Q11c calculating the fee for wind turbines? Comments: The Coal Authority has no views on this matter

Consulta	tion reference: WG23067			
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	nents:			
This p	roposal would appear to be a fairer method or ed by each constituent LPA are met	of ensuri	ng that the cost	:s
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
	nents: Inciple the apportionment of the standard fee rould appear to be appropriate	relevant	t to each consti	tuent
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm The C	ents: oal Authority has no views on this matter			
Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas			
Comm N/A	nents:			

Consultation refe	erence: WG23067
I do not want	my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

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[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
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Cardiff
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Additional information

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telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees					
Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015					
Name	Name Sarah Edwards				
Organisation	Persimmon Homes West Wales				
Address	Dragon House, Parc y Ddraig, Penllergaer Business Park, Penllergaer, Swansea, SA4 9HJ				
E-mail address	sarah.edwards@persimmonhomes.com				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants	\boxtimes			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				
Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees? Yes (subject to further comment)					
Comments: If the increase in fees is proposed to cover the costs of the changes to planning system and ensuring applications are dealt with in accordance with it then the money must be used to fund the planning department only and no other department within the Council.					
Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?					
Comments:					

Review	of Planning Application Fees			
Consultation reference: WG23067				
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No

comment)

Comments:

As long as the right decision is made, e.g. an applicant would not want an application refused just so that the LPA can hit the target for determination specified when the application was registered.

Instead, most applicants would prefer to agree to an extension of time if a decision can't be made due to, for instance, the requirement to submit additional information or lack of consultation responses over an application being refused just so that the LPA can avoid handing back the fee as this will lead to an increase in the number of appeals including applications for costs.

However, not all LPAs currently issue an 'Extension of Time' letter so much so that we regularly have to write to the LPA stating that we agree to an extension of time in order to keep the option of appeal 'live' rather than let the 6 month period to appeal expire and still not have a decision due to, for instance, the lack of consultation responses. So, clarification on how extensions of time will be dealt with is also required?

Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available?
Comr	nents:

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

However, an extension of time should be offered by the LPA in writing in the 14th and 22nd week to the applicant allowing them a week to respond in order to prevent applications being refused and the fee refunded.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067				
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?	
Comr	nents:			
	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to	Yes	Yes	No
Q4a	accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	168	(subject to further	INO
	Conditions:		comment)	
	nents: noney must be used by the planning departme	nt to pr	ecos the applic	ations
	ot allocated to another department within the			.ations
				•
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	ropriate amount	?
Comr	nents:			
	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	I 6 waaks	after which the	fee to
Q 5	accompany a discharge of condition would be re			
Comments: No.				
The reference to 16 weeks in the Consultation Document is referring to a refund for householder applications which are not determined within 16 weeks.				

Article 23 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (Wales) Order 2012 states that local planning authorities must determine applications to discharge conditions within eight weeks.

Therefore, where other Council departments or a third party need to be consulted a decision should be issued within 8 weeks but where there is no requirement to consult other Council departments or third parties then a decision, in theory, could be issued within 28 days as per a \$96A application.

However, if no correspondence is received from the LPA regarding the requirement to consult other departments or third parties or a request for additional information is forthcoming within 8 weeks from submission then deemed consent should be allowed as long as the applicant writes to the LPA confirming the deemed consent.

Further clarification is also required as to what will happen when an application is submitted to discharge a number of conditions but the LPA require additional information regarding one or more of them and so are unable to discharge all of the conditions within the agreed determination period.

Do they confirm in writing which conditions have been satisfied but hold off issuing a decision notice until all of the conditions have been satisfied?

This is of particular importance, for example, if you have a pre-occupation condition holding up confirmation of discharge but all the pre-commencement conditions have been satisfied.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The applicant should not be charged for the confirmation that conditions have been discharged as the applicant will have already paid a fee for the application and discharge of conditions and so this information should be provided as part of the planning process.

It should also be made available on the Council's website in the same way that all planning applications and decision notices are currently available.

With regard to historic applications, however, a small fee for a third party, e.g. a solicitor undertaking conveyancing, to receive confirmation that conditions have been discharged is acceptable but again if it is the applicant seeking confirmation then there should be no additional fee.

Consultation reference: WG23067

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Most LPAs now have standard templates but still charge us a small fee for preparing the S106 even when our Solicitors do the drafting in order to speed up the process and it is just sent to the LPA for approval.

Q7b

If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?

Comments:

A standardised fee schedule would be welcomed depending on the complexity of the agreement, i.e. the number of schedules, and if the LPA or the applicant's solicitor draft it.

There could be a flat rate for preparing an affordable housing agreement as they don't vary much in their wording only the amount to be provided and the level of ACG etc. We are generally charged £500 by the LPA at present even when our solicitor's draft them which is reasonable.

For financial contribution agreements, a slightly higher fee would be acceptable as there is likely to be more schedules but it should NOT be based on a % of the contributions as this would be disproportionate.

Fees could be £500 for preparing the main document and then £250 per schedule up to a maximum fee of £5,000.

There should also be a flat rate for any Deed of Variations of £500.

Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comn	nents:			
Q10a	application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Do you agree that applications for renewable Yes energy development should have a separate Yes (subject to No fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Q11a further Machinery? comment) Comments: Yes (subject to Yes No Do you agree that wind turbines should also Q11b further have a separate system of fee calculation? comment) Comments:

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	ents: b below.			
Q12b	Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?			
should larger the pe	ents: e should be split proportionately between th write one cheque for the entire amount to t proportion of the application falls and then t rcentage of the application area that falls wi ould proportionately reflect the amount of w	he LPA he LPAs thin eac	within which th split the fee ba h LPAs boundar	e ised on y as
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			

Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:			
Comments:				
I do n	ot want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)			

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

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Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

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Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Application Fees				
Dat	te of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015				
Name	Emyr Davies				
Organisation	Redrow Homes (South and North Wales) Ltd				
Address	Redrow House Copse Walk Cardiff Gate Business Park CF23 8RH				
E-mail address	E-mail address emyr.davies@redrow.co.uk				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants	\boxtimes			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
Professional Bodies/Interest Groups					
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The extra funding gained for any fee increase must be used directly to support local planning authority departments to ensure that they maintain the level of service offered.

Redrow has witnessed experienced officer loss from LPAs without replacement and the impacts on the performance of the planning department and the Council as a whole. The service therefore received by the applicant suffers as a result.

Redrow is also aware of authorities where the planning income from fees gets directed to a central poole and then split back to departments across the Council. The planning application fee is only generated to support the service of delivering the planning function and there should be controls in place to ensure that all such income fees are safeguarded for planning services.

While ideally an increase in planning fees to the extent of 15% should enhance the service and delivery of planning it is important that at the very least there

Review	or Planning Application Fees				
	ation reference: WG23067 neasures introduced to ensure that the level o	<i>c</i>			
are n	leasures introduced to ensure that the level of	r service	e is maintained.		
Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more appro	oriate ch	ange, if any?		
Comr	nents:				
n/a					
			T	T	
			Yes		
	Do you agree that introducing a refund will	Yes	(subject to	No	
Q2a	improve LPA performance?		further		
			comment)		
	nents:				
	ow would like to think that delay in application reasons such as LPA resources/experience or a				
_	the former then the refund could hinder suc		•	dicics.	
			-		
Other possibilities are that LPAs will be forced to make decisions in a quicker					
	on, probably refusal, and subsequent costs at a al grounds. House builders would prefer to tak				
	an LPA to potentially gain an approval rather t				
	and cost of an appeal.	men nav	mg to go amou	5.1 4.16	
	ithstanding the above the timescales proposed ar to be reasonable if an LPA has the capacity		•		

Notwithstanding the above the timescales proposed before issuing a refund does appear to be reasonable if an LPA has the capacity and experience to deal with applications in the first instance. Safeguarding and enhancing the LPA resources and service delivery is therefore vital.

A possible negative of this approach, which would potentially not impact upon Redrow as an applicant, is that the stretched LPAs will be forced to use their resources for the applications that attract the higher fees, which they ultimately cannot afford to lose in the current economic climate for local authorities.

Consultation reference: WG23067

Q2b If you do not agree, what other options are available?

Comments:
n/a

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
It is c	Comments: It is considered appropriate that a mutual agreement for an extension of time could be agreed in writing between the applicant and LPA prior to forcing a refund.				
	Redrow questions who would determine whether a refund is appropriate and how it would be determined.				

Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?		
Comr n/a	ments:		

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

If a fee is payable then LPAs need to commit appropriate attention to dealing with the discharge of condition(s). The process has been implemented well in

England and so there should be no reason why thi	s cannot occur here
--	---------------------

The consultation encourages applicants to group condition discharges together. Redrow agree with this approach but would request that LPAs separate the conditions if they were minded to refuse one or more submitted and therefore enable the approval of the condition submissions found acceptable.

Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?
Comn n/a	nents:

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

Yes but as with the planning application it is considered appropriate that a mutual agreement for an extension of time could be agreed in writing between the applicant and LPA prior to forcing a refund.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Redrow Homes NW currently operates within both North Wales and England and therefore has experience and involvement in both the Welsh and English planning systems. Redrow is opposed to the introduction of a fee to lodge an application to discharge conditions and then another fee to confirm that the condition has been satisfied. In England, the fee associated with the Discharge of conditions provides for the officer's time in assessing the application to discharge condtions as well as providing written confirmation that the condition has been discharged via either e-mail or letter.

Redrow considers that it is appropriate that confirmation stating which conditions have been discharged should be manditorily displayed on a LPA's

	Consultation reference: WG23067				
	website to allow all parties interested to understand what conditions have been discharged and when.				
			Yes		
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the	Yes	(subject to further	No	
	drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?		comment)		
appro	een LPAs, and on the time taken to reslove ne- opriate to set a standard reasonable fee to enc paration of S106, admin work and implementat	ompass	all matters		
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are	
Fees total	ments: should be calculated at the higher of 20% of th S106 monetary contribution/CIL contribution, mum fee cap of £20,000.			of	
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
	ments: omment				

	ation reference: WG23067			
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn No co	nents: mment			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comn n/a	nents:			
			<u> </u>	
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: n/a Do you agree that applications for renewable Yes energy development should have a separate Yes (subject to No fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Q11a further Machinery? comment) Comments: No comment Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that wind turbines should also Q11b further have a separate system of fee calculation? comment) Comments: No comment What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is Q11c calculating the fee for wind turbines? Comments:

No comment

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	income:			
Comm	onte:			
No con				
110 COI	mene			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
Comm	onto:			
n/a	ents.			
11/α				
			Yes	
040	Do you have any comments to make about	Yes	(subject to	No
Q13	the draft partial Regulatory Impact		further	
	Assessment at Annex 2?		comment)	
Comm	ents:			
n/a				
	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas			
Comm			.,	
n/a	ะแง.			
11/4				

Consultation reference: WG23067
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

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telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees						
	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015					
Name		Mark Hand				
Organisa	ation	Newport City Council				
Address						
E-mail a	ddress	mark.hand@newport.gov.uk				
Type (please s		Businesses/ Consultants				
one from following		Local Planning Authority			\boxtimes	
		Government Agency/Other Public	Sector			
		Professional Bodies/Interest Group	os			
		Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
		Other (other groups not listed above	ve) or inc	lividual		
	you agre fees?	e with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: The long overdue increase in planning fees is welcomed, indeed it is essential to enable planning departments to continue functioning in the light of on-going cuts to Local Government budgets. While the proposed 15% increase is welcomed, the Welsh Government states that cost recovery across Wales is 66%. The 15% increase is well below the 34% cost recovery gap. This is despite considerable reductions in staffing levels and other efficiency measures being implemented in LPAs over recent years.						

Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

In addition to the proposed fee increase, it is requested that:

- 1) the maximum fee limits be revisited to match those in England. This would have no impact on most customers but would assist LPAs dealing with the largest, strategic applications.
- 2) removing the requirement for applications to be publicised in the local press. Newport spends approximately £18k per year on such press notices, with no measureable impact on raising awareness of major applications. Instead, such applications would be better publicised via Council websites, social media and by providing the local press with press releases for strategic level applications which could form news articles rather than legal press notices.
- If 2) is not agreed, it is suggested that:
- a) the application fee for major applications be increased by 15% plus £400 (the latter to contribute towards the cost of the LPA placing the press notice); or b) the applicant being required to place the press notice for major applications themselve. This is likely to be less efficient than a) above because it involves numerous organisations trying to press notices in various publications, something that LPAs are already experienced in doing.
- c) notwithstanding the above, remove the requirement for applications for Listed Building Consent (which attract no fee) to be publicised in the local press. This requirement currently means that Authorities make a significant loss on such applications before even starting to determine them.

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

It will improve speed of decision making, however this would be at the expense of securing positive outcomes, which is the overall outcome WG is seeking. Speed of decision making is only one aspect of performance. Unfortunately it is normal the focus of attention because it is the easiest thing to measure.

Most applicants would prefer a slightly slower approval following resolution of negotiation, rather than a quicker refusal simply to meet an arbitrary deadline/avoid a refund. The opportunity for applicants/agents to agree an extension of time, and therefore remove the requirement for a refund, is welcomed (and essential if this idea proceeds). However, if a prompt, positive

reply to such a request is not received, this will result in either a refusal or the approval of a scheme that could have been improved, but was not bad enough to refuse. Neither represent a positive planning outcome.

If WG were to introduce these deadlines and refund requirement, it is considered appropriate that the same rules and deadlines should apply to WG itself when determining applications for DNS or when the decision-making body of choice for applications in designated poorly performing authority areas.

If WG considers that all applications should be determined within these timescales, the same deadlines of 16 and 24 weeks should apply to Ministerial call-in decisions and all appeals.

Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available?
Comn	nents:

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

It is highly unlikely that applications subject to a \$106 will be determined within 24 weeks. These are often, but not always, major applications and therefore the refund would be considerable.

WG officers working in DM may not be aware that WG planning policy officers are seeking lower affordable housing contribution thresholds via LDP examinations. This laudible aim means that all applications for residential development in Newport will now require a \$106 agreement, meaning decision speeds (which are measured to the date the \$106 is signed and the pp is issued) will slow down for a greater number of applications.

16 weeks is considered appropriate for householder proposals and conditions.

It should be noted that other WG consultation proposals will have an impact on decision speed, namely the proposed Planning Committee changes. These changes have the potential to delay decision-making because Planning Committee meetings will not be quorate. The key factors resulting in this risk

are:

- raising the quorum threshold to 50%; and
- requiring Members to play either a ward member role or a voting role (therefore reducing the likelihood of having 50% of Committee Members able to vote on a given application).

This is in addition to the proposal that only one member per ward can sit on Planning Committee, and existing requirements to declare an interest for example as school governor and be excluded from the decision-making for that application.

Councillors undertake a wide variety of roles on various other committees and/or as school governors and/or Cabinet Members, in addition to many being in other paid employment. Consequently, the number of Members able to sit on Planning Committee, due to other time constraints, is limited. The proposed restrictions above further reduce options for appointing a Planning Committee, while requiring increased turnout for a quorate meeting. Moreover, the Welsh Government has made reference elsewhere to proposals to reducing the number of elected members in Councils, despite being in areas experiencing considerable development and population growth.

Moreover, proposals that applications receiving a certain number of objections should automatically be referred to Committee will reduce levels of delegation, increase Committee workload and increase the likelihood of missing the decision deadlines set out above.

Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?
Comr	ments:

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:					

	of Planning Application Fees ation reference: WG23067			
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amoun	t?
Comr	nents:			
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			fee to
The i	ntroduction of fees should not be linked to per	rforman	ce.	
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		\boxtimes		
The i inform plann will p condi	ments: ntroduction of a fee and therefore a formal memation might hopefully ensure more conveyanging conditions and check if they have been disprovide an effective way to ensure developers sitions and actually discharge them rather than recement work now being very limited due to recement work now being very limited.	cing soli scharged comply ignore t	icitors take notal for not. This in with planning them (pro-activ	e of n turn

	Do you	agree	with	proposals	for	the			
Q7a	introduction	n of a	set fe	e to accom	pany	the	Yes	Yes	No
	drafting of	a Section	n 106	planning obl	igatio	n?		(subject to	

Consultation reference: WG23067 further comment) \boxtimes Comments: The fee should be based on an hourly rate. Current arrangements work perfectly well and do not need legislatory change. If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are Q7b vour reasons? Comments: Hourly rate, please see above. Yes Do you agree that the fee to accompany a (subject to Yes No ground (a) appeal should only be payable to **Q8** further the LPA? comment) \square Comments: We understand this proposal to mean that the LPA will receive double the planning application fee for a ground a) enforcement notice appeal, instead of half the fee going to PINs. If so, we support this. It will help retain resources in enforcement departments. It is implicit in the consultation document that 50% of the fee would be refunded if the Notice is guashed at appeal. Explicit confirmation of this is required should the proposals be enacted. Do you agree that advertisements Yes broadband cabinets in a specified area should Yes (subject to No Q9a be treated as a single site for the purposes of further charging a fee? comment) \square

Comments:

No this issue of advertisements on broadband cabinets is only an issue at the present time due to the roll out of Superfast broadband. This is not a category

	Consi	ıltation	reference:	WG23067
٨		шашы	TELETICE.	VV(7/.)(//)/

that ne locatio unreas	eeds special consideration. Applications shoun. Therefore suggesting that a single applicationable. If you have answered no, please explain why.ents:			
		I		
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: It is noted that the only reason RM applications currently benefit from a free go is due to a drafting error in previous legislation. Reserved matters applications often generate significant work, for example looking at the detail of the relationship between several hundred new homes and their surroundings, which is often more work than agreeing the principle of residential development at outline stage. It is not reasonable to allow applicants a free go following an approval. The recent non-material minor amendments procedure provides a workable solution for applicants seeking only very minor changes to a consented scheme. recently introduced would be adequate in dealing with such applications. A decision to correct this error would be welcomed. The wording of the fee regs should be carefully checked to ensure there are no free goes following an approval (not just RM applications).				
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Commo please	ents: see above			

	_	
Consultation	roforonco:	いいこうさいとう
COHSUNATION	Telefelle.	VV(3Z,000)

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Yes we agree that with this proposal but would be concerned if such changes reduced the fees payable for ground intensive applications such as solar farms which generate a considerable workload.

Clarification on which fee category solar farms sit within (by naming this type of development in the relevant part of the fees table) would be welcomed and would ensure consistency throughout Wales.

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: Yes we agree with this proposal as small scale energy generation applications can generate a significant amount of work for the LPA which is not reflected in the current fee paid					

Q11c

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

We consider that it should be a combination of factors (as per para 3.44) that should be taken into account when calculating the fee for wind turbines.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
			Yes	
	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary	Yes	(subject to	No
Q12a	planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee		further	
	income?		comment)	
Comm				
We wo	uld agree with this proposal			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
Carren				
Comm	para 3.49 of the consultation document.			
As per	para 3. 17 or the constitution accument.			
			Yes	
0.10	Do you have any comments to make about	Yes	(subject to	No
Q13	the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?		further	
	ASSESSMENT AT ATMEX 2?		comment)	
Comm		08085 L		
	A based on application refund assumes an ave st risk of a refund lies with major application			
fee, so the refund would be far greater than suggested by the RIA.				acese
	2	-		

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Co	mn	nen	ıts:
\sim		101	ı.co.

We note and welcome the statement in the RIA Post Implementation Review to work closely with POSW to understand the effects of these changes.

Under part 10 of the fees schedule (uses of land), there is a subtle fee difference between change of use from non-residential uses to residential, and change of use from a dwelling to more residential units (£18k under b(ii) vs £19k under a(ii) - the other fees are identical). Although a minor point, this is considered to make the fees regs unecessarily complicated. It would be far simpler for LPAs and customers if the fee for change of use to resi units were the same regardless of the previous use. This would make enquiries easier to deal with and avoid any issues where the lawful use of the application site is debated. In fact, if the fee level under 10b(ii) were increased to £19k, the whole of section 10 could be deleted and proposals for the erection of, or change of use to, resi could be covered under 1b.

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please	tick) 🗌

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[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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	Review of Planning Application Fees			
Dat	te of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015			
Name	Jason Price			
Organisation	Persimmon Homes (East Wales)			
Address	Llantrisant Business Park Llantrisant Rhondda Cynon Taff CF72 8YO			
E-mail address	Jason.Price@persimmonhomes.com			
Type (please select Businesses/ Consultants				
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority			
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual			
Do you agree in fees?	ee with the proposed 15% increase Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comments: We agree with the proposed increase in planning application fees provided that the additional revenue that the increase would generate is retained by local planning authorities and invested in the infrastructure, resources and capacity required to deliver an efficient service and significantly contributes to a measurebale improvement in the performance of local planning authorities.				
	do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?			
Comments:				

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consult	ation reference: WG23067				
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
We be performed a safeg proper decise the d	Comments: We believe that introducing a refund could drive improvements in the performance of Local Planning Authorities provided that the appropriate safeguards are put in place to guard against risk averse behaviour, as the proposal carries with it the potential adverse effect of incentivising speedy decisions at the expense of longer more informed decisions which would be to the detriement of the local planning authority, the applicant and the public interest.				
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?			
Comr	ments:				
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Whils occas exter	ments: It we agree with the proposed time periods, we sions where a comprehensive consideration of the time period, and as such we welconsion of time where these are both reasonable	f the ma me the	tters warrants a ability to reque	an	

Consultation reference: WG23067

Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

Comments:

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

We agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning applications provided that the revenue generated by the fee is retained by local planning authorities and invested in the infrastructure, resources and capacity required to deliver an efficient service and significantly contributes to a measurebale improvement in the performance of local planning authorities discharge of planning conditions.

Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

Q5

Whilst we agree with the proposed time period, we recognise that there will be occassions where a comprehensive consideration of the matters warrants an extention of the time period, and as such we welcome the ability to request extension of time where these are both reasonable and justified.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			\boxtimes	

Comments:

Whilst we agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged we would hope that the introduction of a fee for the discharge of conditions, and the level of service that would result would limit the occassions where confirmation that a condition has been discharged will be required. We would also add that the fee that accompanied applications to discharge conditions would result in the application being considered in the same manner as a planning application, with its details and outcomes reported on the local planning authorities website.

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

We agre with proposal for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a section 106 planning obligation provided that this fee is standardised and proportionate to the level of work required. We would also hope that the occassions where a fee would be required would be limited to all but the most complex of obligations as we understand that most local planning authorities utilise templates for the drafting of obligations.

Q7b

If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: The fee should reflect the complexity of the agreement and the number of schedules contained within it. Yes Do you agree that the fee to accompany a Yes (subject to No ground (a) appeal should only be payable to **Q8** further the LPA? comment) Comments: Do you agree that advertisements on Yes broadband cabinets in a specified area should Yes (subject to No Q9a be treated as a single site for the purposes of further charging a fee? comment) Comments: No comment Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments:

Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments: No comment

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: We believe that this provision should be retained. Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Do you agree that applications for renewable Yes energy development should have a separate Yes (subject to No fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Q11a further Machinery? comment) Comments: No comment Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that wind turbines should also Q11b further have a separate system of fee calculation? comment)

Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?					
Commo	ents:					
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Commo	ents:					
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?			
This m	Comments: This matter should be addressed by the Welsh Government and the local planning authorities.					
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comme	ents:					

Q14

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

We recognise that local planning authorities operate under challenging financial constrains which can, in certain circumstances constrain their ability to deliver an efficient service. Accordingly, we have no objection to the proposed increase in fees associated with the planning process provided that the income that these fees generate is retained by local planning authorities and invested in the infrastructure, resources and capacity required to deliver an efficient service and contributes to a measurebale improvement in the performance of local planning authorities.

I do not want my name/or address publis	hed with my response (please tick) 🗌

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

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Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees						
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015					
Name	Rhidian Clement					
Organisation	Dwr Cymru\Welsh Water					
Address	Dwr Cymru Welsh Water Developer Services PO Box 3146 Linea Fortran Road Cardiff CF30 0EH					
E-mail address	Developer.Services@dwrcymru.com					
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants					
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority					
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector					
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups					
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual	\boxtimes				

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				\boxtimes

Comments:

Whilst we recognise the need to increase the relevant fees, we have concerns that the increase alone will not achieve the improvements anticipated and we were pleased to see that any such increase should "compliment sustained improvements in customer services" and the recognition that LPAs must use the resources available in the most efficient and effective manner. The use of lean thinking (described in paragraph 2.13) is a perfect example of how processes can be streamlined and improved to achieve these efficiencies.

With the changes that are envisaged (as detailed in other consultations) it is particularly important that the additional revenues generated are applied within the planning framework and not used to fund budget cuts elsewhere.

Also, based on current and projected local government budget reductions, a loss of more than 15% from LPA budgets is a realistic prospect.

It follows therefore, that LPAs could realistically experience a net loss of income despite receiving a 15% increase from fee income. If the projected average income figure of £80,000 and planning officer costs of £24 per hour (including on cost) are correct, the additional fee income could prima facie be used to recuit two planning officers. However, if they merely replaced those officers who are already lost or forecast to be lost as a consequence of the general budget reductions, in the absence of other efficiencies, the position will not have changed. If our analysis is correct there is a danger that the 15% increase alone will not deliver the improvements envisaged in the consultation document.

Given current cost pressures, there is also a risk that the proposed percentage increase will be viewed negatively and it is therefore important that the new fee structure is properly explained and that the public are informed that this is only part of the changes and that the increase is made on the understanding that LPAs will commit to reviewing their service delivery with a view to maximising efficiencies.

Looking ahead, Ministers may want to consider enabling planning fees to increase routinely each year in line with inflation. As a safeguard, Ministers could have a veto preventing these increases coming into effect if Ministers felt they were inappropriate in a given year. Hopefully this would reduce the need for increases as substantial as those now being proposed and so make them more acceptable to the users.

Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

We would suggest that any percentage increase in fees should be applied to ensure the optimisation of staffing ratio for the delivery of the performance you wish to secure and that measures are agreed with the LPAs (perhaps by way of service levels) to ensure that the required performance is maintained. Whilst this paper takes into account the impact on LPAs resources, we believe that due regard should be given to the resourcing of other public and private sector partner organisations as they are also likely to be affected by changes to the planning framework and will have to adapt to the changes associated with front loading the planning system for example. These should be factored into any future impact assessments undertaken ahead of reviewing application fees.

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comments: If the introduction of a refund is agreed, we are of the view that this should provide the LPAs with a strong incentive to improve performance. However, if this leads to an increase in refusal rates and subsequent appeals, this could become time consuming and resource intensive. The position therefore needs to be monitored carefully and if there is evidence that the system isn't operating properly there may be a case for intervention.						
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available	able?				
Comments: No further comments to add.						
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comments: We believe that the ability of the LPA to determine applications within the time scale can be dependent on the response time of consultees. These measures will do nothing to ensure partner organisations are adequatly resourced to meet the targets and provide a quality servce to the LPA. There needs to be regard to these hidden costs within the planning system (which are borne by partner organisations) and they also need to be incentivised to fully cooperate so that processes are streamlined and efficiencies maximised.						

Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?				
	nents: rther comments to add.				
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
We are of the view that charging per condition would be sensible. We believe this approach should not promote or incentivise single applications of unrelated conditions. We think it preferable that clear information for each condition should be provided. We would also like to seek clarity from you on how the fees for discharging of planning conditions will work in practice. For example, as the Statutory Water & Sewerage Undertaker we are best placed to comment on the suitability of any drainage arrangments and would make recommendations to the LPA on the discharge of any condition(s) relating to drainage. Therefore, based on the current proposal we would suggest the fee should be shared between the relevant partner organisations who have an involvement in the planning process for discharging particular planning conditions.					
Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?					
	nents: rther comments to add.				

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?							
Comments: Yes we agree.							
Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No				
Comments: Yes we agree.							
	accompany a discharge of condition would be rements: The agree. Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged? The agree of condition would be rements:	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged? Yes (subject to further comment)				

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

In our experience \$106 planning obligation agreements can be very complex and often have detailed and layered requirements. Therefore, it may be possible to create a \$106 template for the straightforward developments but we would suggest that a more be-spoke arrangement/agreement is put in place for the more challenging developments.

Again, the burden on some third parties, such as ourselves, who may be involved in formulating particular s106 agreements should not be underestimated by the Welsh Government and others. This can, for example, often include our having to obtain legal and other expert advice.

Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?					
Comments: In order to adopt an approach for standardising draft Section 106 agreements, the time and cost for legal preparation would need to be fixed or agreed. Therefore, we feel that in order to achieve a standardised approach, the legal fees would need to be fixed to an hourly rate and reviewed annually or agreed on a pro-rata basis.						
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
u mgi	n quality planning service.					
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
	nents: rther comment to add.					

Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
No furt	ents: ther comment to add.			
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
No furt	ents: ther comment to add.			
Q10b Commo No furt	If you have answered no, please explain why. ents: ther comment to add.			
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
a high applica	ents: in favour of any measures that provide incorporations of any measures that provide incorporations planning service. In particular we agrations for renewable energy development shoule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery.	ee with	the proposal th	at

Consultation reference: WG23067		

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: We are in favour of any measures that provide income to support the delivery of a high quality planning service. In particular we agree with the proposal that					

wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation.

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

We are of the view that the following factors should be taken into account when calculating the fee for wind turbines:

- i) Output of the turbine development
- ii) Area of development
- iii) Number of turbines
- iv) Height of turbines

Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	income;			

Comments

We are in favour of any measures that provide income to support the delivery of a high quality planning service.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	Consultation reference: WG23067					
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?					
Commo	ents:					
	lieve the fees should be proportionate to the site area falling in the tive planning authority area.					

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

As noted in several of our answers above, other sectors such as infrastructure providers incur costs arising from the planning regime but the RIA is silent on those impacts. It is also silent about the implications, including on business, of introducing fees associated with section 106 agreements, which is a significant omission.

Q14

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

The review does not expressly tackle the question of whether the increase in fees will maintain the response times of the LPAs and we would like to see this documented.

We would also like to take the opportunity to raise matters concerning National Infrastructure Projects and the associated costs which can be incurred by partner organisation involved in the process. It is our view that when these parties incur significant costs when participating in this process, then there should be a facility allowing for the reimbursement of their reasonable costs (payable by the applicant). This approach may also lend itself to major development projects where there is a considerable burden on local planning authorities and key stakeholders to dedicate additional resources to assist in the timely progression of planning applications.

Consultation reference: WG23067
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

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[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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email: <u>planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk</u> or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	lon reference. V	Review of Planning Application Fees			
	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015				
Name		Peter Ogden			
Orgai	nisation	Cmapign for the Protection of Rural Wales			
Addre	ess	Ty Gwyn 31 High Street Welshpool Powys			
E-mai	il address	peter@cprwmail.org.uk			
	se select	Businesses/ Consultants			
follow	rom the ring)	Local Planning Authority			
		Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
		Professional Bodies/Interest Groups			
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
		Other (other groups not listed above) or individual			
Q1a	Do you agre in fees?	re with the proposed 15% increase Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comments: CPRW agrees that an increase in planning fees is justified in particular as many types of application now have to be subject to far greater levels of detailed and technical consideration, which consumes more time.					
Q1b	If not, what o	do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?			
Comn	nents:				

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: We are not convinced that the definition of poor performance is wholly compatible with circumstances which can in reality prevail. We do not support the penalisation of LPAs where, through no fault of their own, the relevant detail they require has not been forthcoming from the applicant or any other relevant party. We do not accept that the threat of the time limit / refund should become a lever which encourages poor or inappropriate decisions and hence a sub standard decision making process. Where an Authority provides adequate and justifiable reasons for a delay we believe that the refund penalty should not apply.				
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
Comn	nonte:			
Comm	nents.			
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			

Q6

Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?			
Comn	nents:			
	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to	Yes	Yes	No
Q4a	accompany the discharge of planning	res	(subject to further	No
	conditions?		comment)	
	nents:			
	tions, we believe the fee should be comensura e work involved in completing the relevant wo			/ and
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	t?
Comments: A sliding scale should be used based on the complexity of the issues involved. The relevant LPA should be expected to determine this level of fee based on a standard banded fee structure system which they would make publically known.				
	Do you gave with our proposed time poried of 1	Cwaak		fa a t a
Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?				
Comn Yes	nents:			

Welsh Government 4

Yes

No

	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?		Yes (subject to further comment)	
Comr	nents:			
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Comments: Each Local Authority should be required to establish its own costs based on its particular internal working practices				
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067					
	Do you agree that advertisements on		Yes		
000	broadband cabinets in a specified area should	Yes	(subject to	No	
Q9a	be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?		further comment)		
Comn	nente:				
Comm	ierits.				
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.				
0					
Comn	nents:				
			Yes		
	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go	Yes	(subject to	No	
Q10a			further		
	application?		comment)		
Comn	nents: t supporting this principle, we do not agree th	nat a fre	e do should be		
	ssible if an application is pursued when all the			. ,	
policy	context and material considerations relating				
the p	roposal being unaccepatble				
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.				
-Q10D	ir you have answered no, please explain why.				
Comments:					

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation	on reference: WG23067					
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
		\boxtimes				
Comm	Comments:					

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:					

Q11c ca

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

CPRW recognises that the amount of work involved in evaluating and determining an application is not simply related to the ground footprint of the application site. That being the case we consider a combination of area, output numbers and height of turbines should all be taken into account. We suggest that further more detailed work on this relationship should be undertken to establish an appropriate fee structure.

We also contend that where off site infrastructure or ancillary works are required to enable the scheme to either be implemented or become operational

Consultation reference: WG23067

this should also be taken into account in the overall determination of the initial

fee.	fee.					
We also believe that where schemes are likely to impact on sites of statutory landscape or conservation importance, the application fee should also account for the fact that other Statutory consultees or other relevant public bodies are likley to be required to provide significant input into the evaluation and determination process. They should be in a position to recover at least some of their costs in in such circumstances when responding to such applications.						
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Commo			Ш			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?			
Comm	ents:					
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Commo	ante:					
Commi	ento.					

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Forn
Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultati	on reference: WG23067
	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:
Comm	ents:
who d found penalt retros	te there are no proposals in the document relating to those individuals eliberately seeks to circumvent the planning system and are subsequently out as a result of enforcement action. In these circumstances we believe a sy based premium fee should be levied on such individuals when any pective application is subsequently submitted. We contend this should be st twice the minimum standard application fee.
costs for considerations of the consideration consideration consideration consideration costs for costs fo	so note there are no provisions in the document for an LPA to recover its for enforcement actions taken in direct contravention of planning lerations. We believe such enforcement based applications should also be at to a similar penalty fee arrangement given the additional work incurred half of the relevant LPA.
I do no	ot want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

iouco cuomino y cui commissio in un y ci uno iono uning ir uye.
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Additional information

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telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees						
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015					
Name	Karen Whitfield					
Wales Environment Link The following WEL members support this response: Butterfly Conservation Wales Campaign for National Parks Campaign for the Protection of Rural Wales / CPRW Open Spaces Society RSPB Cymru Wildlife Trusts Wales Ymddiriedolaeth Genedlaethol / National Trust						
Address						
E-mail address	karen@waleslink.org					
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants					
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority					
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector					
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups					
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual					

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

WEL is supportive of an increase in fees, as many planning authorities are struggling to maintain services. Increased resources could help to support local authority ecologists and local biological records centres (through service level agreements). Ultimately the aim of increasing fees to provide more resources should be to make better planning decisions and deliver sustainable development, not just the achievement of determination targets.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Forn
Review of Planning Application Fees

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067	
•		
Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?	
Comn	nents:	

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

WEL believes there should be clarification on what consitutes poor performance from a local authority. Many planning applications are submitted without the level of detail required to make a decision. This is especially important for ecological surveys which may only have seasonal windows for surveying e.g. summer bat surveys. This is either due to a lack of awareness of the detail required, a lack of ecological expertise on the applicants behalf or an attempt by the applicant to avoid cost or percieved delay. Therefore, an applicant can be asked to submit additional information or undertake additional surveys. This additional information will also need to be consulted on e.g. NRW and the Council Ecologist need time to consider the new information.

Therefore we agree that more emphasis should be placed on frontloading the planning system. We recommend that planning applications are either

- not registered unless all the appropriate information is received by the LPA in order that a determination can be made or
- requests for additional information are accompanied by an extension of time (stop the clock)

As such, we believe that a refund should only be given if it is shown that the LPA was at fault rather than the applicant not submitting the information required to make a judgement.

Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available?				
Comr	ments:				
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comr	nents:				
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	opriate time?		
Comr	ments:				

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

WEL supports the principle of charging for discharge of planning conditions. We are concerned that the figure of £83 may not be appropriate in all cases, depending on the complexity of the planning conditions. We would also like to see fees directed at Planning Enforcement Officers as well as Council Ecologists, who have the expertise to discharge conditions relating to ecology and landscape.

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067			
L				
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?
We su fundi not p involv does work.	Comments: We suggest a sliding scale be introduced for charging to enable more appropriate funding to be provided for more complex planning conditions. The figure does not provide for the discharge of simple planning conditions which would not involve much work, and thus should be lower than the figure provided, but also does not provide for the more complex conditions involving considerably more work. A sliding scale may give greater flexibility and provide a more appropriate charging regime.			
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			fee to
We u	nents: Inderstand the importance of timely discharge ort the return of the fee after this time period	•	ing conditions a	and
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			

Q7a	Do	you	agree	with	proposals	for	the	Yes	No

Comments:

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 introduction of a set fee to accompany the Yes drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation? (subject to further comment) \boxtimes Comments: If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are Q7b your reasons? Comments: Fees should be calculated on a cost recovery basis for all Officers involved including the input of Council Ecologists. Yes Do you agree that the fee to accompany a Yes (subject to No ground (a) appeal should only be payable to Q8 further the LPA? comment) Comments: Do you agree that advertisements on Yes broadband cabinets in a specified area should Yes (subject to No Q9a be treated as a single site for the purposes of further charging a fee? comment)

Comments:

Consultation reference: WG23067 Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No following approval of a reserved matters Q10a further application?

comment)

Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.
Comme	ents:

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comme	ents:			

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comme	ents:			
reflect potent	rees that fees relating to the area footprint of the work needed to determine these applicated ially significant impacts on biodiversity and lately to require review by several officers and	ations. T andscape	urbines often h e, and applicati	ave ons
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be taker	n into account w	hen is
Commo	ents:			
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comme	ents:		Ш	
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this mat	tter he a	ddressed?	
Comme				
23.7				

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas	•	•	
consul neede manne	elieves that, for applications which require a tee, the increased fee levels should take into d by statutory consultees in order to responder. Therefore, a proportion of the fee should in covering their costs.	accoun I in a tim	t the work reso nely and detaile	urces d
I do no	ot want my name/or address published with my re	esponse	(please tick)	
	Respond submit your comments in any of the following	ng ways:	, =	
Email				
planco [Please	e complete the consultation form and send it to : nsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk e include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG230	67" in th	e subject line]	
Post				

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Application Fees				
Da	te of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015				
Name	Lori Frecker				
Organisation	The Law Society				
Address	113 Chancery Lane London WC2A 1PL				
E-mail address	Lori.Frecker@lawsociety.org.uk				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants				
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual				
Do you agre in fees?	ee with the proposed 15% increase Yes (subject to further comment)	No			
_					
Comments: The Law Society agrees with the proposed 15% increase in fees, provided that the monitoring of LPA delivery and the proposed annual performance report are used to provide assurance that the increase in resources is reflected in demonstrable performance improvements.					
Q1b If not, what	do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?				
Comments: The Law Society	has no comment on this question.				

Consultation reference: WG23067	7		

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The Law Society agrees that an element of financial penalty may incentivise local authorities. However, as the consultation notes, there are risks that as the deadline approaches, parties' behaviour may be distorted by the prospect of triggering a refund, including premature or unnecessary refusals.

Q2b

If you do not agree, what other options are available?

Comments:

The Law Society would suggest that the risks of distortions of behaviour (e.g. an applicant trying to deliberately delay an application in order to obtain a refund) may be lessened if the refund was not immediately a full 100%, that is to say it should reduce on a daily or weekly rate over a period of, say, 28 days, from the date triggering the refund.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The Law Society agrees that the 16 week period for householder applications appears reasonable. However, the 24 week period covers applications of widely differing scale. While the Law Society notes that planning performance agreements ('PPAs') could be used to secure a longer period for determination, the settling of PPAs can itself hold up an application while the agreement is negotiated. The Law Society would suggest that some flexibility may be needed to allow for such factors.

Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

Comments:

The Law Society would suggest that, once an application is validated and the LPA has reviewed the application, it should give a target date for determination. That date, plus a contingency period, should be the trigger for a refund on a progressive basis as already suggested in the answer to question 2b.

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The Law Society agrees with the proposed objectives expressed in paragraph 3.2 of the consultation. However, the discharge of conditions can be time-consuming, especially where submissions of schemes or reports are required. The flat fees proposed appear quite low and the prospect of a refunding a fee set at the proposed level may not have the intended effect of speeding up the discharge of conditions.

Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

While the householder fee appears to be broadly in line with the more straightforward type of conditions that are typically attached to householder applications, the fee for other applications could be increased if there was assurance that it would incentivise the quicker discharge of conditions.

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Welsh Government 4

Q5

\sim	_				nts
(.)	m	m	rr	10	nre

The Law Society agrees with this proposal, but please see the responses to questions 2a and 2b, which are equally applicable in this context.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The Law Society agrees with this proposal. Uncertainties about the position on discharge of conditions frequently arise in the midst of a transaction. Parties are therefore likely to be willing to pay a fee, if it secures:

- 1. A timely response. As a result, once the fee is paid, there should be a time limit for a response, or perhaps an additional fee that can be paid to secure an expedited response within a relatively short timescale (such a five working days), and;
- 2. One payment of a single fee

The Law Society notes that these proposals may be reviewed in the light of the proposed new form of decision notice. However, there will still be a need to seek confirmations of this kind where developments will have been carried out under "old style" decision notices.

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The Law Society disagrees with setting a fixed fee for drafting a section 106 agreement. The Law Society does not believe that levying a fixed fee will

resolve the difficulties identified in paragraphs 3.15 to 3.18 of the consultation.

In the experience of the Law Society's Planning and Environmental Law Committee ('the Committee'), most LPAs require the payment of their legal costs, and in some cases, an administration fee which is a contribution to the planning department's costs as well. Recovery of legal costs by the LPA is therefore the normal position and developers expect to pay this.

However, the legal fees recovered can vary widely. In some cases the LPAs levy a fixed amount, which is treated as a contribution to legal team costs. In others, there is full cost recovery at an hourly rate applied to the time spent in dealing with the section 106 obligation.

In the Committee's experience, most applicants are willing to pay the LPA's true legal costs if they get a timely service in return. Due to constraints on the staffing of LPA legal departments, problems can arise where there are periods of higher demand for agreements to be drafted or competing priorities. In these situations there are already practical examples of good practice which could improve overall performance if more widely applied:

- 1. Greater willingness on the part of LPAs to allow applicants to table draft agreements and to use those as the basis for negotiation. This could be facilitated by asking a developer to base the agreement either on an LPA template or a recognised standard form, such as the Law Society's standard form (which is discussed further below).
- Outsourcing section 106 agreements to external lawyers. All the Welsh 2. LPAs have access to panels of external law firms who have been selected by competitive tender and who have agreed rates for local authority work. These rates are usually competitive when compared to standard commercial rates. Outsourcing in this way is also a cost-free option for the LPA as the appointed solicitors will quote a fee for the agreement based on the local authoritytendered rates, to the applicant. The applicant's solicitor is asked for a professional undertaking to cover the fees payable whether or not the agreement completes. Where the applicant is not represented by a solicitor or is represented by an in-house lawyer (who cannot therefore give a professional undertaking) the payment of the amount of the estimate is obtained in advance and held on account pending completion of the agreement. The external firm is under a commercial incentive to complete the agreement and to be paid. The Law Society is aware of local authorities in Wales who have adopted this method of proceeding to the general satisfaction of applicants.

The Law Society would make two additional points in this context:

i. The Law Society has produced a model form of section 106 agreement. It is no longer continually used in England as a result of the adoption of the Planning Practice Guidance. Nevertheless, it remains a template that seeks to adopt an even-handed approach between the interests of the LPA and the applicant and landowner. LPAs might be more amendable to working from a developer's draft planning obligation if it was based on a common template. Updating the Law Society's standard form for continued use in Wales might be a suitable project for the Planning Advisory and Improvement Service.

ii. The Law Society understands that the comprehensive package of section 106 reform that was proposed by the IAG, and supported by the Law Society, has been put "on hold" due to the basis for section 106 obligations now being partly based on the non-devolved Community Infrastructure Levy ('CIL') regulations and related concerns about the National Assembly's legislative competence. However, during the course of the consultations carried out by the Silk Commission, it was suggested that CIL might be devolved. In view of the comments above about current best practice, the Law Society's view is that the question of whether there is a case for a statutory fee structure for section106 obligations should be deferred until there is an opportunity to consider the case for the reform of section 106 obligations in the Welsh context as a whole.

Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
	nents: e see the response to question 7a.			
	•			
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	nents: .aw Society agrees with this proposal.			
	an society agrees with and proposati			
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comp	nents:			

Welsh Government 7

The Law Society agrees with this proposal. Broadband cabinets are consistent in

scale and appearance to other items of "street furniture".

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Commo	ents:			
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	onto:			
The La	w Society does not agree that an applicant sl situation.	hould be	entitled to a fi	ree go
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comments: The Law Society does not agree that an applicant should be entitled to a free go in this situation. It would be more consistent with the structure of the planning system for an applicant to use section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 where a reserved matters application has been determined by the LPA. The use of section 73 also offers a simplified procedure compared to a complete resubmission of a full reserved matters application.				
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	ents:			

Welsh Government 8

The Law Society agrees with this proposal.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067		

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The Law Society agrees with this proposal. Wind turbines have particular characteristics and impacts that mean that a fee based upon the area of development itself will not take account of the work required to assess a wind turbine application.

Q11c

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

The Law Society would question whether the retention of a calculation based upon area is necessary. The area of actual development within a turbine site is minimal, consisting only of access tracks, small ancillary structures and the turbine bases themselves. Once turbines are erected then existing agricultural or other open site uses can usually continue.

There is a generally recognised categorisation of turbines into small (domestic), medium (up to around 80 metres) and large (over 80 metres). Adopting this broad categorisation in determining the fee payable would minimise the potential for conflict if a turbine is lowered as a result of negotiation with the LPA, consultees or interested parties. In any event, it would be easy to provide for a simple rebate arrangement if this occurs.

The Law Society considers that turbine height and numbers are the key factors for determining the amount of work required to assess wind turbine applications. The Law Society therefore suggests that the fee should be based upon a combination of the potential output of the application and whether the turbines proposed are small, medium or large scale in terms of height.

Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The Law Society agrees with this proposal. A proportionate splitting of the fee would be fair and would not disincentivise the authority that is not in receipt of the fee.

Q12b

If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?

Comments:

The arrangement should avoid disproportionate cost. There may need to be an element of rough justice in the interests of avoiding disputes and the need for machinery to resolve them.

A straight division based upon the area of the "red line" site within each LPA will be easy to calculate.

However, there may be an anomaly if there is a relatively small part of the application site in one of the LPA areas, but it is key land of disproportionate importance relative to its size (because, for example, it provides the access to the site and thus requires substantial work by that LPA).

The Law Society therefore suggests that there is a minimum percentage fee that each authority should receive regardless of the proportions of the site in each LPA area. The Law Society would suggest that 10% or 15% as an appropriate minimum share, but there should be some flexibility for the LPAs to agree a different split.

The Law Society also suggests that the applicant should not have to be concerned with how the fee is split; the fee should continue to be payable to the LPA with the greatest site area, which should then be under a duty to account for the share of fee owed to the other LPAs involved.

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments:				
	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:			
The Law Society has no further comments.				
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)				
How to Respond Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:				
Email				
Please complete the consultation form and send it to :				
planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk				
[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]				
Post				

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

		Review of Planning Applicati	on Fees		
	Dat	te of consultation period: 06/10/20	14 – 16	/01/2015	
Name)	James Caird			
Orga	nisation	Institute of Historic Building Con	servatio	n	
Addr	IHBC Business Office Jubilee House High Street Tisbury SP3 6HA				
E-ma	il address	consultations@ihbc.org.uk			
**	se select	Businesses/ Consultants			
one ti follow	rom the ring)	Local Planning Authority			
		Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
		Professional Bodies/Interest Groups			\boxtimes
		Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)			
Other (other groups not listed above) or individual		lividual			
Q1a	Do you agre in fees?	e with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: We have no reason to disagree with the proposal. The consultation makes no mention of fees for applications for listed building consent. Such applications represent a significant cost to some LPAs which, they would argue, needs to be addressed. The IHBC would wish to be involved in any future debate on this issue.					
Q1b	If not, what o	do you consider to be a more approp	oriate ch	ange, if any?	
Comr	nents:				

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067			
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			\boxtimes	
Comments: We have reservations about this. The question of time limits and performance are inextricably entwined. The last thing we would wish to see is a system in which LPAs are forced to approve substandard proposals merely because of the threat of a time-imposed financial penalty. This would be the worst possible outcome for the community they serve. We think that the proposal should be dependent upon a parallel provision which allows the LPA to refuse to accept an application unless all the application requirements have been met in full.				
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail-	able?		
Comr	ments:			
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Q3b	nents: Yes, but subject to the proviso made in answers. If you do not agree, what do you consider to be ments:			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067				
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		\boxtimes		
Comr	nents:			
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?
Com	nens.			
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			fee to
Comr	nents: Yes.			
			Γ	
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			

Review of Planning Application Fees	
Consultation reference: WG23067	

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	ments: Yes but we are unsure as to how this migh reat range of potential content for s106 agreemen			n mind

If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are Q7b your reasons?

Comments: We think that the fees charged should be on a scale which takes account

- ...whether a draft has been submitted for approval by the applicant
- ...the extent to which standard clauses (issued by either the Government or the LPA) have been used.
- ...the number of issues covered.

Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			

Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: It all depends on the definition of the area. It would be unacceptable for "area" to be in any way subject to interpretation or argument of local circumstances. We suggest a definition of "area" as "contained within a circle of no more than 100m radius".				
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comn				
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ients:			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	nents:			
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate	Yes	Yes	No

Welsh Government 6

Consultation	roforonco:	MC22067
Consultation	reference:	VV (323UD /

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
	fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and		(subject to	
	Machinery?		further	
			comment)	
		\boxtimes	п	
			Ш	
Comm	ents: yes, we think this is reasonable.			
			Yes	
	Do you agree that wind turbines should also	Yes	(subject to	No
Q11b			further	
	have a separate system of fee calculation?		comment)	
		\boxtimes		
			Ш	Ш
Comm	ents:			
044-	What factors, or combination of factors, should	be take	n into account w	hen is
Q11c	calculating the fee for wind turbines?			
Comm	ents: Environmental impacts are largely depend	ont unon	thair distribution	and .
	ents: Environmental impacts are largely depend			i allu
Size an	d not their power output, so we suggest these for	offiler aid	orie.	
		<u> </u>		
	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary		Yes	
040-	planning applications should be addressed,	Yes	(subject to	No
Q12a	with all constituent LPAs receiving fee		further	
	income?		comment)	

that LPA boundaries cross his site. But we suppose, in view of the proposed LPA amalgamations, the scope for this being an issue is small either way.

7

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
Comm	ents:			
			ı	
			Yes	
042	Do you have any comments to make about	Yes	(subject to	No
Q13	the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?		further comment)	
Comm	ents:			
	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas			
Comm				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
I do no	t want my name/or address published with my re	esponse	(please tick)	
How to	Respond			
Please	submit your comments in any of the followin	g ways:		
Email				

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

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Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Application Fees				
	Dat	te of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015			
Name					
Organisati	on	PEMBROKESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL			
Address		County Hall, Freeman's Way Haverfordwest Pembrokeshire, SA61 1TP			
E-mail add	ress				
Type (please sele		Businesses/ Consultants			
one from the following)	e	Local Planning Authority			
		Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
		Professional Bodies/Interest Groups			
Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
		Other (other groups not listed above) or individual			
Do y Q1a in fee		ee with the proposed 15% increase Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comments:					
	Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?				
Comments:					

A refu delay being	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance? nents: und option may incentivise delay as the deadli in the signing of a section 106. This could lead completed with the decisions falling outside the	d to refu	usals due to 106	s not	
perio	d.				
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available	able?			
	nents: enalty is considered appropriate then this shousee.	uld only	be a proportion	n of	
		Γ	Γ		
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: If time periods are adopted then the logic in relation to non-householder applications appears sound as it is related to the time period for appeal against non-determination. The 16 week date appears to have been chosen as this is the time period for an EIA application.					
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	opriate time?		
Comr	nents:				

Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		\boxtimes		
Comr	nents:			
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?
Comr	nents:			
		10 1	6 1:14	c 1
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			tee to
	nents:			
	ut subject to the the time period being capablement.	e of ext	ension via	
5				
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No
	that conditions have been discharged?		comment)	
Comr	ments:			
1				

Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
	Do you garee with proposels for the		Yes	
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the	Yes	(subject to further	No
	drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?		comment)	
Comr	ments:			
	If you have answered yes, how should this fee b	e calcul:	ated? If not_wha	t are
Q7b	your reasons?	c calcul	atou: II Hot, Wha	t arc
	nents:		4	46-
	ee should be calculated on the basis of an hou overs the complexity of the obligation.	rıy rate	to ensure that	tne
	, ,			
	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q8	ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	103	further	140
			comment)	
Comr	ments:		Ш	
Com	none.			
	Do you agree that advertisements on			
Q9a	broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
- 40	charging a fee?	. 55	further	. 10
			comment)	

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No Q10a following approval of a reserved matters further application? comment) Comments: Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: As there is a fee in respect of a section 73 application seeking to make amendments to an approved scheme then there should be a fee in relation to seeking approval for an alternative reserved matters scheme. Do you agree that applications for renewable Yes energy development should have a separate (subject to Yes No fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Q11a further Machinery? comment)

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	on reference: WG23067			
Comme	ents:			
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comme	ents:			
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is
Comments: Potential energy output, ground area covered and height to blade tip. Height is mentioned as larger turbines can have their potential output restricted whilst still having the visual impact associated with the higher potential energy generation if they were not restricted.				
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	ents:			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067					
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?						
Comm						
	e should be shared according to the proportion	on of the	e development	falling		
Within	each authority area.					
		T	T			
			Yes			
	Do you have any comments to make about	Yes	(subject to	No		
Q13	the draft partial Regulatory Impact		further			
	Assessment at Annex 2?		comment)			
			Ш			
Comm	ents:					
044	We have asked a number of specific questions.	If you ha	ave any related is	ssues		
	which we have not specifically addressed, pleas					
Comm	ents:					
I do no	t want my name/or address published with my re	esponse	(please tick)			
			(ргене и или) 🗀			
How to	Respond					
Please	submit your comments in any of the followin	g ways:				
Email						

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees						
Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015						
Name	Paula Jones					
Organisation	Conwy County Borough Council					
Address	Civic Offices, Colwyn Bay LL29 8AR					
E-mail address	paula.jones@conwy.gov.uk					
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants					
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority	\boxtimes				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector					
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups					
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual					

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Planning fees have not increased since 2009 and an increase is long overdue. However there is some concern that 15% is quite high but it accepted that it is on the basis that authorities look to improve service delivery. The 15% increase is still less than that in England and it is unclear why it is not the same.

It is also worth noting that the increase does not take account of the LPAs related costs, such as publicity expenses (press notices), which are costly to the authority and are sometimes greater than the application fee.

Comments on the the fee schedule:

Q2 - refers to outline application fees?

Q5 should the fee be £380 and not £385?

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Forr	n
Review of Planning Application Fees	

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067	
Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?	
Q1b Comn		

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Whilst LPAs should do what they can to improve performance in some instances if the authority is already strugglying then refunding a fee may not always be the best solution.

New planning indicators to look at service performance will be introduced shortly as part of the WG proposals in the Planning Bill but these have not been introduced yet and any decision to look at LPA performance should be held in abeyance until this has bedded in thus allowing each authority time to assess their own performance and make changes beforehand.

If authorities have to hand back fees because they have not met the determination targets this could led to rushed decision making and application refused or determined too quickly and therefore not allowing enough time for officers to negotiate with applicants to resolve certain issue and perhaps obtain a better outcome.

It is also unfair to penalise "failing" authorities where delays have been caused due to consultee delays and perhaps WG should concentrate their efforts on looking at the speed of decision making by statutory consultees including that of the WG Highways division.

Perhaps other arrangements could be made for the clock to be "stopped" when a request is made for the applicant/agent to provide missing or additional information.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Comments:

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067			
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
	nents: bove comments			
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				\square
	nents: Ited previously fee increases should not be lin	ked to p	erformance	
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	opriate time?	
Comr	nents:			
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Welsh Government 4

fees to discharge conditions are long overdue but perhaps the extent of charges

comment)

 \boxtimes

	_	
Consultation	reference:	WG23067

needs	ation reference: WG23067 s to be considered further and whether there in the seholder applications?	is a need	d to charge for		
Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount? Comments:					
Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded? Comments: fees should not be linked to performance for a variety of reasons as stated previously					
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comr	nents:				

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No
-----	---	-----	-------------------------------	----

			comment)		
Comments: \$106 agreements can vary depending on complexity and this should be left to the authority to set up a fee schedule. Alternatively the applicant can always submit a unilaterial undertaking					
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are	
Comr	nents:				
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comr	nents:				
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
It is u applic shoul	nents: Inclear why this is being proposed now as therecations and therefore does not need special at d be identified locally and agreed with BT durissions.	tention.	The "specifie	•	

Comments:

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: see above Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No following approval of a reserved matters Q10a further application?

comment)

 \boxtimes

If you have answered no, please explain why. Q10b Comments: see above

Applications of this nature can be complex and time consuming to deal with

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comm	Comments:				

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
			Ш		
Comments: These types of application can generate a considerable amount of work for the LPA and this is not reflected in the fee paid					
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is	
Comme	ents: Id be based on height, number and capacity (of the ti	ırhine		
it silou	id be based on height, humber and capacity o	or the tt	ii biiie		
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comme	ente:		Ш		
Commi	into.				
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?					
Comments: It needs to be a simple process and it should be based on the % of site area in each authority					

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comm	ents:				
	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas				
Comm	Comments:				
I do no	t want my name/or address published with my re	esponse	(please tick)		
	Respond submit your comments in any of the followin	ng ways:			
Email					
Please	complete the consultation form and send it to :				
planco	nsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk				
[Please	e include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG230	67" in th	e subject line]		
Post					

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Application Fees				
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015				
Name	KAREN ANTHONY				
Organisation	CLA CYMRU				
Address	TY CYMRU PRESTEIGNE ENTERPRISE PARK PRESTEIGNE POWYS, LD8 2UF Tel 01547 317085				
E-mail address	karen.anthony@cla.org.uk				
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants				
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority				
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector				
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups				
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)				
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual	\boxtimes			

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Members oppose a 15% accross the board increase in application fees.

The major factor that cannot be understimated, is the CUMULATIVE effect of the various proposals brought forward through Welsh Government consultations to support the Planning Bill which together have the potential to actually involve a real increase of far in excess of 15%.

The shifting in cost burden from the LPA to the applicant for any development deemed as "major", a revised application fee, together with the introduction of a condition discharge fee, cumulatively come to far more than a 15% increase in real terms. In essence, this is regarded as an unjustified increase where the LPA would potentially yield a significantly larger fee for the planning consents whilst actually undertaking considerably less work.

CLA members suggest ANY increase in fees levied is a charge for a specific service and as such any increased revenue derived should be ring-fenced within authorities for use within the planning department.

Additionally, we ask that the intended definition of "major" development be reconsidered, as adoption of the current definition places rural developments at a material disadvantage. The 1000 square metres or the developments of 0.5 hectares proposals would add significant cost to rural enterprises which are disproportionate in many instances with the low economic impact that the development may bring. For instance, a large modern cattle shed which is desirable for both operator safety and animal health reasons would be caught by this definition. Equally, a low impact tourism facility which has a low density of structures through a parcel of land or woodland would also be included. On this basis, CLA Cymru calls upon Welsh Government to seek secondary legislation to remove low impact agricultural, forestry and rural tourism situations from the scope of the "major" development definition.

Q1b

If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

We acknowledge that Local Authority budgets have come and will indeed continue to come under significant pressure in the next years. Businesses, in order to function and flourish, need a responsive, flexible planning system that promotes economic development. Economic growth and private enterprise are the means to achieve unilateral economic growth in Wales. From WLGA figures, there have been significant reductions in Local Authority planning departments since 2009, but it is wholly unrealistic to expect that planning fees can be increased by such margins without a significant impact on the numbers and scale of projects being brought forward. More work needs to be undertaken to inform as to what level of fee is appropriate before the potential applicant dismisses the project as unviable. Any increase has to be proportionate.

If there is to be more requirement for pre-application advice, then there needs to be investment in that service. Members currently report extremely variable quality offered from pre-application advice services. No service should be chargeable unless it provides some tangible benefit to the applicant, in this case reliable information that can guide the applicant to a position where planning permission is granted. Any charging should be subject to a commercial contract whereby the advice is binding upon the provider and if that does not follow through to the decision-making process, then there should be civil mechanisms for financial redress for the applicant.

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

We agree that the potential need to refund a planning fee should focus the mind of some planners, however, we do not believe that this measure alone goes far enough. Additionally the proposal to allow applicants to make a direct application may not provide an adequate remedy, the limitations of the proposal being confined to major developments will not assist many SME's wishing to advance business plans. We fundamentally question the measurement currently utilised for judging LPA performance.

We endorse the IAG findings and support more robust performance measurement, but this must be published to allow for public scrutiny. LPA performance measurement needs to have a broader reporting base. Many members have reported on their absolute astonishment as to the position of their own Planning Authority when related to their own personal experience. There is a public perception of an over reliance on the reported percentage of decisions made within 8 weeks. We encourage the publication of more robust performance measurements as we believe that it will only be through the reporting of customer satisfaction rates, the average time taken to reach decisions, the percentage of subsequent appeals made and appeals accepted, that society will truly be able to judge this public service.

Our members report significant variation in the application of national policy and the inconsistencies demonstrated cannot be tolerated in a progressive economy. Some professional planners have expressed concern regarding the use of the Vanguard system. Concerns over the use made of this management tool derive from the dates used for the application commencement; some appear to use the received date whilst others the date that validation has been completed; these inconsistencies merely create internal mechanisms for workflow management.

Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are available?
Comn	nents:
Refer	to Q2a.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comp	nents:			
reser stage LPA a ultim make be in	t the majority agree with the proposed timeson vations as to the need for consistent, quality as a there is overwhelming support to ensure the state the pre-application stage can be relied upon ately, an applicant is refused planning permiss the contrary decision on the grounds of polical position to seek redress from the LPA for all expenses.	idvice at it the ad and bin ion in ca cy, then	the pre-application that the provided by the LPA. If, ases where the the applicant s	y the LPA hould
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	ppriate time?	
Comr	nents:			
n/a				

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Members do not share Welsh Government's optimistic statement at page 10 where you declare that "this would remove the potential for LPAs to add conditions to a planning permission to achieve greater revenue". There is generally an acceptance that the levy of a discharge fee will be introduced.

However, members are concerned that any such charge should see the LPA bound by strict time limits for the consideration and the removal of the condition. We have members citing examlpes of conditions that have been outstanding with LPA's for weeks and months and these delays have resulted in time delays and cost increases on some projects. The levy of a fee will only be reasonable where the LPA is compelled to consider and confirm the discharge within a reasonable timescale. We further suggest that if there has been no confirmed discharge, then the applicant should be able to rely on the presumption of deemed discharge after 28 days to ensure that costly delays to projects are minimised. We also suggest that a measurement of the appropriateness of conditions is introduced into future monitoring of LPA performance. Applicants should have the opportunity to challenge any unreasonable/unjustified conditions with PAIS and, where it is subsequently found that inappropriate or excessive conditions have been imposed, the LPA should be compelled to refund an element of the planning fee to the applicant, together with any reasonable costs incurred by the applicant due to the conditions.

Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

See Q4a.

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

We suggest 16 weeks is wholly inappropriate as it could cause significant delay in terms of both time and cost in projects. We suggest 28 days as an alternative - see also response to Q4a.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
----	--	-----	---	----

Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
		\boxtimes		
Comr	nents:			
We su	upport a standard fee.			
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	l nents:			
Any f	ee needs to be proportionate to the scale of the	ne subje	ct project.	
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Comr	nents:			
	is for others to determine, however, we would see proposals.	d seek fu	urther consulta	tion on
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Com	mente:			
Com	nents:			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067				
	De view entre that advantiagments on			
	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should	Yes	Yes	No
Q9a	be treated as a single site for the purposes of	165	(subject to further	NO
	charging a fee?		comment)	
		\boxtimes		
Comm	nents:		_	
The p	roposal seems appropriate.			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	aonto:			
Comm	lents.			
	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go	Vaa	Yes	Nia
Q10a		Yes	(subject to further	No
	application?		comment)	
Comm	nents:			
	ed but useful tool in some circumstance.			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	nents:			

Q)11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Particular care needs to be applied in the general area of planning fees for consideration of renewable energy projects. The vast majority of these projects are brought forward in rural areas and we need to ensure that these areas are not cost disadvantaged in terms of planning fees. CLA Cymru is anxious that any proposal brought forward by one arm of government does not jeopardise aspirations brought forward by either another arm of government or a statutory consultee. For instance, the planning fee is but one cost factor when a renewal energy project is brought forward. NRW has proposed an increase in its charging levies for licences or consents required for a myriad of renewable energy technologies and we are concerned that silo thinking by any party in the chain can have detrimental effects when the cumulative effect of all the changes is brought into consideration under individual projects. Any increase of charges levied by any party must be proportionate, consistent and transparent. Any charging mechanism should be accompanied by a commercial contract whereby the advice is binding upon the provider and, if that does not follow through to the decision making process, then there should be civil mechanisms for financial redress for the applicant.

Welsh Government seeks to reduce the carbon energy dependency and thus an increase in renewable energy projects is essential and should be broadly welcomed by society. The variable costs levied by National Grid for connection are a factor in all cases and we therefore implore the planning authorities to integrate an element of viability testing when they consider the approriate charges for consideration of planning consents. This is especially true of the smaller community-based or self-sufficiency scenerios as opposed to the larger, wholly commercial enterprises. Special consideration should also be made for any generation projects developed off-grid; such developments, whilst limited in number, would have a proportionally greater impact on the reliance of those households on fossil fuels.

In view of the potential assistance being brought forward for on-farm renewable energy schemes through the 2014-2020 Rural Development Programme, CLA Cymru calls for the introduction of a scheme of outline planning permission for such renewable energy schemes. It would be a matter of deep regret and potential embarassment for the public sector if one department merely squandered public funds by supporting projects that another area refuses to support.

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
See Q1	1a.			
Q11c Commo		be take	n into account w	hen is
		Г	I	
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
0			Ш	
We have no intrinsic objection, but do require transparency from the parties involved to ensure that the applicant does not become subject to any disagreement between the cross-boundary LPA as to the percentage of the overall fee due to each party.				

Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?
Comme	ents:
	al mechanisms should be devised. At no time should the applicant be ted to any disagreements between the cross-boundary LPA's.

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				\boxtimes
Comm	ents:			

Q14

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

To reiterate, we are deeply concerned that:

- 1) increased fees do not on their own influence or compel the culture change that is required within LPA's,
- 2) due to the adoption of the major development definition cited, rural enterprises are placed at a disadvantage compared to urban developments; to this end we call on Welsh Government to exempt agricultural, forestry and low impact tourism from the definition of major development,
- 3) the cumulative effects of the proposals should not be underestimated as they again place rural developments at a disadvantage due to the variation in potential income derived from rural developments when compared to urban situations. The proposals as they stand have the potential of placing a higher burden of the impact on SME's with the fees being a substantially larger proportion of expected returns from any development proposals,
- 4) any increase in or introduction of new charges should only be brought forward

Constitution reference. If Cases
in conjunction with the adoption of stringent customer service standards, with failures to comply with those standards being subject to financial penalty levied against the LPA.
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Application Fees		
Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015			
Name	Daniel Patterson		
Organisation	RES Ltd ('RES')		
Address	Cedar House Greenwood Close Cardiff Gate Business Park, Cardiff, CF23 8RD		
E-mail address	daniel.patterson@res-ltd.com		
Type (please select one from the	Businesses/ Consultants	\boxtimes	
following)	Local Planning Authority		
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector		
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups		
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)		
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual		
Do you a in fees?	gree with the proposed 15% increase Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:			
Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?			
Comments:			

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
Comn	nents:			
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	nents:			
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	ppriate time?	
Comn	nents:			

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Carren				Ш
Comr	nents:			
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?
Comr	nents:			
Q5 Comm	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be remember.			fee to
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Comn	nents:			
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			

Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comn	nents:			
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comn	nents:			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comn	nents:			
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

RES do not agree that planning applications for renewable energy development should have a seperate fee schedule. The evidence presented in the consultation document suggests that applications for energy projects generate a greater expenditure within Local Planning Authorities (LPA) in comparison to other applications for plant and machinery. The current fee structure (for larger energy projects) already provides a significant payment structure to assist the LPA in determining applications. The fee structure offered in para 3.44 would present a significant increase in planning fees for wind farm developers without any justification that the potential fee increase would be proportional to the increased workload outlined in the consultation document.

The scope and detail of any supporting information (to the planning application) is agreed with the LPA and statutory consultees in advance of the planning submission. The current fee schedule for larger wind projects offers a significant contribution to the determination process, such that sub-consultants can be contracted to deal with environmental and technical topics for which the LPA does not hold sufficient expertise to make an informed judgement.

The LPA should be held accountable for their actions in determining the planning application and be able to present a clear audit trail of internal/external expenditure in determining any planning application. In the event that the costs incurred by the planning authority as a result of the determination process are lower than the submitted planning fees, outstanding payments should be returned to the developer.

Whilst RES agree that LPAs must be adequately resourced to deal with large, complex planning applications, Developers must be provided with reassurances that planning fees provided to the LPA will be spent efficiently, and deliver timely decisions whilst working co-operatively and openly with developers.

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
				\boxtimes
Comme The sa	ents: me comment as Q11a applies.			

Q11c

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

The existing fee structure (under Section5 - Plant and Machinery) is sufficient to deal with wind farm applications. The current fee structure already provides a significant payment structure to assist the LPA in determining applications.

The output of turbines should be removed from any calculation since the determination process does not take this factor into account. LPAs should be determining the planning application based on the percieved impact of the size and scale of the proposed development.

The workload (for developers and LPAs) associated with all wind turbine developments is largely dictated by the current EIA Regulations 2011 as well as National and Local Planning Requirements. However, it can also be a point of negotiation between the LPA and developer (depending on the size and location) to ensure the correct supporting information is submitted as part of any application. Both parties have a responsibility in delivering the correct supporting information to any application and ensuring the appropriate statutory consultees are advised/invited to comment to avoid any unnecesary delays to the determination programme.

Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comm	ents:			
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?				
Comm	ents:			

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
-----	---	-----	---	----

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues Q14 which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them: Comments:

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email Please complete the consultation form and send it to: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk [Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line] **Post**

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation Development Management Branch Planning Division Welsh Assembly Government Cathays Park Cardiff **CF10 3 NQ**

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees				
Dat	te of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015			
Name	David Llewellyn			
Organisation	Bridgend County Borough Council			
Address	Civic Offices Angel Street Bridgend CF31 4WB			
E-mail address	planning@bridgend.gov.uk			
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority			
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups			
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)			
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual			

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The proposal to increase fees is welcomed, however, previous fee increases have been well in excess of 15% and have occurred more frequently than once in a 6 year period. In order to ensure that the Local Planning Authorities (LPA) are in a position to deliver the vision of the Planning Bill, to support national, local and community objectives for infrastruture, new homes and development that supports business growth and jobs, they require to be equipt with the appropriate level of resourses to meet this vision. It is considered that the 15% increase proposed would fail to properly fund the resources required by LPA's to achive the overarching vision of the Postive Planning document.

Further to this, the maximum fee is significantly higher in England (up to £250k), which raises questions of consistancy.

Q1b If n

If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

It is noted that the planning fee increases for householder development between 2004 and 2009 equated to a 50% rise and whilst, it is recognised that the economic climate was significantly different to the period since 2009, it is considered that the proposed increase in fees should exceed 15%. The increase should reflect other increases in previous years, however BCBC is mindful that additional fee income may potentially be generated from the discharge of conditions and non-material amendment applications, consequently it is considered that a minimum 25% increase in fee would be more appropriate and would assist LPA's in ensuring that service standards are maintained and improved.

BCBC also consider that the frequency of fee increases should increase, a 3 year review is suggested.

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Introducing a refund of a planning application fee after a set time period would be open to abuse. Information required for the determination of the application could be deliberately withheld by the applicant which could potentially delay the determination of an application, so as to ensure that the planning fee is returned to the applicant. Once a refund has been issued there will be no incentive for the LPA to determine the planning application.

The LPA frequently experiences delays in receiving observations from statutory consultees which impacts of the length of time taken to determine an application, as the delay in receiving observations from Statutory consultees is out of the hands of LPA's it is not considered reasonable to disadvantage an LPA over events which they have no control over.

Additionally, The LPA will be mindful of the potential for a refund and will be discouraged from entering into negotiations to enhance a proposed development. Whilst, obtaining pre-application advice is encouraged, not all applicants will take this approach prior to submitting a planning application, which may lead to LPA's refusing planning permission rather than negotiating on a scheme to make it acceptable or improved.

Loss of fee income is not considered to be an appropriate way of encouraging
LPA's to provide an efficient service and will potentially result in fewer
resources available which will in turn further diminish the quality and speed of
the service provided.

Furthermore, the proposal to issue a refund appears at odds with the other suggestions which place greater emphasis on agreeing an extension of time.

Q2b

If you do not agree, what other options are available?

Comments:

It is not considered appropriate to link any fee income to performance.

The existing option of an applicant having the opportunity to appeal to the Planning Inspectorate for non-determination, is considered sufficient to encourage swift decisions by the LPA's.

The LPA incure costs during the processing of the application and to have to refund the fee would have wider implications the overall budgets, which would in turn reduce the standard of service provided.

Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr N/A	nents:			

Q3b

If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

Comments:

BCBC do not agree with linking a fee to determination times. The appropriate action should an applicant consider it necessary is to appeal against non-determination.

Consultation reference: WG23067

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Whilst intorducing a charge for the discharge of planning conditions (which may incure considerable work) is welcomed. It is queried whether the proposed amounts are appropriate. It is suggested that the fee for householder applications is waived and that the amount for other applications increased.

Where a determination has a number of conditions attached, it could result in applicants submiting multiple conditions to the LPA in one go in order to save fees. As such the maximum number of conditions that can be agreed at one time should be restricted (possibly to subject area) or that there is a fee threshold which would discourage applicants saving up conditions and submitting them in one go, which could lead to resourcing issues for LPAs.

Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?
Comr	nents:

Q5 acc

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

BCBC do not agree that the introductio of fees should be related to performance. The LPA is often reliant on other departments and external organisations to provide expert comment on schemes submitted in relation to the agreement of conditions, which can involve extensive and complex negotiations. It would be counter productive for Officers to spend a lot of time working towards the agreement of a condition, only to have the fee refunded if the 16 weeks are exceeded.

Furthermore, Statutory Consultees are also experiencing the same financial pressures and constraints as LPA's and may not have the resources to provide a response within the timescales.

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: BCBC in line with many other authorities currently has a standing charge for the provision of this information.				

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

BCBC currently have a set fee for the drafting of a \$106 planning obligations, which is set by the Council's legal department. The legal costs associated with a \$106 cannot always be identified until the extent of the work required has been assessed. This will not be done until near to the end of the process as it is only then that there will be an idea of how much time was taken. If you set a high figure -say £10,000- as a standard fee that will be unfair where not much work is needed. The opposite also applies-ie low set fee and a lot of work.

Applicants have the option of submitting a unilateral undertaking and not involving the LPA's legal team.

If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?						
Comments: The fee should be set at the discreation of the indvidual LPA. The Legal Team at						
BCBC currently set the appropriate fee level.						
Yes (subject to No further comment)						
Yes (subject to No further comment)						
Comments: This is likely to be an epthemeral issue and does not warrant a special category in itself. The planning implications of each advert will differ at each site, and an individual assessement of each advertisment is required. The assessment of an advert on a cabinet in a rural location or conservtaion area will differ considerably from an assessment of an advert on a cabinet in a urban loaction or town centre, and as such a fee should be charged for each advert.						

	- Consultation Response Form FPlanning Application Fees			
Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	ents:			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comments: A full planning application is not afforded the benefit of having a 'free-go' following an approval and, as such, it is considered that a reserved matters approval should be treated in the same manner.				

The applicant has the option to apply via a non-material amendment, a Section 73 application or to reapply for reserved matters.

Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Renewable energy schemes differ considerably from plant and machinery and BCBC agree that a separate fee schedule should be created for renewable energy schemes.

			I			
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Renew and, as propos	Comments: Renewable energy scheme can vary considerably in terms of nature and size and, as such, the fee should reflect the type of renewable energy source proposed. A separate fee system would ensure that the LPA receives adequate fee to ensure that the renewable energy proposal can be efficiently determined.					
Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	l be take	n into account w	hen is		
The factorial should planning	Comments: The factors to be taken into account when calculating the fees for wind turbines should be height and the number of turbines. These two factors have major planning implications, i.e. visual amenity, construction traffic/highway safety and noise.					
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comments:						
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?						
Comments: The fee should be apportioned to the LPA based on the percentage of the						

development in the LPA area. For example if 70% of the Development is within the boundaries of BCBC, 70% of the overall fee should be paid to BCBC and the remaining 30% to the neighbouring LPA.

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

- 1) The term dwelling houses should be replaced with dwelling units
- 2) 'or part there of' has been omitted from the outline fees
- 3) Part 2 should be made clearer by referring it to creation of floor space rather than erection of buildings as this category also covers extensions to existing no domestic buildings
- 4) Category 8 (b) does not include the 15% increase in the £84 fee
- 5) The Draft Regulatory Impact Assessment does not make provisions for the additional fees referred to in the main consultation document

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

Comments:

The proposed increase in planning fees is welcomed, however it is considered that given the finiacial pressures LPA's are experencing, the 15 % increase would not provide sufficent income to adequate resource the LPA to provide an adequate service. The proposal to introduce refunds would hinder LPA in providing such service and would have a negitive impact on the staff involved as a key component of planning is relying on information from statutory consyktess and whilst dedaline can be set, LPAs have no control over the length of time it may take a statutory consultee to provide the required information/response.

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430



Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff CF10 3NQ

15 January 2015

Dear Sir / Madam,

Consultation on Review of Planning Application Fees

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this review.

The Chartered Institute for Archaeologists

The Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CIfA) is a professional body for the study and care of the historic environment. It promotes best practice in archaeology and provides a self-regulatory quality assurance framework for the sector and those it serves. The Institute was granted a Royal Charter of Incorporation on 03 June 2014

CIfA has over 3,150 members and more than 70 registered practices across the United Kingdom. Its members work in all branches of the discipline: heritage management, planning advice, excavation, finds and environmental study, buildings recording, underwater and aerial archaeology, museums, conservation, survey, research and development, teaching and liaison with the community, industry and the commercial and financial sectors.

ClfA's Wales / Cymru Group has over 300 members practising in the public, private and voluntary sector in Wales.

Review of Planning Application Fees

General

CIfA's primary concern in responding to this review is with the funding of local authority heritage and conservation services and of the Welsh Archaeological Trusts, all of which bodies provide advice to local planning authorities with regard to the impact of development on the historic environment.

In common with all public bodies in Wales and elsewhere in the United Kingdom, these bodies are continuing to experience considerable financial pressure which in some cases is undermining their ability effectively to contribute to the management and protection of the historic environment.

Although planning fees may not paid directly to the accounts of these services or bodies, any mechanisms which ease the financial pressure on local authorities generally may indirectly benefit them (for instance, by allowing further contributions to be made to the funding of local authority heritage services or allowing service level agreements with the Welsh Trusts to be maintained at current levels).

Given the nature of CIfA's interest in the setting of planning application fees, the Institute will not comment on the detail of the proposals in the Review.

Specific Questions

Question 1a: Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?

1.1 No comment.

Question 1b: If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

1.2 No comment.

Question 2a: Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?

2.1 Possibly. However, if problems arise largely or wholly due to lack of resource on the part of local planning authorities, IfA would be concerned to see that such problems were not compounded by a further loss of fees.

Question 2b: If you do not agree, what other options are available?

2.2 No comment.

Question 3a: Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?

3.1 No comment.

Question 3b: If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

3.2 Not applicable.

Question 4a: Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?

4.1 ClfA agrees with the introduction of a fee to accompany the discharge of planning conditions that fall under article 23 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (Wales) Order 2012, but makes no comment as to the proposed fee levels.

Question 4b: If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

4.2 No comment.

Question 5: Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

5.1 No. The discharge of conditions relating to the historic environment before the intended public benefit has been delivered is a concern to CIfA. Since work on site is often completed before all archaeological work covered by conditions (which can include post-excavation work) is concluded, there can be pressure to discharge such conditions early. There is a risk that the proposed provision would increase that pressure and encourage local authorities in some cases prematurely to discharge conditions relating to the historic environment.

Question 6: Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?

6.1 Yes.

Question 7a: Do you agree with the proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?

7.1 No comment.

Question 7b: If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?

7.2 Not applicable.

Question 8: Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?

8.1 No comment.

Question 9a: Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?

9.1 No comment.

Question 9b: If you have answered no, please explain why.

9.2 Not applicable.

Question 10a: Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?

10.1 No comment.

Question 10b: If you have answered no, please explain why

10.2 Not applicable.

Question 11a: Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?

11.1 No comment.

Question 11b: Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?

11.2 No comment.

Question 11c: What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

11.3 No comment.

Question 12a: Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?

12.1 No comment.

Question 12b: If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?

12.2 Not applicable.

Question 13: Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 1?

13.1 No.

Question 14: We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them

14.1 No comment.

If there is anything further that I can do to assist please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours faithfully,

Tim Howard LLB, Dip Prof Arch

Senior Policy Advisor

Review of Planning Application Fees						
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015					
Name	Name Ceredigion County Council					
Organisation	Ceredigion County Council					
Address	Neuadd Cyngor Ceredigion Penmorfa Aberaeron Ceredigion SA46 OPA					
E-mail address	ldp@ceredigion.gov.uk					
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants					
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority					
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector					
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups					
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual					

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The LPA agree that an incresae is needed, however, the LPA consider that the increase should be greater. The fees should reflect the amount charged in England. There is no reason for Wales to be charging less for this service - is it the same service that's provided. Additionally there has been no increase in fees for several years and by the time these changes come into force there will be a need to increase them further. There needs to be a mechanism in place that allows national changes to fees to be much more responsive and quicker, otherwise many years pass which are subject to an outdated charging structure.

Q1b If not, w

If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?

Comments:

We propose that the fees are increased by at least 20% or in line with the amount charged for planning applications in England. Additionally Building Control charges are so much higher than planning fees. Ideally planning fees should be set at a 100% cost recovery level. The consultation document acknowledges that the average cost recovery across Wales is 66%.

Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

LPA's do their best to meet the 8 week target at present. With less capacity (due to less resources from fees) within LPA's, meeting the 8 week target will become even more difficult. We do not believe that providing a refund will benefit the system and is seen as 'penalising' the LPA. Hours upon hours of a planning officer's time might have gone into an application but with no fee for the work paid at the end of the dayif this refund applies. The proposal depends on the good will of applicants submitting additional information and in a timely manner. What we forsee is an increase in the number of refusals by LPA in order to get decisions out before the 16/24 weeks which may not provide the best service to the applicant or the public generally. A further consequence would be additional requests for extensions of time, which would be counter-productive.

In addition, the refund mechanism assumes primarily that most delayed determinations are solely down to the LPA when in many cases the applicant has not provided requested information that is necessary in order to determine the application, or statutory consultees have not yet responded to the consultation. Furthermore, applications have been delayed from being reported to committee because of third party objection and threat of legal action. It would be nonsensical in such a scenario to have to refund a planning fee.

Q2b

If you do not agree, what other options are available?

Comments:

No change needed. We do not consider it appropriate to link individual fees to performance.

	ation reference: WG23067			
The paper demonstrates that more resources are needed to ensure improvement				
in the	e speed and efficiency of the LPA.			
	Do you agree with the proposed time period of	Voc	Yes	No
Q3a	16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	(subject to further	No
4,55			comment)	
				\square
Commi	nonto.			
	nents: . PA have set out its views in relation to repayn	ant nei	riod above	
I IIC L	in A have see out its views in relation to repayin	iciic pei	iod above.	
Howe	ever if a repayment requirement were to be in	troduce	d then we belie	ve 16
	s could potentially be reasonable for househol			
	s would be unlikely to be long enough for large	er schen	nes, which can	be
comp	licated.			
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	opriate time?	
		an appro	opriate time?	
Comr	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be a ments: oted above, it is not considered that a refund m			re LPA
Comr As no	nents:			e LPA
Comr As no perfo	ments: oted above, it is not considered that a refund mormance.	nechiasr	n would improv	e LPA
Comr As no perfo	ments: oted above, it is not considered that a refund mormance. or proposal were to however go ahead then no t	nechiasr	n would improv	e LPA
Comr As no perfo	ments: oted above, it is not considered that a refund mormance.	nechiasr	n would improv	re LPA
Comr As no perfo	ments: oted above, it is not considered that a refund mormance. or proposal were to however go ahead then no t	nechiasr	n would improv	e LPA
Comr As no perfo	ments: oted above, it is not considered that a refund mormance. or proposal were to however go ahead then no t	nechiasr	n would improv	re LPA

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

\sim	_				nts
(.)	m	m	rr	10	nre

At the moment this work is being undertaken without any fees and can be extremely time consuming for the LPA. The introduction of a fee is welcomed.

Where a determination has a number of conditions attached, we would not want applicants to stockpile conditions in order to submit to the LPA in one tranche to save multiple fees. Therefore we would propose that there is a maximum number of conditions that can be discharged at one time or that there is a fee threshold which would discourage applicants saving up conditions and submitting them in one go which leads to resourcing issues for Councils.

Q4b

If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

A suitable amount should be based on analysis of cost recovery, looking at examples of where charging already exists and evaluating whether the fees cover the costs incurred.

Q5

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

The introduction of fees should not be linked to performance.

However if it were to be introduced then the time period suggested appears reasonable, provided statutory consultee input is not required.

Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?

Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
\boxtimes		

Comments:

At the moment this work is being undertaken without any fees and can be extremely time consuming for the LPA. It will also provide a formal way of confirmation.

Consultation reference: WG23067		

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

It is unclear whether the proposal is to set a fee nationally or whether each LA should be setting out a fee individually?

Ceredigion CC already has a standard s106 fee - therefore transparency and consistency already exists.

If there is to be a nationally set fee then this needs to reflect full cost recovery.

Q7b

If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?

Comments:

The inherent difficulty in setting a standard fee for Section 106 Obligations is that they are so diverse. They will range in scope from a simple covenant which applies, for example, to one dwelling house to complex documentation governing the development of a whole housing site with education, leisure facilities etc. or a retail business park. Bearing in mind the diversity, it is not surprising that the documents will vary considerably in size and the amount of time expended on them.

Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?

Do you agree that the fee to accompany a yes (subject to further comment)

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067			
Comn	nents:			
	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should	Vaa	Yes	Na
Q9a	be treated as a single site for the purposes of	Yes	(subject to further	No
	charging a fee?		comment)	
		\boxtimes		
Comr	nents:			
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comr	nents:			
			I	
			Yes	
0.40	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go	Yes	(subject to	No
Q10a	following approval of a reserved matters application?		further	
	аррисацоп:		comment)	
Commun				
Comr	nents:			
0401-	If you have an averaged up and a second in a velocity of			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
	nents:			
	gree that applications should be made through			n of
	CPA 1990 as proposed, we also propose that the cations following approval like it used to be as			
	ations that has since been revoked.	Jet Jul	2000 100	•

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	ents: finitley the fees do not currently reflect the nining wind turbines in particular.	cost and	I time that goes	into

Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Yes, if the development amounts to an EIA development the paper advert alone costs the LPA more than a £1000.00 which is not covered by the current planning fee of £335.00 (it is disappointing that the potential use of Council websites for advertising purposes has not come through in the Bill). The proposed lower fee for wind turbines in this consultation document, being £330.00, is actually £5.00 less than the current fee charges which means that the new fees proposed are actualyy worse in relation to many of the single turbines dealt with across rural areas - of which there are many applications.

Q11c

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

The height and area covered by the development should be taken into

	ion reference: WG23067				
consideration and the fee based on per turbine. We don't believe that the 'output' should affect the fee. E.g. 15m - 30m high turbine on land less than 0.1 ha = £900.00 per turbine. The fees do not currently (or as proposed) address the cost of an officer's time and the expense of determining planning application e.g. photocopying charges, objection letters, adverts etc.					
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
		\boxtimes	Ш		
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?					
Comments: The fee should be paid to both LPAs taking into account the proportionality of work for both LAs.					
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments:					

Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:		
Comments: None			
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)			

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

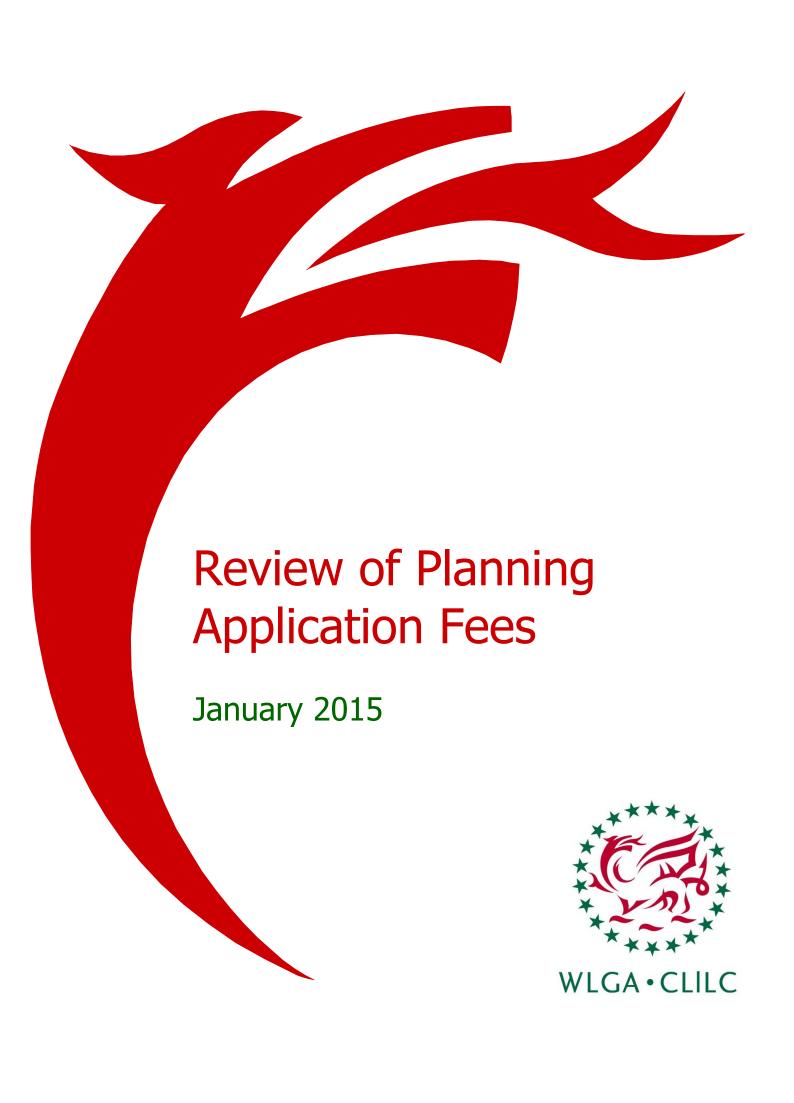
Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NO

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430



INTRODUCTION

- 1. The Welsh Local Government Association (WLGA) represents the 22 local authorities in Wales, and the three national park authorities and the three fire and rescue authorities.
- It seeks to provide representation to local authorities within an emerging policy framework that satisfies the key priorities of our members and delivers a broad range of services that add value to Welsh Local Government and the communities they serve.
- 3. WLGA welcomes the opportunity to comment on the consultation on the review of planning application fees. These proposals should be considered in the context of declining incomes to LPAs and continuing budget cuts, for example a number of LPAs have to find 40% budget cuts over 3 years.

Q1 Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?

- 4. We welcome an increase in fees as the last increase was back in 2009. However, we do not understand why the proposal is for a 15% increase when the consultation document clearly states that the average cost recovery across Wales is only 66%, leaving the LPAs to fund the 34% difference in a difficult financial climate.
- 5. For this reason, the WLGA would welcome a higher increase in line with Scotland, where a 20% increase was introduced in 2013 and a further 5% increase in November 2014. Therefore a 25% increase would seem more appropriate, particularly as the increase will take a number of months to be introduced and positively impact on budgets. During this time, planning authority budgets will continue to be squeezed. The RIA states that since 2009, the costs associated with design and development process have increased by 7% as a result of inflation. During this time planning fee levels have remained static, and so of the 15% increase in planning application fees, inflation is considered to form 7%. In effect then, the increase being proposed is only 8%.
- 6. At the very minimum, the funding gap (34%) should be split equally between the applicant and the LPA resulting in a 17% fee increase.

7. We also consider it would be appropriate to build into any changes to fees, a yearly increase or a formula based on the RPI to ensure that the fee does not, in effect, become devalued.

Q2 Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?

- 8. We do not agree with linking a fee increase to performance. The Planning (Wales) Bill as proposed will bring in a number of measures which focus on performance of local planning authorities. These measures should be given time to bed in before additional measures are introduced.
- 9. This proposal may result in unintended consequences as LPAs will be reluctant to hand back the planning fee so will determine the application within the set time periods. As a result, applications may be refused to comply with these determination targets. This scenario will not improve the planning system for applicants or planning authorities.

Q3 Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 to 24 weeks.

10. We do not agree with linking a fee increase to performance. It is likely that the more complex applications will be the ones that run close to or over the proposed time period. The time taken to determine an application may be extended as a result of additional information being required from the developer or from statutory consultees, it is not right therefore to penalise the local planning authority for delays resulting from the actions of others. These larger, more complex applications command a significant fee that the LPA would be reluctant to refund hence the comments in response to Q2 are relevant.

Q4 Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions

11. Charging for the discharge of planning conditions in Wales is long overdue and this proposal will bring Wales into line with England. However, the level of fee being proposed is significantly below that charged in England, £195 in England compared to £83 proposed in Wales. We would welcome clarity on how the proposed fees have been calculated. The Minister is keen to see consistency across local planning authorities, therefore we would ask the question whether the fees in Wales should mirror the fees in England?

Q5 Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

12. We do not agree with linking a fee increase to performance.

Q6. Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?

13. We are not entirely clear why this would need to be introduced as a certificate of lawfulness could be issued and an appropriate fee charged for this. If this proposal is progressed then the charges should reflect the charges made in England.

Q7. Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?

14. Local authorities are under severe financial pressure and are losing staff. It does not necessarily follow that paying a fee to accompany drafting of 106 agreements will result in a better service. This will depend very much on the resources available at the time in the individual local authorities.

Q8. Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground appeal should only be payable to the LPA?

15. We welcome the retention of a greater proportion of the fee

Q9. Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?

16. We are of the view that this proposal regarding advertisements on broadband cabinets is time limited during the rollout of Superfast Broadband and therefore doesn't warrant a change to the fee regulations.

Q10. Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?

17. We do not agree with this proposal. Reserved matters applications can generate a significant amount of work and therefore it is not a reasonable proposal to expect LPAs to process the application without a fee.

Q11a. Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?

18. We would agree on the proviso that the changes do not reduce the fee for ground intensive applications such as solar farms which generate a considerable amount of work.

Q11b. Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?

19. The WLGA agrees with this proposal. Currently the system to calculate the fee is based on the extent of the development and particularly in the case of applications for single turbines the area of developable land is small which translates into a small fee. These applications can be time consuming and costly and the current fee structure does not reflect this.

Q11c. What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when calculating the fee for wind turbines?

20. We would agree with the commentary against the various options (output, number and height) and as a result can see the logic in the proposal for a set fee per 0.1 hectare depending on the development size.

Q12. Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed with all constituent LPAs receiving a fee?

21. By their very nature, cross boundary applications are more likely to be the larger and more complex applications and in these circumstances we would agree with this proposal.

Q13. Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment?

22. We are not entirely clear what paragraph 5.21 is proposing. Is it a forecast that based on current performance that probably 10% of applications will fall outside the proposed determination times and therefore given that the average fee paid is £462 that LPAs can expect (on current performance) to pay back approximately £4,640? If this is the case using an average fee based on all applications is misleading. It is the

more complex applications/major applications (which command a higher fee) which take longer to determine and are at risk of incurring refunds at a level much higher than the average £462.

- 23. It would be useful to see the rationale for arriving at the proposed 15% increase and levels of fee being proposed for the discharge of conditions etc.
- 24. The increase in a fee will increase the revenue available to a LPA from fees, however this may not result in an overall increase in available revenue as LPAs are experiencing cuts to their core budgets as part of corporate budget cuts.

Q14. Additional Comments

25. The Planning (Wales) Bill proposes a number of additional duties for local planning authorities for which local planning authorities could charge a fee; namely preapplication advice and local authority involvement in Developments of National Significance. If these proposals are contained in the final Planning (Wales) Act we would welcome discussion with Welsh Government on the appropriate fee level for local planning authority activity.

For further information please contact:

Jane Lee, Policy Officer Jane.lee@wlga.gov.uk

Welsh Local Government Association Local Government House Drake Walk Cardiff CF10 4LG

Tel: 029 2046 8600

	Review of Planning Application			
Da	te of consultation period: 06/10/20	14 – 16/	01/2015	
Name	Gwilym Davies			
Organisation	Powys County Council		1.5	())
Address	The Gwalia, Ithon Road, Llandrine	dod Wel	is, Powys, Lut	баа
E-mail address	gwilym.davies@powys.gov.uk			
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants		ň	
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority			
	Government Agency/Other Public S	Sector		
	Professional Bodies/Interest Group	s		
	Voluntary sector (community group help groups, co-operatives, social and not for profit organisations)	s, volun enterpris	teers, self ses, religious,	
Description of the	Other (other groups not listed above	e) or inc	dividual	
Do you ag in fees?	ree with the proposed 15% increase	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
			\boxtimes	
rationale for pro	increase in planning fees. However posing 15% when the consultation of recovery across Wales is 66%.	, we are	e not clear of t nt acknowledg	he es that
Q1b If not, wha	nt do you consider to be a more appro	priate ch	nange, if any?	
Comments:				
= =				

Consu	ultation reference: WG23067			
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Com	nments:			
The impi	Planning (Wales) Bill is currently introducing a rove LPA performance. Until these changes are od of time to bed in, it is unacceptable that impoduced 'by the backdoor'.	comme	nced and given	a e
This	measure will result in more applications being	refused	to meet the re	fund
dete	rmination targets set by WG. This scenario will	be deti	rimental to all.	
Cons	ideration needs to be given to the financial imp	olicatio	n of this measur	e on
LPAs	that are already facing significant budget cuts.			
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are availa	able?	Angelia (de prio	
	ments:			
we a	o not consider it appropriate to link a fee incre	ase to p	performance	
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
		П	Confinency	\boxtimes
Comn				
We do	o not agree with linking a fee refund to determi	nation	targets.	
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be ar	n approp	oriate time?	
				90 13 1

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Comm	ntion reference: WG23067			
	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
(4a	accompany the discharge of planning	163	further	
	conditions?		comment)	
omr	nents:			
in all				unt?
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an ap	propriate amou	int?
		s an ap	propriate amou	int?
Q4b Comi	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute ments:	s an ap	propriate amou	int?
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Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of accompany a discharge of condition would be rements:	16 weel	ks after which th	
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Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: We are not clear if this is actually needed because application for a certificate of lawfulness under	se it can l Section 1	be achieved the 91 of the Act.	rough an
Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	e	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments:			
If you have answered yes, how should this fee your reasons?	be calcul	lated? If not, wh	at are
Comments:			
Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments:			
Ve do not understand this proposal			

	allon relevance. We determine the second sec			
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No 🖂
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Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
in th	is is considered an issue why not include advert be permitted adverts within the advertisement race the workloads for Councils.	regulati	ions. This woul	d
Q10	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	application:			
Rese reas	nments: erved matters applications often generate significants a free go. minor amendments procedure recently introducing with such applications.			te in

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

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omments: ergy generation applications can generate a significant amount of work for the A which is not reflected in the fee paid 1c What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines? mments:	111b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	(subject to	No
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What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?		have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	(subject to further comment)	No
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12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	income?			
omm	ents:			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma ents: mment.	atter be a	addressed?	
				(a = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	(subject to	No
	the draft partial Regulatory Impact	Yes	(subject to further	
	the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	s. If you	(subject to further comment)	dissues

I do not work many	
I do not want my name/or address published with my response	(please tick)
	(biodoo tiolt)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Please complete the consultation form and send it to : planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Application Fees	
Dat	te of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015	
Name	Mark Harris	
Organisation	Home Builders Federation	
Address	PO Box 201 Barry CF639FA	
E-mail address	mark.harris@hbf.co.uk	
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants	
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority	
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector	
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups	
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)	
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual	

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The extra funding gained from any fee increase must be used directly to support local planning authority departments to ensure that they maintain/improve the level of planning service offered.

Members have witnessed experienced officer's loss from LPAs without replacement and this impacts on the performance of the planning department and the Council as a whole.

We are also aware of authorities where the planning income from fees gets directed to a central pool and then split back to departments across the Council. The planning application fee is only generated to support the service of delivering the planning function and there should be controls in place to ensure that such income fees are earmarked for planning services.

While ideally an increase in planning fees to the extent of 15% should enhance the service and delivery of planning it is important that at the very least there are measures introduced to ensure that the level of service is maintained.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Forr	n
Review of Planning Application Fees	

Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more appro	priate ch	ange, if any?	
Comr	nents:			
			Yes	
00-	Do you agree that introducing a refund will	Yes	(subject to	No
Q2a	improve LPA performance?		further	
	·		comment)	
			comment)	
	nents:		×	
We w	ould like to think that delay in application det		ion is down to §	
We w		ciating (ion is down to gouncil politics.	
We w reaso the fo	rould like to think that delay in application det ons such as LPA resources/experience or appre ormer then the refund could hinder such autho	ciating (orities fu	ion is down to gouncil politics.urther.	If it is
We we reason the following the	rould like to think that delay in application detens such as LPA resources/experience or appreormer then the refund could hinder such authors possibilities are that LPAs will be forced to moon, probably refusal, and subsequent costs at a	ciating (orities fu nake dec appeal fo	ion is down to good council politics.urther.isions in a quicker unreasonable	If it is ker
We we reason the formal of the	rould like to think that delay in application detens such as LPA resources/experience or appreormer then the refund could hinder such author possibilities are that LPAs will be forced to mon, probably refusal, and subsequent costs at a large grounds. House builders would prefer to take	ciating (prities functions take dec appeal fo se a few	ion is down to go council politics. urther. isions in a quick or unreasonable more weeks to	If it is ker work
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Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 If you do not agree, what other options are available? Q2b Comments: Consideration could be given to rewarding Councils who perform well based on some standard easy to collect targets. Yes Do you agree with the proposed time period of Yes (subject to No Q3a 16 and 24 weeks? further comment) \boxtimes Comments: The time period proposed appears reasonable and in addition it is considered appropriate that a mutual agreement for an extension of time could be agreed in writing between the applicant and LPA prior to forcing a refund. Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time? Comments:

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

If a fee is payable then LPAs need to commit appropriate resources and attention to dealing with the discharge of condition(s). The process seems to have been implemented well in England and so there should be no reason why this cannot occur here.

The consultation encourages applicants to group condition discharges toge we agree with this approach but would request that LPAs don't then refuse whole group of conditions if only some are unacceptable.	
Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount	?
Comments:	
De very gaves with any proposed time provided of 10 weeks often which the	£ +-
Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?	iee to
accompany a disorial go of contained would be foldinged.	
Comments:	
Yes but as with the planning application it is considered appropriate that a	
mutual agreement for an extension of time could be agreed in writing betw the applicant and LPA prior to forcing a refund.	veen

Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

It is considered appropriate that this information (i.e. to show which conditions have been discharged and with what information) should be made mandatory on Council websites in any case. As a result of this then it would appear reasonable that any formal request in writing for confirmation that a condition(s) has been discharged would attract a fee to cover the cost of Council's time to deal with the request(s).

It is not considered appropriate for the applicant to have to pay this fee as this information should be provided as part of the palnning process which they have allready paid for (applications and conditions discharge).

Although it is noted that changes proposed to the format of planning decision notices by the planning bill may result in this not being necessary.

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067			
			Yes	
	Do you agree with proposals for the	Yes	(subject to	No
Q7a	introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?		further	
	draiting of a occitor roo planning obligation:		comment)	
		Ш		
	nents:	ic but th	a face differ be	tween
	experience is that LPAs already set a fee for the It would be appropriate to set a standard reas			
	e complexity of the agreement.	Jonabic	runge of rees be	45C G
	, , ,			
_	If you have answered yes, how should this fee b	e calcula	ated? If not_wha	t are
Q7b	your reasons?	o carcar		
Comr	nents:			
-	est it should be based on the number of schedu			
	ard document (£500) and then a flat rate per			
	mum fee of £5,000. This should be significnatly tor does the drafting as is the case with the materials.			•
SOUCI	tor does the draiting as is the case with the ma	ajority o	n s i oo Agreeiile	ents.
There	e should probably also be a flat rate fee of £50	0 for De	ed of Variation	s and
	teral Undertakings.			
			Yes	
	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a	Yes	(subject to	No
Q8	ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	. 55	further	
	uio Li 71:		comment)	
	nents:			
No co	mment			

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee? Comments: No comment	 >				
broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee? Comments:	o				
broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee? Comments:)]				
]				
	_				
Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why.					
Comments:					
Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to)				
Q10a following approval of a reserved matters application?	-				
application?]				
application? comment) Comments:					
application? Comments: Our experience is that the ability to utilise a free go following the approval of a reserved matters application is rarely used. If changes are required to a reserve	a ed				
application? Comment	a ed				
application? Comments: Our experience is that the ability to utilise a free go following the approval of a reserved matters application is rarely used. If changes are required to a reserve matters scheme then these do not become apparent within the free go period 1	a ed 12 of				

No comment

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Do you agree that applications for renewable Yes energy development should have a separate Yes (subject to No fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Q11a further Machinery? comment) Comments: No comment Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that wind turbines should also Q11b further have a separate system of fee calculation? comment) Comments: No comment What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is Q11c calculating the fee for wind turbines? Comments:

Consultat	Consultation reference: WG23067				
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
	moomo.				
Comm	ents:				
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?					
Comments: The fee should be apportioned depending on the amount of work carried out by each authority, however this should be an issue for the authorities to resolve and not the applicant.					
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comm	ents:				
	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas				

The critical issue identifed above is that any increase in planning fees should

Comments:

'directly benefit' the applicant in terms of the level of service received. This means that the additional revenue raised needs to be retained by the Councils
Planning Department to enable them at minimum to maintain the current level of service but hopefuly improve the service.
of service but hopefully improve the service.

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

	Review of Planning Application Fees					
Dat	e of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015					
Name	KEN HOBDEN					
Organisation	MINERAL PRODUCTS ASSOCIATION					
Address	Gillingham House 38-44 Gillingham Street London SW1V 1HU					
E-mail address	ken.hobden@mineralproducts.org					
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants					
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority					
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector					
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups					
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual	\boxtimes				

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Mineral planning applications are generally the largest in terms of area and therefore they attract the largest fees. Applicants already feel that they rarely get the quality and quantity of officer time commensurate with that the fee. Many planning officers will admit that the high level of fees from mineral applications subsidises the cost of processing smaller applications. The return on the "up front" cost of a mineral planning application takes much longer to recoup than with built development and therefore is a significant commercial consideration.

Q1b	Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?							
Comments: Analysis should be undertaken to assess whether or not such a large increase is justified in view of the comments made in response to Q1a								
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No 🖂				
Comments: If, as the consultation document suggests, poor planning performance is due to under-resourcing, it is difficult to see how reducing funding (by requiring refunds) will give applicants a proper service. Applicants do not want their fee back - they want a planning permission and waiting for the decision is better than not getting a permission.								
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?						
Comments: Set standards for the resourcing of the planning function within planning authorities. (ring fence planning funding??)								
Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks? Yes (subject to further comment)								
Comr	nents:							
Comments: This is unrealistic for mineral applications.								

Comments:
The Mineral Products Association annual planning survey in dicates that the average time to process successful planning applications is 34 weeks. As mentioned in response to Q2a, whilst the time taken to deliver a decision is important, the main objective should be to deliver a sound decision that is not vulnerable to legal challenge. Time alone is not a reasonable measure of planning performance.

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: Fees are not appropriate for mineral planning permission because checking on				

Fees are not appropriate for mineral planning permission because checking or compliance with planning conditions and submitting a written report should already be covered by fees for monitoring visits.

Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

No fee is appropriate for minerals - see response to Q4a

Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?

Comments:

Q5

YES - notwithstanding the MPA response to Q4a and Q4b BUT a decision notice should still be issued to confirm that the condition has been complied with otherwise deemed discharge can be assumed.

Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
See a	nents: nswers above - confirmation of discharge is paill) monitoring process.	rt of the	e mineral (and	
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comments: The applicant should reserve the right to draft the \$106 themselves but the planning authority should be obliged to offer a drafting service based upon an hourly rate to ensure cost recovery only.				
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
	nents: he answer to Q7a			

Q8 Do you agree that the fee to accompany a

Yes

No

No comment

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 ground (a) appeal should only be payable to Yes the LPA? (subject to further comment) Comments: No comment Do you agree that advertisements on Yes broadband cabinets in a specified area should Yes (subject to No Q9a be treated as a single site for the purposes of further charging a fee? comment) Comments: No comment Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: No comment Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No following approval of a reserved matters Q10a further application? comment) Comments:

No comment

Welsh Government

Review of Planning Application Fees Consultation reference: WG23067 Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: No comment Do you agree that applications for renewable Yes energy development should have a separate Yes (subject to No fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Q11a further Machinery? comment) Comments: No comment Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that wind turbines should also Q11b further have a separate system of fee calculation? comment) Comments: No comment What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is Q11c calculating the fee for wind turbines? Comments:

7

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
			,	
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	income:		П	
Comm	l ents:			
No cor				
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
Comm	ents:			
			Yes	
042	Do you have any comments to make about	Yes	(subject to	No
Q13	the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?		further	
	ASSESSMENT AT ATTICK 2:		comment)	
			Ш	Ш
Comm	ents:			
	Ma have saled a number of analisis acceptions	الم المالية		
	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas	•	_	
		ic use in	is space to reput	t tilCill.
Comm Welsh	ents: government should be careful that introduci:	ng finan	cial penalties fo	r
	ng authorities that do not make a decision wi			
	ot produce perverse results; such as otherwi			

subsequent appeals or prioritising resources to those applications closest to the deadline. Some of the statements in paragraphs 2.24 and 2.25 are worrying. LPAs will continue to employ tactics to prevent "the clock ticking" on an application, as they do that now to manipulate their performance statistics. It seems highly unlikely that any applicants would seek to delay an application just to get their fee back as is suggested in 2.24; such action could be at the expense of obtaining permission and would therefore serve no purpose.

I do not want my name/or address published with my response	(please tick) 🗌
---	-----------------

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

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planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

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Planning Division
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Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

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email: <u>planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk</u> or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees						
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 – 16/01/2015					
Name	Rhian Nowell-Phillips					
Organisation	Farmers' Union of Wales					
Address	Llys Amaeth, Plas Gogerddan, Aberystwyth, SY233BT					
E-mail address	rhian.nowell-phillips@fuw.org.uk					
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants					
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority					
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector					
Professional Bodies/Interest Groups						
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual					

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Given the current economic climate, the FUW recognises Welsh Governments argument that in order to improve the level of service and to reflect the resource deficit there needs to be an increase in planning fees, but believes that an increase will act as a disincentive to development and will have a negative impact on the local economy.

The FUW does not support an arbitory percentage rise in fees unless it is linked to clear improvements in delivery.

Concern was also raised that as pre application advice is now subject to a fee and that section 106 fees are becoming increasingly prevalent particulary in South West Wales, so that when building regulation fees are added to the mix, it can be an extremely expensive project even before a proposed increase. The FUW believes that planning fees should reflect the 'add on' costs which have to be borne by developers and that small scale developments i.e one or two houses should not be disproportionately affected by the overall cost of the planning system.

Consultation reference: WG23067					
Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more approp	oriate ch	ange, if any?			
Comments: The FUW is not opposed to small scale incremental is but believes that a 15% increase is too high and the the consultation document to justify the proposed is	re is litt	le information	•		
Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
			\boxtimes		
Comments: Whilst on paper it would seem that the introduction of a refund would encourage the improvement of LPA performance, the FUW is concerned that a) If LPA's are currently stretched due to scarce resources, how will a refund approach help to deliver an improved service and b) concern that LPA's might turn down applications rather than face a refund if there are protacted negotiations.					
Q2b If you do not agree, what other options are available.	able?				
Comments:					
Do you agree with the proposed time period of					
Q3a 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes	No		

Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
Comments: As outlined above, the FUW is concerned that there is insufficient clarity on what the proposed 'fee' would actually cover.					

Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

Comments:

The FUW would welcome greater clarity on what the proposed fee would cover as it is currently too vague in the consultation document.

The FUW do believe however, that any fees introduced should reflect the size of the development to avoid disproportionate costs being levied on small scale projects.

Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be refunded?					
Comments: As outlined previously, the FUW is concerned that an arbitory time period could act as a disincentive for negotiation and discussion and could result in planning applications being turned down.						
			<u> </u>			
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comments: The FUW understands that LPAs currently have the power to levy a charge to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged.						

Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The FUW believe that section 106 agreements provide a public benefit as they are used by LPA's to 'improve' planning developments.

As a section 106 will inevitably commit developers to significant additional costs in terms of social housing, infrastructure etc, unless the LPA is providing a service in drafting a \$106 planning obligation the FUW does not see any rationale for introducing a fee.

Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?				
Comr see a	nents:				
Jee u					
	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to	Yes	Yes (subject to	No	
Q8	the LPA?		further		
			comment)		
Comr	nents:				
	Do you agree that advertisements on		Yes		
Q9a	broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of	Yes	(subject to further	No	
	charging a fee?		comment)		
	nents: "UW fully supports the Welsh Governments aim	s to roll	out Broadband		
	s Wales, although it is not clear what this propesite'. The FUW cannot comment for or agains				
	clarification on the scope of the proposal.	t tills þi	oposat until the	16 12	
Q9b	If you have answered no, please explain why.				
Comr	nents:				
040-	Chould the applicant he aptitled to a fire	Vac		NIa	
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go	Yes		No	

	following approval of a reserved matters application?		Yes (subject to further comment)	
		\boxtimes		
Commo	ents: IW supports the inherant flexibility of this pr	oposal.		
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comme	ents:			
Q11a	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comme	ents:			
Q11b	Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comme	ents:			

Consultation	on reference: WG23067				
	What factors, or combination of factors, should calculating the fee for wind turbines?	be take	n into account w	hen is	
Comments: The FUW believes that whatever approach is adopted, small scale community turbines should not be disproportionately expensive compared to large scale installations which tend to create a great deal of controversy within a local area. The planning fees should also reflect the need to encourage green energy developments on appropriate sites.					
planning application	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No	
	income:				
Comments: Whilst this proposal seems to be sensible on first reading, the FUW is concerned that in practise it could make cross-boundary planning applications extremely complicated and cumbersome. if this approach is to be adopted there needs to be clear guidance about apportionment where developments are not easily split across LPA boundaries.					
0.401					
Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?					
Comme	nts:				

Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Yes Yes)
--	---

Consultation reference: WG23067

Assessment at Annex 2?

(subject to further comment)

Comments:

We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:

I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Comments:

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email
Please complete the consultation form and send it to :
planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk
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Page 1

NFU Cymru Consultation Response

To: <u>Planconsultations-</u> Date: 6th January 2015

<u>b@wales.gsi.gov.uk</u> Ref:

Circulation: Contact: Rachel Lewis-Davies

Tel: 01982 554200

Fax:

Email: Rachel.lewis-davies@nfu.org.uk

NFU Cymru response to Welsh Government consultation document: Review of Planning Application Fees

NFU Cymru welcomes the opportunity to respond to the Welsh Government consultation document : Review of Planning Application Fees, which puts forward three main changes to the system of planning fees, as follows:

- An increase in fee levels
- Providing a refund of the application fee where an application remains undetermined after a period of time
- · Extending the scope of planning fees

NFU Cymru champions Welsh farming and represents farmers throughout Wales and across all farming sectors. Our aim is to establish the background conditions in which farmers can be profitable and sustainably develop their businesses.

The importance of the farming industry as the economic backbone of rural Wales cannot be overstated, the Welsh Government identifies that the vitality and potential of rural areas is closely linked to the presence of a competitive and dynamic farming sector which also plays an important role in generating additional economic activities.

The range of goods and services delivered by agriculture in Wales is unparalleled by any other industry. First and foremost we provide safe, high quality food and are the cornerstone of the £4bn Welsh food and drink sector; alongside this, as farmers, we have created, care for and manage our treasured Welsh landscape, which not only supports a diverse range of species, habitats and ecosystems but also provides a significant backdrop for our tourism sector worth an estimated £1.6bn annually.

As such, NFU Cymru is of the view that for agricultural and rural businesses to remain viable and sustainable, they need a positive development management service that offers the freedom to innovate and expand. We would highlight that modernisation and investment in the latest technologies in farming will be essential going forward. Many agricultural building applications are required to comply with animal welfare or environmental regulatory issues, so often farmers have no choice other than erect new buildings or change their farming system.

Farmers are also well placed, and should be actively encouraged and supported to harness the natural resources available to generate renewable energy, particularly in the face of climate change.

It is also important to realise that that farmers in Wales are operating in global commodity markets and are increasingly exposed to market volatility in the input costs and prices achieved for their products. Developments that allow them to diversify their income and increase business resilience should also be actively supported and prioritised through the development management service.





Q1a Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?

NFU Cymru does not support a proposed 15% increase in fees across all categories of development.

It is our view that as well as having the necessary resources, Local Planning Authorities must use these in an efficient and effective manner, for example, by not seeking to ask for unnecessary documents and supporting information which places unnecessary costs on all parties concerned.

We would express concern that the consultation document places too much emphasis on providing additional resources to local authorities, despite the evidence which shows a considerable variation in performance across local authorities with the existing resource that is available to deliver the planning service at present.

It is apparent that there are a range of factors that influence LPA performance and we are keen to see that all these factors are considered fully before there are significant increases to planning fees which may ultimately impact adversely on development and economic growth. Some authorities do not currently provide value for money through the service that they offer and the cost of fees is already a significant issue for some of our members.

We note that the level set for planning fees is designed to include recovery of direct costs and an apportionment of related overheads. Firstly we would highlight that Local Authorities receive funding from Government to meet overheads. In proposing an increase in fees of 15% we would also express concern at the lack of transparency with respect to costs incurred for each category of development. We question why application fees for agricultural buildings are set at the same rate as industrial buildings. It is our view that the effort involved (on the part of the LPA) in processing a category 3 application is not comparable in terms of time or complexity to other types of development, for example, industrial. We would also highlight that the income generating capabilities of a farm building compared to an industrial building are not comparable.

It is crucial that category 3 – agricultural building application fees are not seen as a means to 'cross subsidise' other, more complex and costly, development categories.

NFU Cymru is, therefore, opposed to the increases proposed for category 3 and would be keen to see the evidence from Local Planning Authorities that an increase of this level can be justified. We would also be keen to work with Welsh Government and Local Planning Authorities to streamline procedures to see costs further reduced.

We agree with Welsh Government that, since applicants to the development management service pay a fee, then the needs of the customer in terms of speed and quality of service must be prioritised. Our members across Wales often express concern and frustration in the level of service they are provided with by their local planning authority which is viewed as excessively bureaucratic, unpredictable and inflexible. There are also concerns over the perceived lack of transparency and levels of consistency across Local Authorities.

NFU Cymru, therefore, welcomes any measures that can be implemented that can improve the quality of service. It is our view, however, that this is not simply a matter of resource. Whilst adequate funding is clearly a contributory factor, the wide variation in performance currently observed across Local Planning Authorities provides evidence that there are a range of factors at play.

Whilst we note that the proposed increase in planning fees would be on the understanding that there is a commitment by LPAs to review their service delivery, this needs to be a meaningful exercise. We believe that far more emphasis is required within the consultation on how Welsh Government will work with LPAs to ensure this review delivers real and measurable benefit to users of the service.





NFU Cymru Consultation Response

We would also express concern that the commitment to review service delivery will take place at the Local Planning Authority level. In our view more consideration is needed of opportunities for collaborative working, sharing best practice to make efficiencies and improving the level of service across Local Authorities. Given the relatively high number of local authorities in Wales, the review process in itself could prove extremely costly and users of the service should not have to bear this cost.

We would comment that in assessing the performance of LPAs there is a need to look beyond the measure of timeliness which, we believe, is just one crude measure of efficiency and effectiveness.

In terms of monitoring and the LPA annual performance report, we seek more information on the range of LPA performance measures that will be used and would re-iterate that speed alone is an inadequate measure of performance. NFU Cymru is keen to see the performance report adopt a series of measures that adequately reflect the quality of service received by customers.

Q1b If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate charge, if any?

NFU Cymru does not view the increase in fees for agricultural buildings to be proportionate or reasonable.

Q2a Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?

We note proposals to refund the application fee where a planning application remains undecided after a set period of time. The refund of fees could potentially provide a good incentive if implemented in a positive way, otherwise it could just result in a high number of refusals. It is vital that requests for additional information to support the application are undertaken in a timely manner, which is not always the case at present.

Whilst this measure may well contribute to an improvement in the speed with which applications are considered, we would highlight that its impact on quality of service is more difficult to determine. We would also highlight that fact, that whilst the refund of the application fee in such cases will reduce the financial burden on applicants, there are other significant costs involved with the preparation of a planning application.

Overall, it is our view that introducing a refund of application fees will, on its own, be insufficient to improve LPA performance.

Q2b If you do not agree, what other options are available?

No comment.

Q3a Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?

No comment.

Q3b If you do not agree, what do you consider to be an appropriate time?

No comment.

Q4a Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?

NFU Cymru does not support the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions. With respect to the introduction of a fee for the discharge of conditions, we are not





NFU Cymru Consultation Response

reassured that this proposal will not be used as a means of generating income for Local Planning Authorities who may introduce multiple conditions for this purpose.

Whilst we note that Welsh Government are considering the introduction of a fee for confirming that a condition has been discharged, we ask why applicants are being asked to pay again when the fee for discharge of the consent may already have been paid. One fee should be sufficient for an efficient service.

We also note that the Welsh Government are seeking to introduce, through the Planning (Wales) Bill, provision to make the decision a live document which would see the discharge of conditions recorded on the decision notice of the original permission. This should significantly reduce the time taken in identifying and confirming conditions have been discharged. We question, therefore, the need to introduce a fee for confirming that a condition has been discharged.

Q4b If you do not agree, what do you think constitutes an appropriate amount?

No comment.

Q5 Do you agree with our proposed time period of 16 weeks after which the fee to accompany a discharge of condition would be returned?

No comment.

Q7a Do you agree with the proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?

In our view this proposal cannot be justified because there are many different circumstances involved with varied complexities.

Q7b If you have answered yes, how should this fee be calculated? If not, what are your reasons?

No comment

Q8 Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?

No comment.

Q9a Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposed of charging a fee?

No comment

Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why

No comment

Q10a Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?

No comment

Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why





No comment

Q11a Do you agree that applicants for renewable energy development should have a separate fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?

NFU Cymru would highlight that it is the aspiration of many farmers to produce their own energy. On-farm energy generation provides opportunities for farmers to reduce energy costs and diversify farm income and there is considerable and growing interest in utilising the full range of renewable technologies available. Farmers who embark on such projects, however, cite a number of barriers to scheme development and implementation, difficulties with planning being one.

We also stress the need for the development management service not to run counter to wider Welsh Government policy objectives. The Welsh Government's Climate Change Strategy for Wales published in October 2010, for example, has as a key target reducing greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) by 3% per year. The Strategy also states that it will seek to maximise renewable and low carbon energy at small and large scale across Wales and we would suggest that planning fees should not be seen as prohibitive to applications coming forward.

We note that renewable energy development is not included as a separate fee category in the Draft Fee Schedule of the consultation so it is difficult to comment definitively on proposals. It is our view that it should also be considered separately within the Regulatory Impact Assessment.

We would highlight that the systems, scales and impact of energy generation projects varies broadly and any changes to the planning application fee schedule should more adequately reflect this.

We would also take this opportunity to highlight the cumulative effect of a number of proposals across departments which combine to make renewable energy generation projects more challenging. The recent NRW Charge Payers Consultation which will see fees for hydro abstraction licences increase from £135 to £1500 being a case in point.

Q11b Do you agree that wind turbines should also have a separate system of fee calculation?

No comment

Q11c What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Those developments that require an EIA (usually wind farms that generate more than 5MW or comprise 5 or more turbines) are more complex and take more time to determine so may arguably command a higher fee.

Q12a Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?

In our view the fee should be shared, rather than an applicant having to pay more than once.

Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?

The split could be in the favour of the authority with the most significant building and or land.

Q13 Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 1?





We have considered the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment (RIA) and it is our view that Welsh Government should take no final decisions with respect to Planning Application Fees until this is completed in full. By this we mean that each Category of Development should be considered separately and that the impact of proposals on agriculture should be assessed independently of business as should the impact of the introduction of a new category for energy generation projects.

The Regulatory Impact Assessment should also consider the impact on rural/urban areas respectively. Our concern would be that proposals as they currently stand unduly impact on rural businesses and communities.

Q14 Comments on related issues?

Finally NFU Cymru would ask what assessment has been made of the cumulative effect of the increased charges on the number of applications brought forward. We would express concern that the revised charges will act as a barrier to development of agriculture and rural business. It is our view that increased charges will not, on their own, bring about the 'culture change' to the planning system needed within Local Planning Authorities.





Review of Planning Application Fees				
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015			
Name	James Byrne			
Organisation	Wildlife Trusts Wales			
Address	Baltic House, Mount Stuart Sq, Cardiff Bay, Cardiff, CF	10 5FH		
E-mail address	jbyrne@wtwales.org			
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority			
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups			
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)	\boxtimes		
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual			

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

Specialist advice on nature conservation and biodiversity, provided by the Council's Ecologist, is often critical to determining planning applications, as is information held by the Local Biological Records Centre (LRC). Therefore, we agree with the increase fees and hope that the increased resources will enable Councils to protect and enhance the ecological expertise within the Local Council (e.g. Council Ecologists, Council Landscape Architects), and use their LRC effectively.

Wales has a rich diversity of wildlife habitats and species which have an intrinsic value but also make Wales an attractive place to live and work and contribute to the quality of life of all residents. However, as highlighted by the State of Nature report in 2013, nature is vanishing at an alarming rate. The Welsh Government and Local Councils are legally responsible for ensuring potential impacts of planning decisions on biodiversity are fully considered, and PPW states that 'The planning system has an important part to play in meeting biodiversity objectives by promoting approaches to development which create new opportunities to enhance biodiversity, prevent biodiversity losses, or compensate for losses

where damage is unavoidable. Local planning authorities must address biodiversity issues, insofar as they relate to land use planning, development plans and development control decisions.'

There is current and forthcoming planning policy, guidance, legislation relating to biodiversity that Public Bodies have to adhere to. For example,

- EU legislation on protected sites, species, habitats, Water Framework Directive etc
- Environmental Impact Assessments
- Proposed EU 'No Net Loss' requirements (e.g. Biodiversity offsetting)
- Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (NERC)
- Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended),
- Environment Bill
- -Well Being and Future Generations Bill
- National Resource Management Plans, Area Statements
- Pollinator Action Plan
- Nature Recovery Plan
- Planning Policy Wales,
- Technical Advice Note 5

Therefore, in order to comply with policy and legislation, LPAs will need expert guidance from ecologists. This is especially important if they are to deliver front loaded system and deliver against the new design requirements (masterplans etc). The LPA ecologist role is vitally important to ensure that planning decisions contribute towards biodiversity recovery and meeting our European and International targets and obligations. Without this role in-house, planners may have to rely on advice from the third sector, which may not carry the same weight, and the third sector is unlikely to have the resources to meet the demand.

As NRW will also have a large role in advising developers and LPAs, we believe that there should also be a mechanism for them to charge fees to developers or LPAs to cover their costs for pre-application work and responses to planning applications. NRW will only be able to make 'substantive' responses if they are properly resources.

Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more appropriate change, if any?
Comr N/A	nents:

Q2a	Yes	No

	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?		Yes (subject to further comment)	
		Ш		
	nents: vorth having a clearer understanding of what i	s 'noor n	erformance' fro	om a
	Authority.	3 9 001 P	errormance in	om u
make only I eithe exper or pe informed consider - not order - requisite (stop	planning applications are submitted without to a decision. This is especially important for echave seasonal windows for surveying e.g. summer due to a lack of awareness of the detail requirtise on the applicants behalf or an attempt by recieved delay. Therefore, an applicant can be mation or undertake additional surveys. This at to be consulted on e.g. NRW and the Council I der the new information. Therefore we agree that more emphasis should be plaing system. We recommend that planning applicate that a determination can be made or uests for additional information are accompanitate clock) Therefore we agree that more emphasis should be plained by the system. We recommend that planning applicate that a determination can be made or uests for additional information are accompanitate clock) Therefore we agree that a refund should only be given that a refund should only be given that a refund should only be given that a judgement.	ological mer bat lired, a lived, a lived to distribute the approper of the app	surveys which is surveys. This is ack of ecological plicant to avoid a submit addition with the submit addition with the submit addition of the submit addition of the submit addition of the submit and the submit additional su	may s al cost onal vill also the PA in time
Q2b	If you do not agree, what other options are avail	able?		
Comr	nents:			
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Comr	ation reference: WG23067			
	nents:			
N/A				
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?	
	nents:			
N/A				
			Yes	
	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to	Yes	(subject to	No
Q4a	accompany the discharge of planning		further	
	conditions?		comment)	
		Ш		
Comr	1			
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Fees Ecolo	should be used to fund Planning Enforcement (gists who have the expertise to discharge cond			
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Fees Ecolo lands	should be used to fund Planning Enforcement of gists who have the expertise to discharge concape. If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	ditions r	elating to ecolo	gy and
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Fees Ecolo lands	should be used to fund Planning Enforcement of gists who have the expertise to discharge concape. If you do not agree, what do you think constitute nents:	s an app	elating to ecolo propriate amount a after which the	gy and
Q4b Comm	should be used to fund Planning Enforcement of gists who have the expertise to discharge concape. If you do not agree, what do you think constitute nents: Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re-	s an app	elating to ecolo propriate amount a after which the	gy and
Q4b Comm	should be used to fund Planning Enforcement of gists who have the expertise to discharge concape. If you do not agree, what do you think constitute nents: Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	s an app	elating to ecolo propriate amount a after which the	gy and

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067			
			_	
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Fees	nents: should be used to fund Planning Enforcement gists who have the expertise to discharge conc cape.			
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comr	nents:			
				,
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Fees	nents: should be calculated on a cost recovery basis t ding the Councils Ecologists input.	for all O	fficers involved	
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to	Yes	Yes	No

Consultation reference: WG23067 the LPA? (subject to further comment) Comments: N/A Do you agree that advertisements on Yes broadband cabinets in a specified area should Yes (subject to No be treated as a single site for the purposes of Q9a further charging a fee? comment) Comments: N/A Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No Q10a following approval of a reserved matters further application? comment) Comments: N/A

If you have answered no, please explain why.

Q10b

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Comm	ents:			
	Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q11a	fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Machinery?	100	further	110
			comment)	
Commo	ents:			
N/A				
	Do you agree that wind turbines should also	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q11b	have a separate system of fee calculation?		further comment)	
Commo				
	vindfarm applications require a significant in ists. Therefore, we believe that any fee shou			nis
input.	•			

Q11c

What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?

Comments:

We agree that fees relating to the area footprint of a wind turbine site do not reflect the work needed to determine these applications. Turbines often have potentially significant impacts on biodiversity and landscape, and applications are likely to require review by several officers and involve many consultees.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consultat	ion reference: WG23067			
Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	ents:			
Q12b	If you have answered yes, how should this ma	tter be a	ddressed?	
On a p	ents: roporational basis			
Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Commo	ents:			
Q14	We have asked a number of specific questions. which we have not specifically addressed, pleas			
Commo	ents:			

Consultation reference: WG23067
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees				
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015			
Name				
Organisation	Flintshire County Council			
Address	COUNTY HALL MOLD FLINTSHIRE CH7 6NF			
E-mail address	andrew.farrow@flintshire.gov.uk			
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants			
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority	\boxtimes		
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector			
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups			
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)			
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual			

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The increase in planning fees is welcomed and is long overdue. However, the rationale for proposing 15% is not clear when the consultation document acknowledges that the average cost recovery across Wales is 66%. The 15% would still result in Welsh fees being less than those in England (The multiplier per 75sq.m. of floorspsce and per 0.1 Ha of land area would be £380 as proposed in the consultation document as opposed to £385 in England). Even then, the increase does not take account of the Local Authority's application related costs, such as publicity expenses (press notices), which can significantly exceed the fee.

A higher fee increase would be welcomed, with the minimum being a split of the current difference between current and full cost recovery (which, based on the average would amount to 34%). It is believed that this would equate to an increase of 17%. (It is also understood that this is the approach used in Scotland).

Review	2 – Consultation Response Form of Planning Application Fees ation reference: WG23067			
Consult	ation reference. wG23067			
Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more approp	oriate ch	ange, if any?	
	nents: ee above			
Q2a	Do you agree that introducing a refund will improve LPA performance?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
The Fimproperson introduction of the Figure 1	Planning (Wales) Bill is currently introducing a ove LPA performance. Until these changes are d of time to bed in, it is unacceptable that implexed by the backdoor. There will clearly be sing fee so this could lead to more applications and determination targets set by WG. The performance but ment in time, with no thought to the quality of the to the development which would otherwise of the development which would otherwise of the design, benefitting from the professional inputing of planning committees, or is it about an action of whether the planning process is about an action of planning committees, or is it about an action of the planning committees.	commer proveme a reluct being re rely ens e decision ccur. It sustainal t of plan dministr	nced and given and sance to hand basefused to meet ure that decision or to any add again raises the ble development artion system when the development of the t	e ack the the ons will led ot and ot the hich
more applie	ems bizarre that para. 2.25 of the consultation information may be required to come to a decation but accepts as an option the determinate but having all material considerations available	cision or tion of t	n a planning	nat

3

Q2b	Q2b If you do not agree, what other options are available?					
It is no related added	ments: not considered that fees should be linked to pe ed indicators. If there was a robust quality indication of the planning application of the planning application of this might be an option but, sadly, no such	icator, p on proce	oicking up on thess and the inpu	e		
Q3a	Do you agree with the proposed time period of 16 and 24 weeks?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
goes devel lengt	Comments: If a Householder application (over 90% of which are determined within 8 weeks) goes over 24 weeks (or even 16 weeks) there are clearly issues with the development which require detailed scrutiny and negotiation to justify this length of time. We do not agree with linking a fee refund to arbitary determination targets.					
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?			
	nents: do not agree with the principle of the time re	elated re	efund.			
Q4a	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to accompany the discharge of planning conditions?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		

Welsh Government 4

comment)

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\sim	u			v		LO.

Subject to the points made in response to Question 1 about the lack of parity with England and the potential for a greater increase on those categories which already command a fee.

The reference in para. 3.7 to LPA's adding conditions to achieve greater revenue

challenge on appeal.				
Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	?
	nents:			
As ab	ove			
	De very garage with a very grand and time a period of the	10 als	ofton which the	£ 1-
Q5	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1 accompany a discharge of condition would be re			тее то
Ųΰ	accompany a discharge of condition would be re	Jiuriaca :		
Comr	nents:			
The i	ntroduction of fees should not be linked to pe	rforman	ce.	
			Ma a	
	Do you agree with the introduction of a	Yes	Yes (subject to	No
Q6	standardised fee to accompany a confirmation	163	further	INO
	that conditions have been discharged?		comment)	
Comr	nents:			
	recognises an increasingly onerous aspect of th			
service and reflects the fee charged in England (currently £97 and £28).				
	ee proposed (£83 and £25) is significantly che			
Certii	ficate of Lawfulness application which address	es the s	aine question.	

Q9a Do

you

agree

that

			,			
Q7a	Do you agree with proposals for the introduction of a set fee to accompany the drafting of a Section 106 planning obligation?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Comr	nente:					
Comments: Yes, provided that it is set at a level to cover all officer costs and time involved. It should also recognise that there are costs associated with the recipt of Unilateral Undertakings (which have to be checked before registering as a land charge). Any moves to standardise S.106 Obligations (most likely Unilateral Undertakings) to cover those aspects most commonly encountered (e.g. open space/play areas) would be welcomed.						
Presu	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons? ments: mably this would be a sliding scale correspond at a level to cover the costs of all officers involved.	ling to t				
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
Yes. T	nents: This recognises the fact that many enforcemer ling assessment but also the detailed and ofter tigation leading up to and including the appeal	lengthy		y the		

Welsh Government 6

Yes

on

No

advertisements

	ion reference. WG23007					
	broadband cabinets in a specified area should		Yes			
	be treated as a single site for the purposes of		(subject to			
	charging a fee?		further			
			comment)			
Comments: No. This issue of advertisements on broadband cabinets is only an issue at the present time due to the roll out of Superfast broadband. This is not a category that needs special consideration. Applications should be judged on the highway safety and visual impact at a particular location, suggesting that a single application for multiple locations cannot be properly assessed without looking at each element separately and therefore as separate applications.						
Q9b	If you have answered no please explain why					
Qap	If you have answered no, please explain why.					
See ab	Comments: See above. If this category of adverts is considered to warrant special attention it could be addressed through Deemed Consent under the Advertisement Regulations					
Q10a	Should the applicant be entitled to a free go following approval of a reserved matters application?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No		
reason	ents: ed matters applications often generate signif able to allow applicants a free go which coul entive to get the details right first time.					

	ion reference. WG25007			
Q10b	If you have answered no, please explain why.			
Comm	ents:			
See ab	ove			
	Do you agree that applications for renewable		Yes	
	energy development should have a separate	Voo		No
Q11a	fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and	Yes	(subject to	No
Wila	Machinery?		further	
			comment)	
Comm	ents:			
		pplication	ons such as sola	r
Agreed	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a			
Agreed farms	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a generate a significant fee they also generate	a consid	lerable workloa	d in
Agreed farms y relatio	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a generate a significant fee they also generate n to their scale and sensitivity. There would	a consic be a cor	lerable workloa ncern if the pro	d in
Agreed farms relatio led to	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a generate a significant fee they also generate n to their scale and sensitivity. There would a reduction in fees. Taken as a proportion or	a consic be a cor	lerable workloa ncern if the pro	d in
Agreed farms relatio led to	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a generate a significant fee they also generate n to their scale and sensitivity. There would	a consic be a cor	lerable workloa ncern if the pro	d in
Agreed farms relatio led to	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a generate a significant fee they also generate n to their scale and sensitivity. There would a reduction in fees. Taken as a proportion or	a consic be a cor	lerable workloa ncern if the pro	d in
Agreed farms relatio led to	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a generate a significant fee they also generate n to their scale and sensitivity. There would a reduction in fees. Taken as a proportion or	a consic be a cor	lerable workloa ncern if the pro	d in
Agreed farms relatio led to	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a generate a significant fee they also generate n to their scale and sensitivity. There would a reduction in fees. Taken as a proportion or	a consic be a cor	lerable workloa ncern if the pro	d in
Agreed farms relatio led to	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a generate a significant fee they also generate n to their scale and sensitivity. There would a reduction in fees. Taken as a proportion or	a consic be a cor	lerable workloa ncern if the pro	d in
Agreed farms relatio led to	I in principle but whereas ground intensive a generate a significant fee they also generate n to their scale and sensitivity. There would a reduction in fees. Taken as a proportion or	a consic be a cor	lerable workloa ncern if the pro	d in

No

Comments:

Agreed. Small scale energy generation applications often give rise to much representation and can generate a significant amount of work for the LPA which is not reflected in the fee paid.

context of two different countries.

Consultation reference: WG23067

Q11c	What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is calculating the fee for wind turbines?
	ents: Insidered that the combination of factors should be taken into account calculating the fee for wind turbines.

Q12a	Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary planning applications should be addressed, with all constituent LPAs receiving fee income?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
	income.			
Comm	ents:			
stradd	f. This is particularly pertinent in Flintshire vertines the national border, the constituent partent planning regimes. The separate procedure	s of whi	ch are the subj	

Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?

Government legislation are cumbersome and impractical, certainly in the

Comments:

Separate applications to the LPA's which cover the relevant parts of the development. There should clearly be a requirement to consult other involved LPA's but it would be difficult to see how compatible permissions could be required beyond this being a matter of common sense.

Q13	Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form

Review of Planning Application Fees
Consultation reference: WG23067
Comments:
We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues
which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them:
Comments:
I do not want my name/or address published with my response (please tick)
How to Respond
Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:
Email

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation Development Management Branch Planning Division Welsh Assembly Government Cathays Park Cardiff **CF10 3 NQ**

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430

Review of Planning Application Fees						
Dat	Date of consultation period: 06/10/2014 - 16/01/2015					
Name	Shea Jones					
Organisation	Community Husing Cymru Group					
Address	2, Ocean Way, Cardiff CF24 5TG					
E-mail address	shea-jones@chcymru.org.uk					
Type (please select	Businesses/ Consultants					
one from the following)	Local Planning Authority					
	Government Agency/Other Public Sector					
	Professional Bodies/Interest Groups					
	Voluntary sector (community groups, volunteers, self help groups, co-operatives, social enterprises, religious, and not for profit organisations)					
	Other (other groups not listed above) or individual					

Q1a	Do you agree with the proposed 15% increase in fees?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Comments:

The extra funding gained for any fee increase must be used directly to support local planning authority departments to ensure that they maintain/improve the level of service offered.

Most local authorities have lost many experienced officers as a result of early retirement, or taking up posts with the Welsh Government without replacement and this impacts on the performance of the planning department and the Council as a whole.

The planning application fee is aimed to support the service of delivering the planning function and there should be controls in place to ensure that such income fees are earmarked for planning services rather than being directed to a central pool of funds.

While ideally an increase in planning fees to the extent of 15% should enhance the service and delivery of planning, it is important that at the very least there are measures introduced to ensure that the level of service is maintained.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consult	ation reference: WG23067			
Q1b	If not, what do you consider to be a more approp	oriate ch	ange, if any?	
Comr	nents:			
00-	Do you agree that introducing a refund will	Yes	Yes (subject to further	No
Q2a	improve LPA performance?		comment)	
Q2a	, ,		_	
Comr	, ,	valid rea	comment)	
Comr Delay The t	improve LPA performance? nents:		comment)	on,
Comr Delay The t proba	improve LPA performance? nents: rs in application determination may be due to whereat of a refund may force LPAs to make decidents.	isions in ore weel	comment) asons. a quicker fashi as to work with	an
Comr Delay The t proba CHC of LPA t and of Notw appea applie	improve LPA performance? ments: It is in application determination may be due to the second and the second an	isions in ore weel ing to go d before and exp LPA reso	comment) asons. a quicker fashi as to work with b through the time e issuing a refunerience to deal burces and servi	an me nd does with
Comr Delay The t proba CHC of LPA t and of Notw appea applie	improve LPA performance? ments: rs in application determination may be due to wheat of a refund may force LPAs to make decidably refusal. considers that it may be worth taking a few more potentially gain an approval rather then have cost of an appeal. ithstanding the above, the timescales proposed ar to be reasonable if an LPA has the capacity acations in the first instance. Safeguarding the least of the same cost of the same capacity acations in the first instance.	isions in ore weel ing to go d before and exp LPA reso	comment) asons. a quicker fashi as to work with b through the time e issuing a refunerience to deal burces and servi	an me nd does with
Comr Delay The t proba CHC of LPA t and of Notw appea applie	improve LPA performance? ments: rs in application determination may be due to wheat of a refund may force LPAs to make decidably refusal. considers that it may be worth taking a few more potentially gain an approval rather then have cost of an appeal. ithstanding the above, the timescales proposed ar to be reasonable if an LPA has the capacity acations in the first instance. Safeguarding the least of the same cost of the same capacity acations in the first instance.	isions in ore week ing to go d before and exp LPA reso er to Q1	comment) asons. a quicker fashi as to work with b through the time e issuing a refunerience to deal burces and servi	an me nd does with

Comments:

Consideration could be given to rewarding Councils who perform well based on some standard easy to collect targets.

Annex 2 – Consultation Response Form Review of Planning Application Fees

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067					
			_			
			Yes			
	Do you agree with the proposed time period of	Yes	(subject to	No		
Q3a	16 and 24 weeks?		further			
			comment)			
	nents:		_	_		
	ime period proposed appears reasonable and i					
	opriate that a mutual agreement for an extensing between the applicant and LPA prior to force			reea in		
WIICII	ig between the applicant and LFA prior to force	ilig a le	iuliu.			
Q3b	If you do not agree, what do you consider to be	an appro	priate time?			
0						
Comr	nents:					
			Yes			
	Do you agree with the proposed fee levels to	Yes	(subject to	No		
Q4a	accompany the discharge of planning		further			
	conditions?		comment)			
	nents:					
If a fee is payable, again LPAs need to commit an appropriate level of resources						
in dea	aling with the discharge of conditions.					
The n	process seems to have worked in England and s	o there	should be no re	eason		
why this cannot occur in Wales.						

Q4b	If you do not agree, what do you think constitute	s an app	propriate amount	:?
Comr	nents:			
	Do you agree with our proposed time period of 1	16 weeks	s after which the	fee to
Q5	accompany a discharge of condition would be re			
Yes b mutu	ments: out as with the planning application, it is considerated all agreement for an extension of time could be pplicant and LPA prior to forcing a refund.	•		
Q6	Do you agree with the introduction of a standardised fee to accompany a confirmation that conditions have been discharged?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
In any informal information in	ments: y event this information should be placed on Common the public. not considered appropriate for the applicant to mation should be provided as part of the plannedy paid for.	have to	pay this fee as	this

	Do you	agree	with	proposals	for	the			
Q7a				e to accom			Yes		No
	drafting of	a Section	n 106	planning obl	igatio	n?		(subject to	

Consulta	ation reference: WG23067			
			further	
			comment)	
LPAs betwo	nents: already set a fee for administration costs. The een LPAs. uld be reasonable to set a standard range of fe e agreement.			exity
Q7b	If you have answered yes, how should this fee by your reasons?	e calcula	ated? If not, wha	t are
Comn	nents:			
the st	accept that fees should be based on the number tandard document and then a flat rate per sch ees should be considered on the basis of whet	edule up	o to a maximum	
	oper's solicitor does the drafting.	nei the	LI A OI GIE	
Q8	Do you agree that the fee to accompany a ground (a) appeal should only be payable to the LPA?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No
Comp	nents:			
	nents: o mment			
.,5 co				
Q9a	Do you agree that advertisements on broadband cabinets in a specified area should be treated as a single site for the purposes of charging a fee?	Yes	Yes (subject to further comment)	No

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: No comment Q9b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Yes Should the applicant be entitled to a free go Yes (subject to No following approval of a reserved matters Q10a further application? comment) \square Comments: If changes are required to a reserved matters scheme, often these do not become apparent within the free go period 12 months. However, as a fee would have been payable for the outline permission and the initial reserved matters submission, then it is considered reasonable and appropriate that the free go remains for a new reserved matters submission within 12 months. Q10b If you have answered no, please explain why. Comments: Do you agree that applications for renewable energy development should have a separate Yes Q11a fee schedule to Section 5, Plant and Yes (subject to No Machinery? further comment)

Consultation reference: WG23067 Comments: No comment Yes Yes (subject to No Do you agree that wind turbines should also Q11b further have a separate system of fee calculation? comment) Comments: No comment What factors, or combination of factors, should be taken into account when is Q11c calculating the fee for wind turbines? Comments: No comment Yes Do you agree that fees for cross-boundary (subject to No Yes planning applications should be addressed, Q12a further with all constituent LPAs receiving fee comment) income? \boxtimes Comments:

Q12b	Q12b If you have answered yes, how should this matter be addressed?							
Comments: The fee should be apportioned depending on the amount of work carried out by each authortiy, with the authorities themselves determining the proportion rather than the applicant.								
Do you have any comments to make about the draft partial Regulatory Impact Assessment at Annex 2? Yes (subject to further comment)								
Comments:								
We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not specifically addressed, please use this space to report them: Comments: The main concern is that an increase in planning fees should benefit the applicant in terms of the level of service received, and the time taken to determine applications. In this context additional revenue raised should be retained by Planning Departments in order that they can improve the service.								

How to Respond

Please submit your comments in any of the following ways:

Email

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk

[Please include 'Planning Fees Consultation – WG23067" in the subject line]

Post

Please complete the consultation form and send it to:

Planning Fees Consultation
Development Management Branch
Planning Division
Welsh Assembly Government
Cathays Park
Cardiff
CF10 3 NQ

Additional information

If you have any queries on this consultation, please

email: planconsultations-b@wales.gsi.gov.uk or

telephone: Owen Struthers on 029 2082 6430